



# TUCKERTON BEACON

## Judge Disposes Of Part Of Parkertown War Cases

Several Sentenced for Illegal Sale of Liquor. Lamb Trial laid Over and Several Sentences Deferred.

Judge W. Howard Jeffrey, in pronouncing sentences in the West Creek Parkertown oyster and clam war cases in court at Toms River yesterday afternoon, referred to it as the "reign of terror." He also stated that several of the men who had allowed themselves to get entangled in the trouble were victims of several leaders who controlled their actions.

Judge Jeffrey further said that years ago, if instead of lawlessness, these men had taken advantage of their opportunities and cultivated oysters as some had done, they would have been better off, but instead they had preferred to "bust the law" and had resorted to arson, malicious mischief, wholesale larceny and receiving of stolen goods, and that the feud now existing must be broken up or some one would suffer.

Several cases were disposed of as follows: Mason Price, aged 16, who pleaded non vult, to taking batteries from Mark Brown's boat was held under a suspended sentence.

Fithians Go Free William Fithian and his wife Pauline Fithian, who pleaded guilty to running a disorderly house at West Creek, larceny, illegal sale of liquor and receiving stolen goods had their sentence suspended. Because of their assistance to the state in giving evidence in several cases, they were given another chance.

Orville Fithian, who pleaded guilty of pulling Mark Bryon's potato vines, was given another chance and was released, it being the opinion of the court that he was the victim of a stronger mind.

Joseph Johnson, of West Creek, guilty of stealing clams from Napoleon Kelly, was fined \$75.00 to be paid \$5.00 monthly and must pay Mr. Kelly for the clams. Prison sentence was suspended.

John Cobb, of West Creek, had his sentence suspended on a charge of larceny.

Eldon Hankens, of West Creek, who entered a plea of guilty of stealing clams from Napoleon Kelly, was fined \$150, payable \$5.00 per month and

must pay \$70 for the clams stolen. The sentences of Richard Cranmer, Fred Cummings, William Reeves and J. Cook Parker of Parkertown, were deferred until March 16.

The trial of Richard Lamb and Walter Garrett of Beach Haven on the charge of illegal sale of liquor was postponed until March 15.

Full particulars of the disposition of several liquor cases will be printed

### INTERESTING MEETING OF HUNTERS

The meeting held in the town hall at Lakewood recently was attended by over one hundred gunners, members of the New Jersey Game Conservation League, Senator Stevens, of Monmouth and Senator Hagaman, of Ocean, the latter having called the meeting to feel out the sentiment in Ocean county.

It was the sentiment of the meeting that the only change of the deer law should be the shortening of the season from ten to five.

The fox bill introduced by Senator Hagaman was not satisfactory as presented. Ocean's senator was instructed to make changes in the bill which he did this week. The bill is now ready for third reading and final passage.

A vote was taken on the gunners license increase, more being registered as opposed than for the bill, in the Beacon next week.

### BIG SHIPMENT OF OYSTERS

With heavy shipments of oysters throughout the season, Crisfield, on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, established a new record recently when express and freight trains from that city carried eighteen carloads of shucked oysters to various sections of the country. Transportation officials estimate that the day's shipments totalled in the neighborhood of 60,000 gallons, at an average selling price of \$2.25 per gallon, which would amount to \$135,000 in round figures. It is estimated that it took 80,000 bushels of shell oysters to shuck the shipment, which cost the packers in the neighborhood of \$90,000. Shuckers received, it is estimated, \$20,000, for opening the day's shipment.

### BIG REVIVAL ON AT M. E. CHURCH

Success is crowning the efforts of pastor and people at the M. E. Church in the series of revival meetings. There have been over thirty conversions during the past week.

Unusual interest is manifested in the meetings and big congregations are in attendance each night. Rev. Daniel Johnson is his own evangelist and his brief talks are straight from the shoulder and wonderfully applied to 20th century conditions. His talks on the two ways—the broad path, so easy to go with the crowd and the narrow way, where we enter one by one and travel on the road which leads to life eternal and Tuesday night the talk on Memory or "Son, Remember," were most convincing. Showing us by Scriptural references that we shall not forget in that great day of Judgment, even if our memory is poor here, and that the only way to forget the things we would like to in our past lives, was to have them blotted out through Jesus' blood, which he has promised will wash away our sins and be cast behind him to be remembered no more and we cannot remember what God has forgotten. They with all the rest of his talks are very convincing and effective. There is spirited singing lead by from 30 to 40 voices from both choirs.

There is nothing new at these meetings—just the plain story of Christ and his love for his children and it's the old time religion that has the solid foundation for true Christianity after all.

Come, see for yourself and enjoy an evening at the M. E. Church. Everybody is welcome.

### NEW CORPORATION ON LONG BEACH

WATER COMPANY WILL INSTALL EQUIPMENT IN GROWING SECTION AT BEACH ARRLINGTON AND SHIP BOTTOM.

Beach Arlington, one of the growing sections of Long Beach is to have a modern water system. A circular has been issued by Cummings Bros., promoters of this resort and gives the following information.

The Corporation The Beach Arlington Water Company is incorporated under the State laws of New Jersey, January 18th, 1921. The authorized capital stock is \$25,000.

Location The Company has purchased a large site on South Seventeenth street at Beach Arlington, Ocean county, N. J., where its power plant will be built. This resort is the nearest on a direct line to Philadelphia and on Long Beach Island, which is 21 miles long between the ocean and Barnegat Bay. This bay is from two to six miles wide.

The Object The purpose of the Company is to supply pure Artesian Well Water to the inhabitants of Beach Arlington Ship Bottom and vicinity for domestic purposes and fire protection. It is believed that water of the every purest and best quality can be reached at a depth of a few hundred feet, as has been proven by wells now in use at various places on this island.

Possibilities The possibilities that confront the Beach Arlington Water Company are the very brightest, as the improvements and developments that have taken place at Beach Arlington and Ship Bottom have been most phenomenal, and we cannot look forward to further growth at Beach Arlington until we have a water works with pipes laid in each street. Many houses have been built at Beach Arlington and Ship Bottom, and there are quite a number of these in the course of construction. All of these must be supplied with water and the demand gives promise of very large and profitable results.

An Opportunity The Beach Arlington Water Works offer unusual opportunity to those desiring first class investments to secure a limited amount of this stock. A large block of it has already been subscribed for, and the balance will be quickly taken. As stock of an up-to-date artesian water works is very desirable on account of the small cost of operation, quick returns on investments are sure to follow. It is proposed to have this plant in operation early this summer.

Terms The stock is sold at \$10.00 per share par value and is non-assessable. Subscribers to five shares or more may have until July 1st, 1921, to pay in full on equal monthly payments; then a full paid certificate of stock will be issued by the Company.

Anyone having the interest of Beach Arlington at heart should subscribe to as many shares as they can afford to carry.

Easy payment plan is 20 per cent. down and 20 per cent per month.

OFFICERS Wm. J. Neely, President; Geo. S. Cummings, Treasurer; A. T. Vetter, Secretary.

John F. Harned, 424 Market st., Camden, N. J. is Solicitor.

The depository for funds is the Beach Haven National Bank.

Cummings Brothers have been successful in the development of several seashore resorts and are now enthusiastic for the future of Long Beach and Beach Arlington.

### COUNTY MEMBERSHIP CAMPAIGN

The canvass for membership in the County Board of Agriculture and State and National Federation of Farm Bureaus gave a membership of 228. There were very few absolute refusals. When the clean up work is finished Ocean County will undoubtedly have a membership of over 300.

Any one wishing to join may get application blanks from the Secretary of the County Board of Agriculture at the Office of Farm Demonstration, Toms River.

This membership given in Ocean County represents fully 50 per cent. of all bona fide farmers, and there has been less than 5 per cent of refusals to join.

Dickens' Versatility. The works of Charles Dickens contain 1,425 different characters.

## LOCAL NEWS

Often when a man says he's misunderstood, it means he's been found out.

Rev. F. M. Dowlin has been confined to his home for over a week on account of illness.

Mrs. Marie Ruter was a Monday visitor in West Creek.

Mrs. Ollie Giberson spent Wednesday with her mother, Mrs. A. B. Salmons in Staffordville.

Miss Leah Bishop spent the week end in Camden, where she is receiving medical treatment.

James Bishop of Philadelphia was a week end guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Bishop, Sr.

J. W. Horner was a Philadelphia visitor on Monday.

The Revival meetings at the M. E. Church are teeming with interest and, in spite of the snow and blustery weather, large audiences were present and many souls are being won, including the flower of Tuckerton's young manhood and womanhood.

The month of March this year will have St. Patrick's Day, Palm Sunday, Good Friday, Easter Sunday, not to mention Harding's inauguration.

The story comes down from Lakehurst that they are gradually laying off men on the big government jobs there, and also cutting wages in some instances.

Thomas Teasdale of Keyport, N. J., is visiting his brother, Edyard Teasdale.

The man who owns his home is in a position that the renter can never reach. The renter usually finds that his rent is too high, or he is dissatisfied for some reason, and is restless.

There is no institution so helpful to a community as the Sunday School. Here is where the children learn how to be good, respected, honest Christian citizens. Send your children next Sunday. Have you noticed how the daily papers, especially the Philadelphia North American are giving front page space, sometimes as much as two columns to the work of promoting Sunday School work in a mighty effort to overcome the Bolsheviki tendency, which is threatening this country. Get the habit of attending Sunday School yourself and bringing others with you.

(Continued on last page)

and discontentment stalks before him. He wants to move. He does not take the same interest in municipal affairs, in his own affairs, nor is he as solicitous of his neighbors, as the man who owns his home.

Mrs. Walter C. Paul of Manahawkin, was a Tuesday visitor with her sister, Mrs. Archie Pharo.

The regular monthly meeting of the Tuckerton Chamber of Commerce will be held in Red Men's Hall, Friday evening, February 25th, at 8 o'clock. There will be important business. Refreshments will be served.

The Women's Civic Club has been invited to attend and all members are requested to be present.

Granville M. Price, Secretary.

Jos. H. McConomy is making regular trips to Trenton, serving on the Grand Jury.

You can get a full course dinner at the Town Hall tonight for \$1.00 and at the same time help the Sunshin Society. Children's tickets 50 cents. A good dinner at a reasonable price. Come out and enjoy it. Don't forget the hour—5-8.00.

Mrs. W. H. Kelley and daughter, Mrs. LeRoy S. Parker, were Philadelphia visitors this week, Mrs. Parker returning to her home in Trenton from there.

There is no institution so helpful to a community as the Sunday School. Here is where the children learn how to be good, respected, honest Christian citizens. Send your children next Sunday. Have you noticed how the daily papers, especially the Philadelphia North American are giving front page space, sometimes as much as two columns to the work of promoting Sunday School work in a mighty effort to overcome the Bolsheviki tendency, which is threatening this country. Get the habit of attending Sunday School yourself and bringing others with you.

(Continued on last page)

## Weddings

### FORMER TUCKERTON BOY MARRIES

Mr. Louis S. Zacks, of Lakewood, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Zacks of Philadelphia, formerly of this place, was married to Miss Sophia Wolfe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Wolfe, of Philadelphia, on Sunday evening in the New Arcadia Hall in Philadelphia.

A dinner followed the ceremony after which Mr. and Mrs. Zacks left for a brief wedding trip to Washington, D. C. Upon their return they will reside in Lakewood. Mr. Zacks attended the local schools previous to his going to France with the 76th field artillery where he remained for eighteen months. Upon receiving his discharge he secured a position as pay roll clerk at the Naval Air station in Lakehurst, where he is still located. Mr. and Mrs. Zacks have the best wishes of Tuckerton folks for a happy wedded life. Mr. Zacks is the grandson of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gerber on West Main street.

TEACHING SCHOOL CHILDREN BETTER HEALTH HABITS

An effort to teach children better health habits is actively under way in all the schools of Ocean County. The plan of the modern health crusade, as it is called, has been arranged by the National Anti-Tuberculosis Association and is being used in schools throughout the country. In Ocean county it is used with pupils in all the schools in grades III-VIII. The purpose is to encourage children to engage in valuable health chores and to continue practicing them long enough to make them habits.

Interest is maintained by awarding them the titles of page, squire knight, etc. These titles are given for various degrees of accomplishments and a very simple system is used in awarding the titles.

BOOSTING THE LICENSE FEES

The House, by a vote of 44 to 3, passed the Tattersall bill increasing the fishing license fee for residents of the State from \$1 to \$1.50 a year, and for non-residents from \$2 to \$3. In view of the fact that Governor Edwards, in his budget message, showed that the Fish and Game Commission had in its hands about \$60,000 at the close of the last fiscal year, June 30, there seems to be no need of imposing even this small additional burden upon the sportsmen.

If the licensees are willing to pay it, there is no reason why either the Legislature or the general public should object, but the receipts should be spent in improving fishing conditions—there is not much chance of improving the gunning in a thickly settled manufacturing state like New Jersey—and the money should not be hoarded for the purpose of further increasing that already large balance in the bank at two per cent interest.

DIDN'T ANSWER SUMMONS, NOW IN JAIL FOR KILLING GEESE

Mark Brown of Parkertown, because he failed to answer a summons to appear on a complaint for shooting geese after the season closed under the federal law, was sent to the county jail on Monday last by Judge Bodine of the U. S. Courts, and also fined \$200. Reuben Corliss of Manahawkin, also charged by the federal game wardens with breaking the migratory bird law, got off with a fine of \$20.

Judge Bodine wanted to know why Brown did not answer the summons to appear in court and answer the complaint. Brown said he didn't think from what he had seen and heard that the federal government had intended to enforce the law. The Judge didn't seem impressed by this answer, and gave Brown the jail sentence and fine. The papers were first made out to send Brown to Mays Landing and then changed to Toms River jail. The charges were preferred by Game Warden Phineas Hilliard. A deputy U. S. Marshal took Brown to Toms River Monday night. Brown is the man who had his potato crop ruined last fall when some of his neighbors pulled the tops off the vines.

## REO

Speed Wagons and Pleasure Cars

### THE CARLTON GARAGE

Kumpf Brothers, Props.

## Ocean County Agency

## A NATIONAL BANK

With a Savings Department under GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION insures STRENGTH AND SECURITY

### 3 per cent. INTEREST

OPEN AN ACCOUNT FOR THE CHILDREN

## BEACH HAVEN NATIONAL BANK

BEACH HAVEN, NEW JERSEY

## A Very Popular Name

PERHAPS IT WILL surprise you to know that more than half of ALL the national banks of the whole nation are "First National Banks."

There's a reason for this.

The name "First National" tells an interesting story. When you see a bank of that name you know a good many things about it without asking any questions.

You know that it is the oldest national bank in the place. You know that it is organized, supervised and managed according to the national banking laws. And you know that it has plenty of capital and surplus and that its officers and stockholders are reliable men.

And you know too, that these banks are always members of the great Federal Reserve System which has done so much to make banks safer and stronger than ever before.

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Member Federal Reserve System

### BARNEGAT, N. J.

## FIRST CLASS MOTION PICTURES AT PALACE THEATRE

PROGRAM

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 24th

### GLADYS BROCKWELL supported by a Fox cast in "The Rose of Nome"

MUTT AND JEFF CARTOON

ADMISSION 11c and 22c

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26th

### ROBERT WARWICK in a Paramount-Art-craft production "The City of Masks"

MACK SENNETT COMEDY

ADMISSION 11c and 22c

TUESDAY, MARCH 1st

### OLIVE THOMAS and a popular cast in the Selznick production "Darling Mine"

SELZNICK NEWS

ADMISSION 11c and 22c

Thurs., March 3rd—WILLIAM FARNUM in "Joyous Troublemakers"

Sat., March 5th—DOUGLAS MAC LEAN and DORIS MAY in "Let's Be Fashionable."

SHOWS START AT 8 O'CLOCK

## W. C. JONES, MANAGER

## AT OUR TWO STORES YOU WILL FIND A NICE STOCK OF

Crockery, Hand Painted China, Glassware, Games, Music Rolls, Victrola Records, Pyrex Oven Ware, Community Silver, Ladies Wrist Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, Cut Glass, Perfumes, Toilet Articles, Stationery, Confectionery, Kodaks, Cameras, Films, Post Cards, Dennison's Paper Goods, Dinner Sets.

## W. C. JONES, Tuckerton, N. J.

## To The Public

Advertising is the art of bringing to the attention of a prospective buyer in a convincing manner, the things which one has to sell.

The best advertisement tells nothing but the truth, in simple, attractive words.

The merchant advertises his wares.

The mechanic his skill as an artisan.

And monied institutions their service and security—which they offer to their patrons in helping them to safeguard their treasure.

We point with just pride to thirty-two years of honest service during which time we have earnestly striven to deserve the confidence of the community and our customers and the result of which effort has been amply demonstrated by our present success.

We can truthfully state that our great desire is not only to uphold the standard which we have raised during these long years, but lift it higher and to render any possible service to others, consistent with safety and justice to ourselves.

Your patronage is respectfully solicited.

## THE TUCKERTON BANK

TUCKERTON, - NEW JERSEY

## While You Are Thinking Of The Heat Question

### Novelty Pipeless Furnaces

Simplified Heating for the Home at a Moderate Cost.

## Beach Haven Plumbing Co.

Beach Haven, N. J.

# Red Rose Wins at Last in Tennessee



SENATOR BOB TAYLOR



GOV. ALF TAYLOR



**A**L FRED ALEXANDER TAYLOR was inaugurated governor of Tennessee the other day at Nashville. He's a Republican—maybe you'll remember that the Republicans broke the Solid South at the November election. However, that's another story. This one is about the War of the Roses—at last the Red Rose wins in Tennessee.

Tennessee's War of the Roses began a century ago. Its beginning brings back a dramatic scene away back in 1886. Picture a four-poster mahogany bed with a colonial console table on either side. On one table is a vase of blood-red roses; on the other a vase of roses of snowy white. In the bed is a stately old lady. On either side is a kneeling man, each in the prime of life. The lady takes a red rose from its vase and pins it on the lapel of one of the kneeling men. On the other kneeling man she pins a white rose, and then she makes the two men on their knees swear to her that there shall be no strife between them.

The woman was Mrs. Nathaniel G. Taylor, wife of a Republican congressman from Tennessee during the Civil war. The red rose man was Alfred Alexander Taylor, her son. The white rose man was Robert Love Taylor, her son.

Really, you know, the campaign which thereupon became known as the War of the Roses had been on for some little time. Rob and Alf were running against each other for governor, the former on the Democratic ticket and the latter on the Republican. Tennessee in those days was dyed-in-the-wool Democratic. There was little chance for Alf. His mother advised him not to accept the nomination against his brother, fearing bad blood between the two. When he disregarded her advice she took to her bed. The brothers, hearing of her "illness" dropped their electioneering and hastened to her bedside. After she had pledged them to "no strife" she got up.

Alfred and Bob went back to their campaigning—and kept their promises to their mother. The brothers made the most stinging partisan speeches on the platform, and attacked each other with every sort of jibe and ridicule, both being ready at repartee, but out of the public eye they were always affectionate, devoted comrades, laughing at the wordy tirades in which they had just indulged.

The War of the Roses was one of the unique political battles of the nation. Way back in 1886 there was not even a thought of woman's suffrage in Tennessee, for the women were as bitterly partisan as the men. The women at social gatherings and sewing circles sat making cloth and paper roses, white and red ones, arguing with vehemence about the comparative merits of the two candidates. Tall white candles were set in Democratic windows and red tissue paper shades were made for Republican candles, while nightly torch parades and rallies were held in the streets. If the parades passed an illumined house

they would go in and demand that the politics be declared by the candles. Alf's mother was right. Alf didn't have a chance as a Republican in Tennessee. The White Rose triumphed. Bob was elected. What's more, Bob was elected three times governor of his state (1887-91 and 1897-99). Later he was elected to the United States senate (1907-13); he died in office in 1912. Bob married young. His first wife was Miss Sarah L. Baird, niece of Senator Zeb Vance of North Carolina, and to them were born five children. His second wife was his cousin, Miss Mamie Love St. John, who survives him and is now living in Washington, D. C.

The Red Rose, however, did not always go down to defeat. Alf Taylor represented his district twice in congress—the Fifty-first and the Fifty-third congresses. It is related of him that when he went to Washington he took along two or three fine cows and a lot of corn meal; he wasn't going to be deprived of his favorite evening dish—cornmeal mush and cream.

Alf also married young. At twenty he married Miss Jennie Anderson, daughter of a neighboring farmer, and to her was born seven sturdy sons. After his second term in congress Governor Taylor went back to his Happy Valley farm on the banks of the Watauga, where he raised watermelons, wrote poetry and studied philosophy. He's now seventy-two, keen-brained and vigorous.

Mrs. Taylor, mother of Alf and Bob was the worthy mother of two such sons. She was Emma Haynes, sister of Landon Carter Haynes, a member of Jefferson Davis' cabinet, and an orator of note. She was a tall woman of striking appearance, and in her latter years made one think of Sara Bernhardt. After the Civil war it became necessary to secure from the federal government a pardon for Haynes, who had been active in the affairs of the Confederacy. Mrs. Taylor undertook the task of getting her brother pardoned, going all the way from east Tennessee to Washington by stage with six of her small children. Many times during her declining years she would rehearse this scene for the delectation of her adoring grandchildren and great-nieces.

"Brothers, welcome! welcome to my home! I'm for free salvation, free navigation, and, by Moses, I'm a h—l shunner!" And he would tell them so many funny stories they would forget to steal his sheep.

Alf's victory in the election for governor was clean cut. He got a vote of 220,143 against 185,800 for his Democratic opponent, Gov. A. H. Roberts. In the same election Harding's plurality over Cox was 13,271. So, as the election experts say, Alf ran about 30,000 ahead of his ticket.

**Mental Depression Common.**  
Comparatively few persons, if the feeble minded and a large number of the insane are excepted, are entirely free from the tendency to bouts of more or less mental depression. The more intellectual portion of mankind is indeed more prone to this kind of mental malaise, or spiritual equivalent of sea sickness, than the less "brainless" majority.

**Beware of Trifling.**  
Character that has once descended to trifling is hard to raise to honorable

hatchets and other instruments. Bones of early inhabitants were also found. Their position indicated they had been buried facing toward the east. Prof. Rafael Altamira of Oxford university has expressed the belief that the spot marks the site of a village which stood at the border of a lake that also disappeared.—Brooklyn Eagle.

**BUTTERFLY JAZZ?**  
Upon meeting one of their own species, the tiger swallowtail butterflies will execute a kind of aerial waltz as they fly above, below, and around each other in their play on the wing, says the American Forestry Magazine of Washington, D. C. Coming out into the open fields, their flight leads them here and there in varied course, as they visit the flower tops of thistles, golden-rod, and other attractive plants. Growing thirsty, down they come to some low, flat bank of a sluggish stream, attracted by the presence of others of their kind, and sip away to their hearts' content, pausing only now and then for a brief frolic in the sunlight with some other big, black and yellow vagabond of their own sort with no more in its bit of a brain to worry it.

**Music.**  
We cannot imagine a complete education of man without music.—Jean Paul Richter.

## BURIED FACING EAST

Important discoveries of neolithic arms, urns and utensils have been reported from Jumilla, near Valencia, where a storehouse of prehistoric remains was found late last year, according to a dispatch from Madrid. Further investigations, conducted under the auspices of the Academy of History, proved that the discovery was of a far-reaching nature, comprising stone knives, admirably ornamented

**ABSTRACT.**  
The meaning of the noun abstract, in its most common use is that which embraces or embodies the essential parts or features of some larger object or whole; a summary or epitome, of a book or document. The term of law, an abstract of title, means a document containing a brief and orderly statement of the original grant and subsequent conveyances and encumbrances relating to the title and ownership of real estate.

## ESSENTIAL THAT CROPS FIT SOIL

Red Clover and Timothy Should Not Be Depended On Entirely for Maximum Crops.

### REDTOP FAVORS MOIST GROUND

No Perennial Hay Plants Will Produce Well on Poor, Sandy Soil—Most Grass Seeds Are Small and Require Good Seedbed.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

While timothy and red clover undoubtedly are the best hay crops on good soils in the northeastern quarter of the United States, they should by no means be depended on to produce maximum yields of soils. Other hay crops are better suited and are more dependable in some cases and under particular soil conditions. Alsike clover, for example, is better adapted to sour and moist soils than common red clover, and the two mixed together and seeded on some uplands often insures a crop where the latter seeded alone would fail. Redtop is the best wet-land grass and on such land a mixture of red-top meadow fescue, and alsike clover usually gives good returns. While no hay grasses can be depended upon to make a commercial crop on poor land, redtop, orchard grass, and tall oats-grass are better than any others. These are facts discussed in detail in Farmers' Bulletin No. 1170, Meadows for the Northern States, just issued and ready for distribution by the United States Department of Agriculture.

**Has Bulk of Tame Hay Acreage.**  
In that section of the United States, north of and including Tennessee, and east of central Nebraska, Kansas and the Dakotas, it would be 83 per cent of the tame hay acreage of the nation. Eighty-eight per cent of this acreage is seeded to timothy and clover. While these two plants undoubtedly will continue to hold the popularity they now possess, there are a number of other plants which, though not so well known, are more desirable for particular purposes and for certain conditions of soil and climate. The latter are given special attention in the bulletin.



Field of Bur Clover.

There is little difference of opinion as to the plants to be seeded on rich well-drained land. Timothy is seeded alone if the hay is to be sold on the market, and timothy and clover, often mixed with redtop, where part or all of the hay is utilized on the farm. Some of the advantages of these plants are that they have good seed habits, especially timothy and redtop. Red clover is a deep-rooted legume, and has a beneficial effect on succeeding crops.

Timothy is considered by feeders the best hay for horses, and clover, or clover and timothy mixed produce better yields and are excellent for cattle and sheep. The comparatively long period during which these plants may be left standing without serious deterioration before cutting, together with the fact that the time of their maturity interferes little with the harvesting of the cereals and other farm work, have much to do with their popularity.

The most serious objection to the red clover and timothy mixture is due to the difference in time of their maturity, the former usually being ready to cut two weeks before the latter. For this reason mammoth clover, a variety of the common red, which is somewhat later in maturing, is sometimes substituted for red clover in the seed mixture.

There are many soils along the southern border of the area under discussion which will give a larger hay yield if seeded to orchard grass, tall oats-grass, and alsike clover than if seeded to timothy, redtop and red clover. These soils are usually poor in organic matter and are inclined to be sour. It is important that this mixture be cut when the plants first head out, for if harvesting is delayed they will make a tough, less palatable hay. This is especially true of orchard grass. If cut early, however, this hay will be relished by all classes of live stock. For general use in the localities referred to, the bulletin recommends the following mixture: Orchard grass, 14 pounds; tall oats-grass, 12 pounds; alsike clover, 6 pounds per acre.

**Gives Best Results.**  
Raising hay on poor land is not satisfactory, but when it is necessary this mixture gives best results. In some places in the Middle West sweet clover has given good results under unpromising soil conditions. According to the bulletin, no perennial hay plants will produce well on poor, sandy soil. Under such soil conditions, however, some temporary crop, such as rye or oats and peas, and, along the Atlantic coast, early sorghum and cowpeas, are preferable to perennial hay crops.

**Feeding Brood Sows.**  
During gestation sows should receive enough of feed to gain in weight, besides allowing for increasing weight of the developing young.

**Safe Place for Grain.**  
Grain is safer in a granary than in a barn.

**Avoid Crowding With Sheep.**  
See that the entrance doors to the sheep shed are wide enough that the flock can get in and out without crowding.

**Keep Animals Comfortable.**  
Keep your animals comfortable. They appreciate being warm and well housed as well as you do.

**Don't Overlook Moneymakers.**  
Do not overlook the cow and the hen as moneymakers.

**BOOSTER**  
Boost your country, boost your friend, Boost the lodge that you attend; Boost the town in which you're dwelling, Boost the goods that you are selling; Boost the people round about you, Possibly they can do without you; But success will quicker find them if they know that you're behind them.

Boost for every forward movement, Boost for every new improvement; Boost the stranger and the neighbor, Boost the man for whom you labor. Cease to be a chronic knocker, Cease to be a progress blocker; And if you would have your home town better, Boost it to the final letter.

Be a booster if you can, booster of your fellow man, Boost your project, boost your state, boost your town, at any rate; Boost it as a place to live, boost it—every boost you give Makes the town a better town. Boost it up. Don't knock it down. Be a booster—for you can't boosting in the better plan. Boosters always win acclaim; boost the knockers to their shame. Boost them when they need your help, Make them yell instead of yelp. Boost them till they have to boost; boost them up or off the roost. —Louisiana Oil News.

### PROVIDE TREES AND SHRUBS

No Real Necessity Why Any House Should Present the Appearance of Barrenness.

Barrenness of land around the home does not call to mind pleasant thoughts, but suggests the glare and heat of summer, the fury of the wind in winter, and a monotony of outlook. What a difference if trees and shrubs, as shown in the second picture, had

been planted when the house was built. Shade, shelter, pleasing color and a sense of privacy, all of which combine to give the atmosphere of a real home. No, it is not too late to grow.

### LITTLE TIME NEEDED TO KEEP LABOR DATA

Records Often Are Means of Saving Working Costs.

Farmer Enabled to Determine Number of Days of Man and Horse Power Necessary to Produce an Acre of Any Crop.

A record kept of farm labor does not require much time, yet it often the means of saving labor costs. The labor records show just how much labor and team work is required on each crop and the time in the season when it is used. They should show what proportion of the labor is devoted to work that produces an income and the amount that is consumed on odd jobs of unproductive tasks. This will enable the farmer to determine the number of days of man and horse labor necessary to produce an acre of any crop, or the care of any class of animals for a year says the United States Department of Agriculture. Thus he may be able to rearrange his system of management so that he can get along with less labor and at the same time maintain production.

A year's labor records show also just how much man power and horse power is necessary to run the entire farm at different seasons, and point out accurately just when the rush seasons occur. With such records before him, the farmer knows approximately what his labor requirements will be in advance of the rush season. He is able to increase or decrease the different farm enterprises and fit them together until he has outlined a complete year's work with an even load of labor for the entire season.

### GIVE GAS ENGINE ATTENTION

Vibration Tends to Loosen Bolts, Nuts and Various Connections Which Need Tightening.

All screws and nuts on gas engines should be kept tight. The engine should be gone over every day or so when it is used, and all connections tightened and all oil and dirt wiped off. Such practice will go far toward preventing operating troubles, since all gas engines vibrate to some extent and this vibration tends to loosen bolts, nuts and other parts.

**The Island of Guam.**  
The island of Guam, ceded to the United States by Spain in 1898, is 5,044 miles from San Francisco and 1,506 from Manila. It is 30 miles long and 100 around and has a population of 13,000.

**Trapped.**  
Frosh—"I want a leave of absence for over the week-end to visit my sister in New York." Dean (quickly)—"How long have you known her?" Frosh—"About two weeks."—Cornell Widow.

**Mixture That Makes for Success.**  
Nothing ventured, nothing gained, is a saying with which all are familiar. The large majority of successful men assumed reasonable risk when they began their careers. Success results from a proper combination of brains, common sense and courage.

**Phases of Human Nature.**  
In most homes there is one economical soul whose long winter evenings are spent turning out lights other members of the family turned on.—Boston Transcript.

## Home Town Helps

BOOSTER

Boost your country, boost your friend, Boost the lodge that you attend; Boost the town in which you're dwelling, Boost the goods that you are selling; Boost the people round about you, Possibly they can do without you; But success will quicker find them if they know that you're behind them.

Boost for every forward movement, Boost for every new improvement; Boost the stranger and the neighbor, Boost the man for whom you labor. Cease to be a chronic knocker, Cease to be a progress blocker; And if you would have your home town better, Boost it to the final letter.

### PROVIDE TREES AND SHRUBS

No Real Necessity Why Any House Should Present the Appearance of Barrenness.

Barrenness of land around the home does not call to mind pleasant thoughts, but suggests the glare and heat of summer, the fury of the wind in winter, and a monotony of outlook. What a difference if trees and shrubs, as shown in the second picture, had

been planted when the house was built. Shade, shelter, pleasing color and a sense of privacy, all of which combine to give the atmosphere of a real home. No, it is not too late to grow.

### LITTLE TIME NEEDED TO KEEP LABOR DATA

Records Often Are Means of Saving Working Costs.

Farmer Enabled to Determine Number of Days of Man and Horse Power Necessary to Produce an Acre of Any Crop.

A record kept of farm labor does not require much time, yet it often the means of saving labor costs. The labor records show just how much labor and team work is required on each crop and the time in the season when it is used. They should show what proportion of the labor is devoted to work that produces an income and the amount that is consumed on odd jobs of unproductive tasks. This will enable the farmer to determine the number of days of man and horse labor necessary to produce an acre of any crop, or the care of any class of animals for a year says the United States Department of Agriculture. Thus he may be able to rearrange his system of management so that he can get along with less labor and at the same time maintain production.

A year's labor records show also just how much man power and horse power is necessary to run the entire farm at different seasons, and point out accurately just when the rush seasons occur. With such records before him, the farmer knows approximately what his labor requirements will be in advance of the rush season. He is able to increase or decrease the different farm enterprises and fit them together until he has outlined a complete year's work with an even load of labor for the entire season.

### GIVE GAS ENGINE ATTENTION

Vibration Tends to Loosen Bolts, Nuts and Various Connections Which Need Tightening.

All screws and nuts on gas engines should be kept tight. The engine should be gone over every day or so when it is used, and all connections tightened and all oil and dirt wiped off. Such practice will go far toward preventing operating troubles, since all gas engines vibrate to some extent and this vibration tends to loosen bolts, nuts and other parts.

**The Island of Guam.**  
The island of Guam, ceded to the United States by Spain in 1898, is 5,044 miles from San Francisco and 1,506 from Manila. It is 30 miles long and 100 around and has a population of 13,000.

**Trapped.**  
Frosh—"I want a leave of absence for over the week-end to visit my sister in New York." Dean (quickly)—"How long have you known her?" Frosh—"About two weeks."—Cornell Widow.

**Mixture That Makes for Success.**  
Nothing ventured, nothing gained, is a saying with which all are familiar. The large majority of successful men assumed reasonable risk when they began their careers. Success results from a proper combination of brains, common sense and courage.

**Phases of Human Nature.**  
In most homes there is one economical soul whose long winter evenings are spent turning out lights other members of the family turned on.—Boston Transcript.

## ALTHEA

By DOROTHY O. GRAVES.

(© 1921, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

A large gray car purred along the uneven country road. The driver, a man of 60, his hair iron-gray, his eyes clear, guided it skillfully. He was content with his lot, and well might he be. Fortune had dealt kindly with him.

When a boy he had left this very county with no more than a silver dollar in his pocket and his wardrobe on his back.

Now as the car swept through the dusk and the familiar old hills recalled to him his past life it was with no little satisfaction that he knew his wealth had been accrued with no hardship to another. So far as he knew, and he made it a point to know, he had harmed no one and all who knew him respected him.

That there was something lacking the old man was aware. The man stopped the car and jumped out with the agility of youth. His eyes sought a familiar landmark. It was there. A narrow winding foot-path bordered by a little garden of sweet alyssum, baby's breath, and mignonette.

Having curved around a clump of hollyhocks, the path abruptly ended before a toy-like little white house. A single candle glowed warm in a window. The man knocked softly at the green paneled door. His heart bounded at the response he remembered so well, a light springing step—the same.

The door opened and the gentleman saw before him in the candle-light, a dainty little woman in gray, her white hair curling softly above serene blue eyes. A single rose nestled in her bodice, its freshness no fairer than its wearer's cheeks. Behind her in the tiny room the candle-light glowed on polished surfaces of tables and chairs, and the old man longed to enter. By the coldness with which the little lady regarded him, he felt he was not recognized so he offered:

"Madam, my machine is at the roadside. It will not run. May I accept your hospitality?"

"Come in." He noticed the voice, naturally mellow, was hard. The door closed behind them and the woman turned to him fiercely. "Hugh Basse, do you dare come here?"

The old man was startled because he did not understand he asked with sincere wonder. "Miss Serena, I do not know why I should not come back. I passed through the village, the old hills recalled our—my youth, and that same old clump of immortelles by the gate decided me. I could not pass them by.

"Hugh Basse, you'll say that to me, Althea's sister?"

"Althea?" the old man echoed, "but why Althea? She was but a baby. It was always you, Miss Serena, even if I did not come back before."

"Say no more of that, sir, what of Althea's child?"

"Ah, she married?"

"You ask that? Men are cruel."

The old man pondered. Truly, he did not know what the little woman meant nor why her fury.

Again the green paneled door opened briskly. A pretty girl of 19 entered with a soft rustle of summer skirts.

"Why auntie, I did not know of company." She advanced to the old man and held to him a cordial hand. "Did I see your car in the lane?"

The old man assented and smiled kindly into the bright black eyes. Miss Serena shuddered and commanded sternly. "Helen, go to your room. I will call you when—when—"

"Hugh Basse, is that your child?"

The old man drew back in astonishment. The little room seemed to whirl about him. "Althea's child? My child?" echoed in his ears.

"Hugh"—trembling, Miss Serena seated herself and pointed to a chair for him—"didn't you send for Althea to come to you in the city?"

"Never!" the old man answered truthfully.

Miss Serena covered her face with her hands.

"She said you did—Althea said you did. She said Helen was your child."

She searched his face for the truth. "When Althea died she said you were Helen's father. The neighbors all know. Helen knows and believes it is you.

Again the silence was heavy. The little girl creaked faster and faster, until the old man could not bear the sound of it. He arose unsteadily and stumbled to the door, an older man. His fingers fumbled for the old-fashioned brass latch. He found it, and slowly drew open the door. A gust of wind swept across his hot brow, cooling his feverishness. Beyond in the moonlight the old familiar hills rested sublime in the night. The man turned slowly back into the room. He forgot the open door and knelt before the little woman, his large hands groping for hers.

"Serena," he said, his voice vibrant and urgent, "I did Althea no harm, nor any man or woman; but I will say I did before the world. I will claim Helen as my own if you will take me as I am and love me."

"Hugh, I loved you; I love you, but I cannot marry you. If you will take Helen—the neighbors, you know." She sobbed softly now.

The old man arose slowly. "I will take Helen," he said, "to prove to you I love you."

And the kind old man took upon his shoulders the burden of another's sin.

CONDENSED CLASSICS

THE RIGHT OF WAY

By SIR GILBERT PARKER

Condensation by Helen S. Dole

the sick, and fighting the demon drink which frequently assailed him.

It was St. Jean Baptiste's Day, Chaudiere was filled with festivity. As the militia came noisily into the village Charley rescued a man and his frightened horse from death. The man proved to be John Brown, now become a quack doctor and advertising his nostrums by singing comic songs. Charley, hiding behind some trees, heard him telling the story of his old friend "Champagne Charley." All day he had been fighting a fierce battle with a raging thirst and questioning himself about Rosalie. Could he marry while his wife was still living? Should he tell her all and let the law separate him from Kathleen? But Rosalie was a Catholic and the Church opposed divorce.

Just then a bottle of whisky fell from the pocket of a drunken "habitant" at his very feet. With an uncontrollable impulse he seized it and drained it. Jo Portugal followed him as he staggered home and Charley in his delirium recognized him as the murderer he had pleaded for. He took Jo by the throat, then fell to the floor. For five days Jo struggled to save his life and then carried him back to Vadrome Mountain. Rosalie came to warn him that he was suspected of stealing the gold vessels from the Cathedral in Quebec and trying to blow up Government House. She had hardly finished speaking when the cure, the seigneur and the Abbe Rossignol entered with two constables. The abbe charged Charley with the theft, which he stoutly denied. Jo called the abbe aside and confessed his crime in order to save his friend, promising to give himself up at the end of a year. Meantime Charley took a vial of laudanum from his pocket, but as he was about to uncork it, Rosalie sprang from behind a curtain crying, "If you go, I go also." Footsteps were heard and he promised not to take the poison. The abbe came to announce that he believed Charley's denial. His great temptation still remained but he found help in Rosalie's eyes. It was the first time he had yielded to a power outside himself.

The cure was planning to give the Passion Play at the Indian Reservation of Four Mountains at Easter and asked Charley to translate the German text and to make some drawings for the costumes. He did so. About this time Rosalie took her crippled father to the hospital at Montreal and was gone some months, which were months of misery for Charley. What could he do? He felt that it had been dastardly of him to win her love, when he could give her only the empty hand, the hopeless hour, the secret sorrow in return. He fought his old enemy with desperate resolve.

The week before Easter he went to Montreal with Jo's dogs and sled. In the dead of night he entered the white house on the hill where Kathleen was living, made his way to a secret cupboard and removed two packets; one contained his mother's pearls worth ten thousand dollars and the other a thousand dollars in notes. As he turned after restoring the panel Kathleen stood before him in her nightgown. She was asleep. Charley followed her as she walked out of the house, across the lawn towards the river where the gate was open. Her life was in his hands. For a moment he hesitated; then noiselessly stole between her and the gate, closed and locked it. Her husband, not fifty feet away, called to him.

"Hush! She's asleep," Charley whispered and disappeared, unrecognized. Rosalie's father died soon after this and she was ill for weeks. The Passion Play brought unwelcome crowds to Chaudiere; the last three days strangers were prohibited. At the final performance Rosalie chose to take the part of Marie Magdalen. (It was an act of expiation. After the play ended she received absolution.) Far away under the trees sat a man in misery immeasurable. It was Charley. That night he wrote for a long time; then put the paper with the pearls and the money in the safe. That same night John Brown lay drunk in the church. He lighted a match and threw it on a surplice. Soon cries of "Fire" were heard. Charley and Jo saved the sacred treasures. Rosalie went back for the little cross and Charley dashed in and rescued her.

By his eloquence the people were induced to give one fortieth of their possessions for a new edifice. The money collected was placed in his charge and locked in his safe under the parish seal. While he and Jo were keeping guard over it, Billy Wantage, John Brown and three other rogues, having learned where the money was, entered the tailor's house to steal it. Billy shot Charley, Jo killed John Brown, two of the other men fired at Jo and killed him. The seal was found intact. Rosalie helped bind up Charley's wound and the cure was preparing to give him the sacrament. Suddenly the bandage slipped—or did he purposely let it slip?—and he died faithful in his love for Rosalie. She lived, rejoicing in her memory of him and in her life-long service for the poor and suffering of the parish.

Copyright, 1919, by the Post Publishing Co. (The Boston Post). Copyright in the United Kingdom, the Dominions, its Colonies and dependencies, under the copyright act, by the Post Publishing Co., Boston, Mass., U. S. A. All rights reserved. Printed by permission of, and arrangement with Harper & Sons, authorized publishers.

Good Conscience Priceless.

A good conscience is to the soul what health is to the body; it preserves a constant ease and serenity within us, and more than counterbalances all the calamities and afflictions that can possibly befall us.—Addison.

Dickens as Reformer.

To my mind the greatest social reformer that we ever had, and one of the greatest that the world has ever seen, was a man of letters, one of the two greatest names perhaps of modern literature—Charles Dickens. That great writer points out that all the inheritors of that time—and we are the inheritors of that time—had their origin in the appalling circumstances in which the working people

lived—in London, of course, which he knew best, first of all, but in like degree all over the country.—Viscount Burnham.

Concerning Hobbies.

It is well to have a hobby, says the New York Medical Journal. It is well to have a hobby which can be used as a faithful servant. It is well to have a hobby as long as you can ride it, but when it begins to ride you it is better to look about for another steed.

Magazine Department

Interesting Features for Home Reading

The SANDMAN STORY

JACK IS THANKFUL

ONE night in the playroom all the toys sat looking at Teddy-Bear, Dora Doll, Jumping Jack and Jack-in-a-Box and several others who had feet and legs.

Of course, Jack-in-a-Box had no feet or legs, and that was always a very unpleasant subject for Jack to speak about, for all the boys who had them rather looked down on poor little Jack. But tonight those who had feet and legs sat in a row by the wall while the other toys looked at them and listened to their tale of woe.

"It was just terrible!" said Dora Doll. "There we were in that big,

for the first time feel thankful for the manner in which he was made.

"I have always envied all you who have feet and legs and knew you thought I was half made; but when the rain began to fall and the cover of my box kept it from filling the box I began to feel sure I was safe. Of course, I was afraid the wind might blow and tip it over, but I was lucky, for it did not blow at all, and there I was sitting around as dry as ever. I was sorry I could not help any of you who were getting wet, but you all know that was impossible, for there is only just room in my box for me."

"I should not be surprised if your spring rusted," said Dora Doll; "you must have felt the dampness, even if you did not get wet."

"I do feel a little stiff in my spring," admitted Jack, "but I am sure it will do me no harm. It will soon wear off, and I shall never again be envious of you who have feet and legs."

(Copyright.)

HOW DO YOU SAY IT?

By C. N. Lurie

Common Errors in English and How to Avoid Them

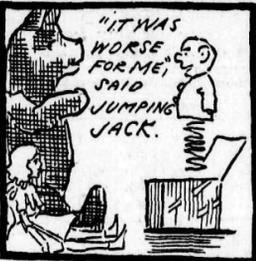
"I SEEN HIM."

FREQUENTLY we hear a person say, "I seen him do it," and it is not always a person who has not been educated in the proper use of English.

In the language of the grammarian, the speaker does not make proper distinction between "saw," the preterit, or past, form of the verb "see," and the past participle of the same word. The principal parts of "see" are as follows: Present, "see"; past, "saw"; imperfect participle, "seeing"; perfect participle, "seen." Therefore, the sentence should have been worded, "I saw him do it," not "I seen him do it."

We hear a person say, "I have saw" or "I would have saw"; in those cases, of course, the expressions should be, "I have seen," "I would have seen," since "seen" is the participle to be used after any form of the auxiliary or helping verb "have."

(Copyright.)

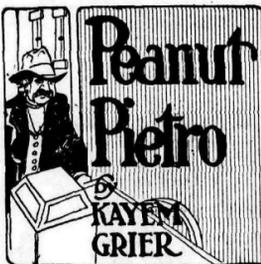


empty flower tub, where our little mother had been playing house when it grew dark. That was bad enough, but when it began to rain—oh, that was awful! My clothes were spotted before I thought of danger, and then Teddy Bear began to fuss.

"I should think so!" said Teddy. "I was sitting in the water, which every minute was filling the tub, and I just soaked it into my body, so I knew I should not float."

"It was worse for me," said Jumping Jack. "I was flat on my back on the bottom of the tub and the water was all over me first. Of course, I did float after a while, but I was so wet and sticky that I knew I was a wreck and every minute I expected my legs and arms to fall off."

Poor Sailor Boy Doll looked very forlorn as he sat drying by the radiator and his blue-and-white suit looked anything but neat. It was then that Jack-in-a-Box began to talk, and



WELL, I been deesa place, capital Washington, fiva, seexa day now and I dunno somating yet. Every day I go geeva look at da senate and da congress and every time ees jusa same—too moocha talk and no do somating.

You know, weeth talk deesa bunch gotta more speed as da locomote on da railroad. But weeth work ees da sama shift as Halley's comet.

Other day my frien vot go een dat place weeth me say one man was gonna introduce da Bill. I aska "Bill who?" and he tella me I dunno somating.

Now I dunno vot for my frien talka da way weeth me. I feegure eef dat man een da congress was gonna introduce somebody he tella hees lassa name anyway. Eef Bill's da use introduce een dat place wotell's da use introduce. You know, I am smarta guy, too.

I aska my frien one more time vot was Bill's lassa name and he say I am craze een da head. "Jusa wait and geeva look," he say.

So I waltra tree, four hour een dat place for see wot Bill looka like. But he no show up. Dat guy vot introduce heem starta maka da speech. He talka too long and I getta deegust.

I am preety mad so I leava dat place and go home. And I tink Bill feela same way and go home, too. Dat guy talka so long Bill gotta time for getta acquaint heemself weethout introduce.

Wot you tink?

How It Started

THE MILE. THE Roman unit of long measure was 1,000 paces, called a "mille," Latin for 1,000. The distance was, of course, only approximate, but the word, shortened to "mile," persisted and all the modern units are derived from it. One minute of Earth's equator was chosen as the geographical mile. There are 10 recognized standard miles, varying from 1 to 6.64 times our statute mile of 5,280 feet, which was defined in Queen Elizabeth's time. (Copyright.)

His Position.

"Then you don't care for this future?" "No, let the people of the future enjoy it."

HELEN LYNCH



Popular Helen Lynch, who has been seen in some of the excellent pictures, and who is a prime "movie" star, was born in Montana eighteen years ago. She is blonde and blue eyed, and professes to like "thrilly" stories. Her ambition is to do dramatic parts, but her appearance is that of a delightful ingenue.

Speed Required.

"Did you ever taste moonshine whiskey?" "Certainly not," replied Uncle Bill Bottlepout. "Anybody who can't swallow fast enough to keep from tastin' it has no business tryin' to drink it."—Washington Star.

Probably.

Jack Staylate—Just as I was bidding her good-night it dawned upon me—Friend—What did—morning?—Boston Transcript.

BEAUTY CHATS

by Edna Kent Forbes

SALADS AND BEAUTY

ACCORDING to the way they are made, salads are either fattening or thinning. They play a great part in all menus for reduction, but in this case they are eaten plain or with a special dressing. If you wish to grow thin, eat fruit salads of all kinds but

an egg beater being easier than a fork for use.

Salads are so good for the digestion that they should be included in the menu once a day at least. Potato salad is fattening, apple salad is good, though it neither adds nor subtracts flesh.

(Copyright.)

A LINE O' CHEER

By John Kendrick Bangs.

AS TO THE GALLERY.

I care not if they say of me I play unto the gallery, For in those places up on high Where wealth and fashion seldom fly, I find that many a fumble sits With solid mind and gimble wits, Who hath a soul as full of glow As any sitting down below. While 'mongst the more exclusive ort I've found a head that's mighty soft. With naught for its location fit Except the cash to pay for it. (Copyright.)



To Have a Clear and Pretty Complexion, Eat Salads, Which Also Nourish the Body.

grape, banana or nuts, with the following dressing: Two tablespoonfuls of vinegar, a pinch of salt and paprika, a quarter teaspoonful of dry mustard, a teaspoonful of chopped chives or parsley, and a teaspoonful of tomato catsup or Worcestershire sauce. The bowl is rubbed inside with an onion, and the ingredients are mixed together. Sometimes a hard-boiled egg is chopped in.

But if you wish to increase your weight, eat salads with plenty of olive oil mayonnaise. For this you take the yoke of an egg, beat it, add a pinch of salt, add olive oil drop by drop, always beating, with a few drops of lemon juice or vinegar to thin it as it grows too thick. After a time the oil may be added in tablespoonful quantities. The success of this most delicate of all dressings is that the mixing bowl must be quite cold, even being set in a dish of cracked ice, and at first the oil and vinegar must be added, a few drops at a time. It must be beaten incessantly,

Savages of Panama a few decades ago burned slaves to death in honor of their idol, Dabala.

A LITTLE COURAGE

By GRACE CANFIELD.

(© 1921, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"Charlie Wetherbee," remarked that young man to his own reflection as he tugged at a colorful tie, "do you realize that you are twenty-one today—a rising business man, and yet you haven't got a girl? You poor boob! Ardeth Appel doesn't even know that you exist. Are you never going to forget her and go hunt up a wife?"

The blue eyes glared back at him for a moment, then twinkled irrepressibly.

"Yes, by gum, I am," replied the other Charlie. "And I'm going to begin today! I appoint myself a committee of one to declare a holiday."

The fates had been preparing a little joke on Charlie Wetherbee. Here was a girl, beautiful, rich, and full of the love of adventure, who, unknown to herself, had been adored for years by a youth strong, active and poor, but also loving adventure. Ardeth Appel did not know Charlie at all—or she had not until the fates took a hand.

Charlie smiled blithely as he swung down the street to the station on his way to New York on his search for a wife. But every step took him away from her, and by the time he bought his ticket, his smile had faded a little.

"Wonderful weather," he remarked to himself enthusiastically, and forced a large, artificial smile. He wondered if, after all, he wanted a wife, when he couldn't have Ardeth. He propped up the fast-fading grin with two fingers.

"Why grieve so hard?" asked an old gentleman.

"I beg your pardon?" stammered Charlie.

Charlie looked at him earnestly, seized with a sudden desire to confide in someone.

"I am sad," he confessed, "and so would you be if you had loved a girl for five years without ever meeting her."

"But why don't you meet her?" "Can't. I am only a poor working boy, and her father is a millionaire—more or less. She sure is a winner, though," in a musing tone.

Charlie's smile was gone now, and it had been his undoing. If he had not been so busy trying to hold on to it he would have seen Ardeth Appel get in at the other end of the car. She, too, had felt the urge of adventure that morning, and had slipped out of the house before her father could stop her.

Now as Charlie Wetherbee told his sorrows to the kind gentleman, something strange happened to him. He had just said: "It's pretty hopeless, I guess," when he suddenly felt that it couldn't be—it mustn't be hopeless! Unaware that the train had stopped, and that the passengers were filing out, he sat in a loud, determined voice, looking straight ahead:

"No, it is not! Some day," he continued with conviction, "I am going to marry that girl!" And as he spoke he looked right into the eyes of the girl herself! The Fates chuckled with glee.

Ardeth, at first inclined to feel insulted, was suddenly amused. Looking calmly back into the clear, honest eyes of the stranger she answered:

"You may consider yourself accepted." Before the astonished young man could follow she was speeding away in the luxurious limousine of a school friend.

It was two years before the Fates gave him the opportunity. The morning was perfect, and Charlie quite looked the successful young business man as he boarded the train—bound for a conference in New York. The train was crowded and when Charlie saw that he must share the seat with Ardeth Appel or stand up, he felt that the moment was indeed his.

He settled himself beside Ardeth with a polite, impersonal bow, and began to read a story.

"Things like this just don't happen, you know," Ardeth, startled, looked a question.

"Like this story," he went on. "Man loved a girl for years without her knowing it. He sees her on the train one day and, throwing all caution to the winds, proposes to her."

"How improbable!" But the girl's cheeks were suddenly flushed.

"She calls his bluff, though," he continued in the same impersonal tone, "and accepts him."

"You say he has always loved her?" The girl's voice was faint.

"Since he was a kid. But her father had no use for him. Good chap, too," he added, brazenly.

The girl recognized him suddenly, and an overpowering embarrassment seized her. What would this terrible young man say next?

Then Charlie Wetherbee took his life in his hands and leaned forward.

"What do you think the fellow's chances would be?" he asked.

Ardeth could not but admire the courage which had prompted these words, and her tone was not too angry as she replied:

"I should say—with as much poise as she could summon—that the young man ought to go to her and beg her pardon."

"And would she give him another chance, perhaps?" he whispered.

"One never knows until he tries," answered Ardeth Appel, composedly

Gender of the Sun.

In modern English literature the sun is invariably referred to as masculine and its gender is now so fixed, but in old English the sun was always termed feminine, as it is in Milton; Shakespeare, however, considered the sun masculine. The Germans still refer to the sun as feminine, while in French it is masculine.

Matches made by one American factory in a single day, if placed end to end, would reach half way across the continent.

ON THE FUNNY SIDE



LIKE MILTON.

"I'm afraid," said the let-him-down-easy editor, "that I do not see my way to printing your poetry in my periodical. You see, it's not quite the style of thing we want, though it is undoubtedly remarkable. Do you know, young man, that there are some points about your writings that resemble Milton."

"Do you think so?" cried the delighted poet. "What are they?" "Your stops," replied the editor. "Indeed, you employ almost the same punctuation marks!"—London Tit-Bits.

Logical Support.

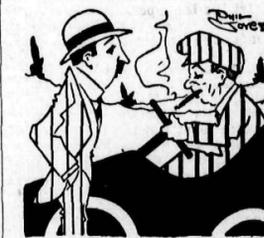
"So if he runs for office he will have the support of all the fraternal orders?"

"Yes, because he is the lodge-ical candidate."

Going Up.

"Jenkins is getting to be something of a social climber!"

"Yes, why Jenkins would even try to make his way up an icy stare!"—Cartoons Magazine.



ONE WAY TO DO IT. "I don't see how you can afford to run an automobile."

"Easy enough. We've quit eating meat."

Nothing Like Style.

She'll take a car to ride a block if her dress is not in style; But let her don the latest frock And she'll foot it many a mile.

No Deception.

"The salesman I bought these goods from deceived me when he told me the colors were fast."

"He told you the truth. I can see for myself how they ran."

Natural Method.

"I understand you got your handsome clock on the installment plan."

"Why not? Isn't it the most natural thing in the world to buy a clock on tick?"

Contrary Fate.

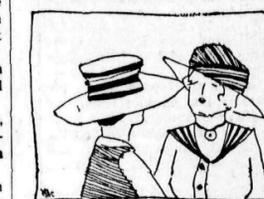
"Did the plan work to give the leading woman a hand on all her lines?"

"No; it got out such a scheme was on foot."

Adding to the Costs.

"How is it I have such big telephone bills?"

"You told me, sir, to use dispatch in that correspondence, so I wired all the letters."



HE MUST HAVE BEEN THE LIMIT

"Where have you been?"

"On a pleasure trip."

"Where?"

"Through the divorce courts."

The Time to Get 'Em.

Riches have wings. And take to flight; I'd like to catch 'em When they light.

The Reason.

"He impressed me as such a mechanical sort of man."

"Perhaps that impression is due to the fact that in business he is such a screw and in society such a bore."

A Strategic Move.

"I understand that your wife is doing her own cooking."

"You are mistaken."

"Dobson told me she was."

"Oh, that was just for a little while. Dobson was paying us a visit and I guess she thought he had stayed long enough."—Boston Transcript.

The Answer.

"He asked a lot of questions about the house. He wanted to know in the first place if it was rat-proof."

"Did he get a cat-egorical reply?"

What of It?

"Mrs. Gadder is always on the go."

"What of it?"

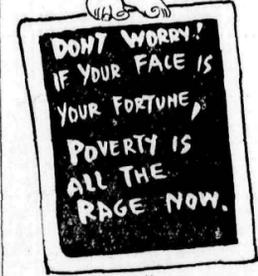
"But Mr. Gadder likes to stay at home."

"Umph! If you were to make that remark to Mrs. Gadder she'd make the same reply I did."

When in Stains My Lady Goes.

Canadian Paper—The bride's mother was handsomely attired in helle-trope stain.

What is this, a reversion to the Indian style of dressing?



DON'T WORRY! IF YOUR FACE IS YOUR FORTUNE, POVERTY IS ALL THE RAGE NOW.

**Tuckerton Beacon**  
 Established 1889  
 MOSS MATHEW, Editor and Publisher  
 Subscription Price: \$1.00 per year  
 Six Months 75 cents.  
 Advertising Rates Furnished on Application  
 Published at Post Office at Tuckerton, N. J., as second-class matter.

**County of Ocean, State of New Jersey**  
**SUMMARY**  
**REPORT OF AUDIT**

JANUARY 1, 1920 TO DECEMBER 31, 1920  
 COMBINED BALANCE SHEET  
 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1920

ASSETS	Current		Trust	Capital
	1920	1919		
Cash	\$13,418.75	\$68,034.45	\$43,470.43	
Outstanding Taxes, 1920	500.00			
Accounts Receivable	1,220.43			
Outstanding Motor Vehicle Funds	15,709.94			
Miscellaneous Revenue Deficit	170.23			
New County Roads			100,408.05	
Hall of Records			11,500.00	
Repairs to Court House and Jail			10,500.00	
New County Jail			20,520.37	
	\$46,233.71	\$68,034.45	\$197,498.05	

LIABILITIES	Current		Trust	Capital
	1920	1919		
Helping Teacher	2,965.82			
Attendance Officer	500.00			
State School 90%	58,749.07			
State Fund	780.34			
State School Fund	2,148.81			
Interest Surplus Revenue	350.41			
Bonds Outstanding			193,500.00	
Capital Surplus			3,908.65	
Reserved (New Bridges)	3,513.78			
Surplus Revenue Account	42,730.03			
	\$46,233.71	\$68,034.45	\$197,498.05	

**COUNTY OF OCEAN**  
**STATE OF NEW JERSEY**  
**REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES**  
**Current Account**  
**Year Ended December 31, 1920**

REVENUES	Anticipated	Realized	Excess	Deficit
Surplus Revenue Appropriated	\$11,652.25	\$11,652.25		
Miscellaneous Revenues Anticipated	9,000.00	11,547.81	\$2,547.81	
County Clerk's Office	2,500.00	2,776.63	276.63	
Sheriff's Office	2,000.00	2,441.42	441.42	
Surrogate's Office	500.00	510.00	10.00	
Motor Vehicle Funds	200.00	207.01	7.01	
Inheritance Tax	392.44	392.44		
Miscellaneous Revenues not Anticipated		124.11	124.11	
Interest on Deposits		221.30	221.30	
Refund State Insane		210.00	210.00	
Refund New Roads		82.00	82.00	
Amount Raised by Taxation	200,630.28	200,630.21		.07
	\$212,282.53	\$212,282.53	\$961.40	\$3,500.17

EXPENDITURES	Anticipated	Actual	Excess	Deficit
Current Expenses				
Courts	\$13,000.00	\$15,855.20	\$2,855.20	
Jail & Board of Prisoners	1,200.00	2,347.58	1,147.58	
State Insane	12,000.00	12,903.97	903.97	
Coroners	400.00	236.34	163.66	
Notaries	12,000.00	18,925.74	6,925.74	6,929.74
Stationery & Printing	2,000.00	801.00	1,199.00	
Contingent Expenses	6,000.00	4,429.47	1,570.53	
Advertising	200.00	360.03	160.03	
Fox Boundies	400.00	480.00	80.00	
Lights and Fuel	2,300.00	2,446.33	146.33	
County Superintendent of Schools	1,500.00	1,396.62	103.38	
Justices and Constables	3,000.00	1,244.00	1,756.00	
Salaries of County Officers	47,500.00	48,289.72	789.72	
Hospitals	10,000.00	10,000.00		
N. J. State Board of Children's Guardians	4,500.00	3,571.89	928.11	
Tubercular Hospital	800.00	1,537.00	737.00	
Expense Sinking Fund Commission	100.00	81.00	19.00	
Court House & Grounds	3,500.00	2,802.27	697.73	
Expense County Tax Board	1,000.00	1,000.00		
Expense County Officers	4,000.00	2,134.50	1,865.50	
Deficiency 1919 Accounts	4,429.20	0.00	4,429.20	
Miscellaneous Revenue Deficit	4,070.80	0.00	4,070.80	
Debt and Interest	1,104.02	1,104.02		
Interest and Discount	9,000.00	6,973.55	2,026.45	
Interest on Surplus Revenue	904.10	904.10		
Retiring Sinking Bonds	500.00	500.00		
Public Works				
New Bridges	8,000.00	4,488.22	3,511.78	
Repairs to Bridges and Railings	20,000.00	8,967.87	11,032.13	
Repairs to Township Roads	110,000.00	85,136.00	24,864.00	
Improvement to Township Roads	6,076.85	5,823.03	253.22	
New County Roads	40,000.00	39,956.47	43.53	
Mosquito Extermination	10,000.00	10,000.00		
Farm Demonstrator	3,000.00	3,000.00		
	\$341,384.97	\$299,138.03	\$363,263.08	\$14,575.52

RECAPITULATION	Anticipated	Actual	Excess	Deficit
Surplus Revenue Appropriated	\$11,652.25	\$11,652.25		
Miscellaneous Revenues not Anticipated		124.11	124.11	
Deficit, Miscellaneous Revenues Anticipated		170.23		170.23
Deficit in Tax Revenues				.17
	\$212,282.53	\$212,282.53	\$961.40	\$3,500.17

**COUNTY OF OCEAN**  
**STATE OF NEW JERSEY**  
**UNEXPENDED BALANCE ACCOUNT**  
**As at December 31, 1920**

Deficit in Tax Revenues	.17	Balance from Appropriations	\$38,688.16
Balance	\$38,687.99		\$38,688.16
	\$38,688.16		\$38,688.16

**SURPLUS REVENUE ACCOUNT**  
**As at December 31, 1920**

Surplus Revenue Appropriated	\$11,652.25	Balance Jan. 1, 1920	\$15,066.56
Balance Unexp. Balance Acct.	38,687.99	Balance Acct.	38,687.99
Balance, Surplus	42,730.03	Miscel. Revenues not Anticip.	637.03
	\$54,392.18		\$54,392.15

**RECOMMENDATIONS**  
 That vouchers and checks be drawn for the amount of the discount on loans in anticipation of taxes.  
 That the amount of the anticipated receipt of motor vehicle funds be verified by certification from the State Department before being placed in the budget.  
 That an order system be installed whereby there may be a check on materials etc., purchased for the County.

**NOTICE**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following local budget and tax ordinance were approved by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Tuckerton, County of Ocean, for the fiscal year ending December 31, 1921.  
 A hearing on the budget and tax ordinance will be held at the Borough Hall, in said Borough of Tuckerton, on the 28th day of February, 1921 at 8:00 P. M., at which time and place objections may be presented by any taxpayer of the said Borough.

1921 LOCAL BUDGET  
 BOROUGH OF TUCKERTON  
 COUNTY OF OCEAN  
 STATE OF NEW JERSEY

This Budget shall also constitute the tax ordinance AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO TAXES FOR THE YEAR 1921

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Tuckerton, County of Ocean, that there shall be assessed, raised by taxation and collected for the fiscal year ending December 31, 1921, the sum of Two Thousand One Hundred Twenty-four Dollars and Thirty-eight Cents (\$2,124.38) for the purpose of meeting the appropriations set forth in the following statement of resources and appropriations for the said fiscal year of 1921.

Surplus in Revenue Account	\$5,466.74
Less Amount due Custodian of School Funds 1920	2,997.50
Net Surplus in Revenue Account	\$2,469.24
A. Total Anticipated Revenues:	1920
1. Surplus Revenue Appropriated	\$2,469.24
2. Miscellaneous Revenues	
a. Franchise tax	600.00
b. Poll tax	150.00
c. Gross Receipts tax	266.38
d. Dog tax	25.00
e. Permits	5.00
f. Fines	30.00
g. Railroad & Canal tax	150.00
3. Amount to be raised by taxation including railroad tax for 1921	2,124.38
	\$5,469.00
B. APPROPRIATIONS:	\$5,422.00
1. Lights	\$1,732.50
2. Streets	1,475.00
3. Docks	150.00
4. Fire Protection	1,342.00
5. Assessment & Collection of taxes	324.50
6. Administrative & Executive	223.00
7. Salary	22.00
8. Health and Charity	135.00
9. Postage	9.00
10. Interest	55.00
11. Printing and Stationery	150.00
12. Contingent	152.00
13. Emergency	200.00
	\$5,422.00

This ordinance shall repeal the tax ordinance approved on January 24, 1921, and shall take effect immediately.  
 Approved February 14th, 1921.  
 JOS. H. BROWN,  
 Borough Clerk

The interest in an Etching. The art of etching has no mechanical attractiveness. If an etching has no meaning it can interest nobody. If its significant lines are accompanied by many insignificant ones, their value is neutralized.—Phillips, Gilbert Hamerton.

**SPECIAL MASTER'S SALE**

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, made in a cause wherein Mary P. W. W. et al. are complainants and Daniel Camburn, et al. are defendants, dated January 18th, 1921, the subscriber, one of the Special Masters in Chancery, will sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the dwelling house situated on Tract No. 1 of the premises hereinafter described, in the village of Wartown, Ocean County, New Jersey, on SATURDAY, MARCH 12th, 1921, at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon, all those two certain lots of land situate near Wartown, in the Township of Union, now Ocean, in the County of Ocean and State of New Jersey, severally bounded and described as follows:

**LOT NUMBER ONE**  
 BEGINNING at a stone in the line of the Birdsal farm and thence (1) by said Birdsal farm South seventy-five degrees and thirty minutes East twelve chains and forty links to a stone in the County road; thence (2) along the line of said road North fifteen degrees West fourteen chains and nineteen links to a corner to land Camburn; thence (3) along the line of the same South seventy-four degrees and forty-five minutes West eight chains and forty links to the line of said Railroad Company's land; thence (4) due South eight chains and sixty-two links to the place of beginning, containing ten acres and seven-tenths of an acre, or more or less.

**LOT NUMBER TWO**  
 BEGINNING at a point in the Main Shore or County road, in the line of a ditch a corner to land of Holmes and thence (1) along said ditch and the line of said lot in part and in part along the farm and meadow of J. Birdsal South eighty-two degrees East thirty-five chains and sixty-one links to Fresh Water Creek; thence (2) along said Fresh Water Creek to the line ditch; thence (3) along the line ditch bordering the J. Mick's land; thence (4) a point corner to said J. Mick's land; thence (5) along the line of said J. Mick's land; thence (6) North seventy degrees and thirty minutes West four chains and fifty-six links to a stone corner to J. Camburn's land; thence (7) along said J. Camburn's land South twelve degrees and forty-five minutes West ninety-five links to a stone corner to the same; thence (8) still by the same South seventy-three degrees West five chains and ninety links to a stone corner to the same in the line of C. Eayres lot; thence (9) along said C. Eayres land, North twelve degrees and forty-five minutes West ninety-five links to a stone; thence (10) by said Eayres land South seventy-seven degrees and thirty minutes West five chains and seventy-five links to a stone in said road; thence (11) along said road South fifteen degrees East to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and nine acres and twenty-one hundredths of an acre of land be the same more or less.

Including the inchoate right of dower of the defendant, Minnie Camburn, wife of the defendant, Daniel Camburn, and the estate or interest of Risdon Horner, husband of the defendant, Rhoda Camburn Horner, and the estate or interest of Joseph Horner, husband of the defendant, Olive Camburn Horner, and the inchoate right of dower of Anna May Camburn, wife of the defendant, Joseph Camburn, and the estate or interest of George Coleman, husband of the defendant, Agnes Camburn Coleman, also the estate in dower of Ellie Mick, deceased, together with all and singular the hereditaments and appurtenances to the said premises belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Conditions will be made known at the time of sale.

Dated February 12, 1921.  
 MAJIA LEON BERRY,  
 Special Master,  
 G. M. HILLMAN,  
 Solicitor for complainants,  
 Mount Holly, N. J.

Many Have Had Spanish Settlers. On the coast of Queensland, Australia, are the New Hebrides islands, which some scientists believe were once occupied by the Spanish, for a little way from St. Philip's bay evidences of such occupation have been dug into from time to time, along with certain other ruins, which from the little examination they have had indicate an even more remote occupancy.

**TUCKERTON RAILROAD CO.**

operating Philadelphia and Beach Haven R. R. and Barnegat R. R.  
**IN EFFECT OCTOBER 10, 1920**  
 Trains from New York and Philadelphia to Tuckerton, Beach Haven and Barnegat City

STATIONS	Daily		Mon. & Fri.		Sun. only	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
LY. N.Y. PRR	5:30	1:30				
" N.Y. CRR	3:30	1:10				2:30
" Trenton	7:20	3:00				7:15
" Philad'a	8:18	4:04				8:25
" Camden	8:24	4:11				8:33
" Mt. Holly	9:06	4:42				9:15
" Whiting	9:06	5:33				10:12
" Cedar Crest	10:12	5:50				10:21
" Lacey	10:12	5:44				10:25
" W'n Jc.	10:24	5:50				10:37
" Barnegat	10:24	5:50				10:25
" Manalapan	10:38	6:09				10:52
" Cedar Run	10:44	6:15				10:58
" Mayetta	10:48	6:17				11:01
" Staffordville	10:58	6:22				11:08
" Cox Sta.	10:52	6:22				11:08
" W. Creek	10:58	6:28				11:14
" Parkertown	10:58	6:28				11:14
Ar. Tuckerton	11:03	6:33				11:19
Ly Hilliards	10:54	6:21				11:08
Bar. C. Jc.	11:02	6:29				11:07
" B. Arton	11:04	6:31				11:09
" Ship Bottom	11:04	6:33				11:10
" Br. Beach	11:09	6:38				11:12
" B.H. Crest	11:11	6:39				11:14
" Penhala	11:13	6:40				11:17
" B.H. Trent	11:17	6:48				11:20
" Sp. Beach	11:19	6:45				11:22
" N.B. Haven	11:21	6:47				11:24
Ar. Beach Haven	11:23	6:48				11:26
Ly Surf City	11:55					
" H. Cedar	12:06					
" High Point	12:12					
" House	12:17					
Ar. Barnegat City	12:28					

Trains from Tuckerton, Beach Haven and Barnegat City to Philadelphia and New York

STATIONS	Daily		Mon. & Fri.		Sun. only	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Ly Barnegat City	12:45					
" Club House	12:51					
" High Point	12:50					
" Harvey Cr.	1:07					
" Surf City	1:15					
" B'ch Haven	7:00	1:45	2:43			
" N. Beach	7:02	1:45	2:45			
" Spray Beach	7:04	1:47	2:47			
" N. Haven Trent	7:06	1:49	2:49			
" Penhala	7:10	1:53	2:53			
" B. H. Crest	7:12	1:55	2:55			
" Brant Beach	7:14	1:57	2:57			
" Ship Bottom	7:17	1:59	2:59			
" Ar. Arlington	7:19	2:01	3:01			
" Barnegat Cr.	7:21	2:03	3:03			
" Hilliards	7:25	2:07	3:07			
" Tuckerton	7:27	2:09	3:09			
" Parkertown	7:29	2:11	3:11			
" West Creek	7:24	2:06	3:06			
" Cox Station	7:27	2:12	3:12			
" Staffordville	7:31	2:16	3:16			
" Mayetta	7:33	2:18	3			

**TUCKERTON BEACON**  
TUCKERTON, N. J.

Thursday Afternoon, Feb. 24, 1921.

**SOCIETIES**

**TUCKERTON CHAPTER NO. 54 O. E. S.**  
Meets every 2nd and 4th Friday evening of the month at 8 o'clock in Masonic Hall corner of Wood and Church streets.  
Mrs. Bessie Pearce, W. M.  
Jos. H. McConomy, W. P.  
Mrs. Henrietta C. Cale, Secy.  
Mrs. Fannie D. Smith, Treas.

**TUCKERTON LODGE NO. 4 F. & A. M.**  
Meets every 2nd and 4th Tuesday evening of each month in Masonic Hall corner of Wood and Church streets.  
S. S. ANDERSON, W. M.  
W. Irving Smith, Secy.

**BYRON POST NO. 77 G. A. R.**  
Meet at Town Hall, every first and third Thursday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock.  
Charles White, Commander.  
Edwin A. Gale, Adjutant.

**LAKEHURST COUNCIL NO. 24, J. O. U. A. M.**  
Meets every Monday night in Red Men's Hall corner of Main and Green streets, at 8 o'clock.  
Nicholas Cullen, Councilor.  
Joseph H. Brown, S. S.

**RELIGIOUS COUNCIL NO. 156, D. of L.**  
Meets every Thursday evening in the Led Men's Hall corner of Main and Green streets at 8 o'clock.  
Mrs. Helen Gaskill, Councilor.  
Mrs. L. W. Frazier, Secy.

**FOHATONG TRIBE NO. 61, IMP'D.**  
O. E. S. M.  
Meets every Saturday night, 7th Room, 6th Street in Red Men's Wigwam, corner Main and Green streets.  
Alvin C. Cobb, Sachem.  
Geo. Bishop, Jr., C. of S.

**W. H. Kelley, W. L. Smith, C. Ira Mathis.**  
**FRUITFUL WIDOWS AND ORPHANS**  
Garwood Horner Jos. H. McConomy  
Joseph H. Brown.

**OCEAN LODGE NO. 55, I. O. O. F.**  
Meets every Wednesday Evening in Red Men's Hall.  
Morgan T. Morris, N. G.  
Lipman S. Gerber, Secy.

**MUTUAL BENEFIT BUILDING LOAN ASSOCIATION**  
Tuckerton, N. J.  
Meets at P. O. Building on the last Saturday evening of each month.  
W. I. Smith, President.  
J. Wilmer Speck, Secretary.  
Joseph H. Brown, Treas.

**COLUMBIA TEMPLE, NO. 20, L. O. G. E.**  
Hall corner Main and Wood streets.  
Mrs. Elva Webb, N. T.  
Mrs. L. W. Frazier, G. of R.

**EXPLORE LITTLE KNOWN ISLANDS**

**Expedition to Visit Channel Group in Pacific Off Coast of California.**

**RICH IN HISTORIC LORE**

Islands Are Within 82 Miles of California's Shore, Yet Less Than 50 Persons Annually Visit Them—Discovered by Cabrillo.

San Francisco.—An expedition of scientific students has been made up in California and Oregon to explore thoroughly the channel islands off that part of the coast in California known as Santa Barbara and Ventura counties during the next six months. The party, says the Dearborn Independent, is to be sustained by Stanford university largely and to a less extent by several denominational colleges in southern California. Anthropological and archaeological students, who have spent several weeks each on these islands, say they are one of the very richest fields for work in that department of knowledge on the Pacific coast.

The channel islands constitute California's only archipelago, with the possible exceptions of the rocky and scanty Farallone Islands. They have been objects of romance, legends, curiosity and mystery for a generation.

The islands are within 82 miles of California's shore, yet are unvisited and years roll by with visits to them of less than 50 persons annually. Each island has its own particular strange, uncanny traditions of the tribes of red men, and each has the countless traces of an occupation by thousands and thousands of Indians.

**Discovery of Channel Islands.**

When Juan Rodriguez Cabrillo, the Portuguese navigator, sailed up the coast of California in 1542, he stopped for a day or two at each of the channel islands, and his records bear testimony that on the islands of Santa Barbara, Catalina, Clemente and St. Nicholas there were a "vigorous and lusty race of natives, who thronged the shores of the little bays and headlands," and gazed in mute wonder at the white-sailed ship of the navigators.

Today the islands stand as they did more than 350 years ago, but the natives are only a memory, represented by immense quantities of stone implements, barrels of fine wampum and cart loads of human bones.

St. Nicholas Island lies 80 miles immediately opposite the little city of San Buenaventura (recently called by the more modern and easy name of Ventura) and is the most interesting of all the channel islands from many points of view. As far back as the memory of any person in Southern California extends, hundreds of white skeletons have dotted the valleys and hillsides. Strange utensils of serpentine sandstone and steatite are found there among the human bones, and the island and its erstwhile inhabitants have a history so curious that it is difficult of comprehension.

In 1835 the Franciscan padre in the Santa Barbara mission, learning that there were but 16 of the strange and almost extinct human race then living there, determined to rescue them from the island. They went over in a sloop and succeeded, as they thought, in getting all on board.

At the last moment an Indian woman returned for her child, and one of the frequent storms of the channel islands springing up, the sloop was driven away without her. The sloop went on the rocks off Point Conception and all were lost.

**St. Nicholas.**

St. Nicholas is 10 miles long and four miles wide at the widest point. Its topography shows a nearly level plateau, with an elevation of 800 to 1,000 feet. Two-thirds of the surface is covered with drifting sand, and the remainder grows a species of nutritious grass and moss, on which a thousand sheep find pasture.

As far as the eye can trace there are barren levels with innumerable circular depressions, showing where primitive dwellings once stood. Not a vestige remains of the materials used in the construction of these rancherias. Hundreds of shell mounds are scattered about and are found to consist of astonishing numbers of mollusca, the bones of every species of fish found in the channel, skeletons of seals, sea elephants, whales, sea otter, the island fox and various aquatic birds.

An examination of some mounds discloses all sorts of curious utensils—stone cooking pots, ollas, mortars, pestles, drills, bone needles and fish hooks, shell beads, charm stones, pipes, cups and a few arrowheads, spear points and swords made of bone. The absence of many weapons proves the peaceful attributes of the islanders. Small imitations of boats and fish carved from crystallized talc and serpentine also show a rudimentary knowledge of the art of sculpture.

**Bathes His Wife in Raisin "Jack."**

Cincinnati, O.—Antonio Risola, fruit dealer, is one man the Volstead law couldn't touch. He was arrested for having an illicit still, but prohibition agents who found the still and 200 gallons of raisin mash, also found he used the mash to bathe his wife, who is seriously ill.

**PETROGRAD IS 'NO MAN'S LAND'**

**Once Gay Capital of Russia Is Now a Nightmare of Horror and Death.**

**HOUSES WRECKED FOR FUEL**

**Death Stalks on Every Side, Waiting for Winter to Aid in the Grim Work of Mowing Down Thousands.**

Paris.—A graphic, eye-witness description of the fearful conditions existing in Petrograd is given by the Finnish Red Cross in an appeal just issued to the Red Cross Societies of the World. It is accompanied by documents, prepared by Professor Zelder formerly head of the Petrograd Red Cross, but now a refugee in Finland.

The documents tell the story of the agony of a dying city. Petrograd's present population based on the food cards, now is from 500,000 to 600,000, and the former capital of the czars is described as having shrunk to one-fourth its pre-war size. The report says:

"Death stalks on every side, waiting for winter to aid in the grim work of mowing down the sifent, hungry sick, and dying by thousands. With streets and houses choked with filth that is already spreading spotted and intermittent typhus the cold weather will finish the task with pneumonia and abdominal typhus.

**Wreck Houses for Fuel.**

"The fuel situation was never so bad. Wooden houses have been torn down for fuel. The material is distributed equally among the population but during the night the more active citizens steal the quota of wood from others.

"Attempts to repair the streets, which are full of holes, owing to bursting water pipes, failed because the wood blocks used for pavement had been stolen during the night for fuel.

"Lighting is allowed only two half hours each day, and then not all houses are supplied on the lines furnished by the authorities. Kerosene costs 450 rubles. There are no candles. Most homes are in darkness.

"There is no means of transporting things by waterway, because the barges were long since demolished for fuel. The railway transportation is devoted almost exclusively to the distribution of flour. Only 200 persons are permitted to leave Petrograd daily by passenger train.

"Workmen receive half a pound of bread daily; sometimes other food is given. The prices of foodstuffs continue to rise to incredible heights. Many products have almost completely disappeared from the markets.

"The mortality has reached a startling rate, owing to the lack of food and the insanitary conditions of houses and streets. Fat has left the majority of the population long ago. At present the muscular tissue is consumed. The faces of the people have taken on a waxlike color.

**City of Ghastly Horror.**

"In order to fill their stomachs with something, they drink different substitutes for tea and coffee, or great quantities of plain water, resulting in puffiness and dropsy, which change the expression of the face so that even old acquaintances are unrecognizable.

"There is no fuel, no hot water or baths, no janitor, doorkeeper or servants for cleaning yards, streets, buildings, or for the removal of garbage.

"Petrograd is facing a dreadful phantom of epidemics. Thousands are already dying every month of spotted, abdominal, and intermittent typhus, dysentery, Spanish influenza, smallpox, pulmonary diseases, hunger and exhaustion.

"The hospitals are overflowing with drooping victims, mostly women, elderly men and children."

**Hair Tonic Enlarges Cranium.**

New York.—William C. Kendall of Newark began suit for damages in the Supreme court against a chain drug store. He says he bought a bottle of hair restorer on Feb. 17 and soon after was suffering from "enlargement of the cranium."

Kendall says his head expanded to twice its size and that more than two weeks he was unable to see and suffered intense pain. He demands \$10,000.

**Bride Objects to Delay.**

Hagerstown, Md.—"Hurry up, Sam; we can't take all day." Thus Mrs. Samuel Reed, 28 years old, admonished her 62-year-old husband acquired here. For with the ceremony ended the pair was homeward bound to Skilletown. In the mountains. While legal arrangements for the union were under way, Mrs. Reed became impatient and urged Reed to "cut the red tape."

**Reforming a Gretna Green.**

Wellsburg, W. Va.—The day of the marriage "tout" is passing. No longer will couples bent on being married in this city, the Gretna Green of Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia, be carried half over the town and then charged exorbitant prices, when the distance to the marriage license bureau is only a block away. The Wellsburg council has passed an ordinance outlawing "touting."

**Not Frightened.**

Private Jones was doing his first guard duty. An officer approached and Jones failed to salute. The officer halted and said pompously, "Mr man, do you know who I am?" Jones admitted his ignorance. "I'm a colonel," the officer said. Jones grinned and said, "Gee, you wuz lucky. They made me just a private."—Judge.

**Manahawkin**

Mrs. Julia Paul is suffering with Grippe.

The ladies of the Golden Eagle held a chicken supper on Wednesday night it being their 20th anniversary. They had a very pleasing entertainment, accompanying the supper.

Mrs. Pruden Letts is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Walter Bowers, in Bordentown.

Mrs. Sarah Ware and Mrs. W. C. Paul spent a day in Philadelphia this week.

Mrs. Hope Gaskill of Tuckerton is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cranger. Mrs. Gaskill has been spending some time in Camden with her son, William, whose wife has been critically ill.

Miss Edith Hazelton of Philadelphia, was a week end visitor at home with her parents.

George Letts and wife of Camden, were over Sunday visitors with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Adams.

Courtney C. Patterson attended the funeral of his nephew in Collingswood on Saturday last.

Captain Stephen Inman celebrated his 88th birthday on Saturday, Feb. 20.

Miss Jennie McGlen of Brooklyn has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. O. Atkinson.

Mrs. Alvin Paul entertained relatives from Brooklyn recently.

Miss Elsie Letts was a visitor in Bordentown and Philadelphia the past week.

Mrs. Cillie Hazelton has returned after a two weeks visit in Collingswood.

Archie Kafer and family of Bordentown, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. William Malsbury.

Thomas Sprague and wife attended the funeral of their uncle Mahlon Sprague at White Hills, N. J.

Mrs. Mae Gee and son of Jersey City, were in town for a day this week.

Winifred Frazee of Lakehurst spent a few days at home this week.

N. M. Letts was a visitor in Red Bank the past week.

William Manlove is receiving dental treatment at Tuckerton.

**Couple's "Shaft"**

A honeymoon down a coal-pit sounds a bit weird and dark; but that, at least, was the first trip made by bride and bridegroom after the church ceremony. The bridegroom was a coal-pit manager, and his new wife had never been down a coal-pit, or even seen one, till the wedding day. At her own request they went from the church, donned suitable attire, stepped into the cage, and were taken to the bottom of the shaft, where they had a rousing reception from miners armed with pick and shovel.

**Corroboration.**

Little Dick, to visitor—"Have you really left all your songs at home, Mr. Hobson?" Visitor—"Yes, Dickie, but why do you keep asking me the same question?" Little Dick—"Cos mammy says it's too good to be true."

**A Moving Tale.**

A Yarmouth pork butcher notified his customers that he had sold out by hanging in his window a pig's tail with a card bearing the words: "This is the end of our pork this week."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

**Your Own Way.**

Many have an idea that it would be pleasant always to have their own way. It is sometimes pleasant, but the results are not gratifying. It is the road that leads to temptation and bondage of sin.

**Why man— we made this cigarette for you!**



**CAMELS** fit your cigarette desires so completely you'll agree they were made to meet your taste!

Unique flavor, fragrance and mel-low-mild-body due to Camels quality and expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos are a revelation! You will prefer the Camel blend to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!

With Camels you can go the limit without tiring your taste. They leave no unpleasant cigarette after-taste; no unpleasant cigarette odor!

To get a line on why Camels win you so completely compare them puff-for-puff with any cigarette in the world at any price. You'll prefer quality to coupons or premiums!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

**Walter Atkinson**

**AUTOMOBILE LINE**

between TUCKERTON and ABSECON

The Walter Atkinson Auto Line is running between Tuckerton & Absecon on the following schedule:

**WEEK DAYS**

Leave Tuckerton daily . . . 7.30 A. M.  
Leave Tuckerton daily . . . 1.30 P. M.  
Leave Absecon daily . . . 10.00 A. M.  
Leave Absecon daily . . . 4.00 P. M.

**SUNDAYS**

Leave Tuckerton . . . 7.30 A. M.  
Leave Tuckerton . . . 4.00 P. M.  
Leave Absecon . . . 10.00 A. M.  
Leave Absecon . . . 6.00 P. M.

Autos to hire for all occasions at special prices. A full line of accessories. Ford parts, oils, greases, tires and hardware at cut prices. A fresh line of candies.

Waiting room in the store of my GARAGE on Main street, opposite The Tuckerton Bank.

PHONE 26  
WALTER ATKINSON, Proprietor.

**Fire Insurance**

Fire Insurance written in the following reliable companies:

Royal, Commercial Union North British & Mercantile.

Philadelphia Underwriters, Girard Fire & Marine

GEO. BISHOP, JR., Agent  
Tuckerton, N. J.

**Hot Water Supply and Low-Cost Radiator Heat for All Homes**



The IDEAL-Arcola is a heating boiler which circulates hot water to radiators in adjoining rooms. It is also arranged for the introduction of a hot water pipe into the fire chamber so that a plentiful supply of running hot water may be constantly in the range boiler for domestic uses. The IDEAL-Arcola installation is quickly made and is the most satisfactory and profitable investment in the small, cellarless house. Lasts forever and saves costly fuel every year!

**New IDEAL-Arcola Radiator-Boiler**

Hot water radiator heat may now be enjoyed by the owner of the small cottage, bungalow, store, office, shop, etc., because the IDEAL-Arcola Heating Outfit is designed for all-on-one-floor heating. No cellar or water pressure is required. The system is self-acting. It is run like a stove, and circulates hot water heat to the radiators located in the adjoining rooms. The piping is simple and no valves or other accessories are used. It may be installed quickly in any building. Heats the whole house with one fire and uses no more fuel than the old-fashioned method of heating one room!

Any Dealer will furnish in sizes to suit rooms and climatic conditions.

For Soft Coal	No. 1-B Size IDEAL-Arcola with 100 sq. ft. of Radiation	\$142
	" 2-B "	174
	" 3-B "	213
	" 4-B "	251
	" 5-B "	290
For Hard Coal	No. 1-A Size IDEAL-Arcola with 135 sq. ft. of Radiation	\$143
	" 2-A "	180
	" 3-A "	219
	" 4-A "	258
	" 5-A "	297

Prices include Expansion Tank and Drain Valve. Prices do not include labor, pipe and fittings used in installation and which are supplied by the local dealer at extra charge. Radiation is of regular 36-in. height 3-column AMERICAN Peerless, in sizes as needed to suit your rooms. Outfits shipped complete f. o. b. our nearest warehouse, at Boston, Providence, Worcester, Springfield (Mass.), Albany, New York, Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Pittsburgh, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Buffalo, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Birmingham, Detroit, Chicago, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Des Moines, or St. Louis.

Simple way of heating a four-room cellarless cottage by IDEAL-Arcola Radiator-Boiler and three AMERICAN Radiators. The IDEAL-Arcola may be painted to match interior trim. Ask for catalog (free) showing open views of heating layouts of 4-, 5-, 6- and 7-room cottages, stores, shops, offices, stations, schools, movies, banks, garages, etc. Don't delay.

Sold by all dealers  
No exclusive agents

**AMERICAN RADIATOR COMPANY**

Public showrooms at Chicago, New York, Boston, Springfield, Portland, Providence, Worcester, Philadelphia, Reading, Harrisburg, Newark, Wilkes-Barre, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Norfolk, Albany, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Indianapolis, Florida, Cincinnati, Columbus, Dayton, Louisville, Atlanta, Birmingham, New Orleans, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, St. Louis, Kansas City, Des Moines, Omaha, Denver, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Seattle, Spokane, Portland, Toronto.

Phone or write us at 115 North Broad St. Philadelphia, Pa.

252

**The Right of Way**



Printing is the Salesman Who Has the Right of Way

Your sales letter in the United States mail has the right of way straight to your customer's desk.

Strengthen your appeal by using a paper of known quality—Hammermill Bond—and good printing which will attract your customer's attention, and sell your goods.

That's the kind of printing we do and the paper we use.

Use More Printed Salesmanship. Ask us.

Back Given Out?

There's surely some reason for that lame, aching back. Likely it's your kidneys. A cold or strain often congests the kidneys and slows them up.

A New York Case. Chas. R. Towner, 31 Shannon St., Bath, N. Y. says: "I did a lot of heavy lifting which disordered my kidneys."

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. POSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

The Lure of Luna

By R. RAY BAKER

(© 1921, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

At the north end of the double row of rickety structures stood one more pretentious than the rest. Its pretentiousness consisted in its bigness in contrast with the others, an arched formation of boughs at its entrance and a cluster of three electric lights in front.

The pretentious building was not brilliantly lighted; in fact, the interior did not appear to be illuminated at all, although those three lamps blazed beckoningly in front.

It would have been a propitious time for burglary, with the guardian of the law and all his official relations shut up in the dark structure—only all the bad men were there also.

It was 11 o'clock when lights flared in the building and it began emptying crowds into the street. Among them were Fred Adams, miner, and his wife.

"Wasn't it grand?" she exclaimed, radiating enthusiasm, as they walked toward a building less pretentious than the rest at the south end of the double row of rickety structures.

"Yes, it was all right," he responded; not so enthusiastically.

Her hair was so black it blended with the night, while her eyes, which also were dark, danced with a light that would have been vivacious had not Rocky River been a mining camp and had there been an excuse to be vivacious.

His hair was red and freckles by the multitude almost made themselves seen through the darkness. He was lank, with a thin face in conformity.

Lighting his pipe, Fred Adams seated himself at a crude desk in a corner of the room and fondly handled five little nuggets which he had produced from a drawer. They represented all the wealth he possessed, the product of ten weeks' steady pan-washing in the river.

His wife went to him and kissed him and retired to her bed in the next room, to dream.

Fred Adams came of a long line of miners, all of them real toilers, most of them unsuccessful. From his father he inherited sufficient funds for a college course; but one year there satisfied him and he went back to the family vocation and grubstaked himself out of the money that was left.

His wife was a waif, brought to Rocky River by a band of pilgrims who found her at Penrose's Gulch, a hundred miles away, just after the village people laid her mother to rest in the cemetery.

There were stories that the mother had been an actress, but they might have been just stories. The girl owed her education to the Rocky River schoolteacher, a former instructor in a seminary in the East, who had come among the mountains to repair broken health and with whom the waif lived until Fred Adams came along.

The movie had invaded Rocky River only three months before, and now it was a regular semi-weekly treat. Twice a week Fred Adams was dragged by his wife to the pretentious structure at the north end of town. Not once did he think of refusing her the little extravagance; he loved her too much for that, and he realized he had not much to offer her in the way of recreation. But how Fred Adams did hate the movies!

He knew there must be a climax before long, because he could see that his wife was fast in the clutches of the films, so to speak, but he hardly was prepared for her announcement:

"Fred, I'm going to be a movie star." She had emerged from the bedroom and was standing beside him as he sat at the desk with his moody dreams.

"What did you say, Helen?" he asked, thinking he could not have heard aright.

"I said I was going to be a movie star. I was asleep, and I dreamed that the man in the moon looked through the window and opened his huge mouth and said, 'You should go in the films. Your mother was an actress and you have her talent. You can be a star.' I had been thinking of just that thing for a long time, and the moon made me decide. So, Fred, I'm going to be a movie star—if you don't object."

Object? Of course he couldn't do that. He could not object to anything she suggested. However, he did not

quite understand how it was to be done.

"It's simple," she explained. "I've been reading these two magazines left by the travelers, and they tell how. All you have to do is to go to California and get a job in a studio, and if you have the talent you get to be a star."

As he turned in his chair and looked up at her his gaze seemed longer than usual, and the crinkles in it were more pronounced. She had the magazines in her hands and was thumbing the pages. Her eyes were dancing and her face was flushed. Helen was a spoiled child, but then he had spoiled her.

"I mean it, Fred. It isn't that I don't care for you. I really do, an awful lot. But I can't be tied down here any longer. I must go out into the world. I've just got to be a picture star. In one year I'll come back to you, whether I succeed or fail. Can I go?"

Something seemed to burst in Fred's brain and his throat felt parched and his eyes filled. He turned to his desk and frowned at the five nuggets.

"Of course you can," was all he said.

The next day he took his nuggets to the assayer and obtained slightly more than enough to send his wife to California.

"I'll see that you get more from time to time," he promised. "But, of course, you probably won't need it—your job and everything."

So Helen Adams went to California to be a movie star, and her husband watched her go with much the same feeling he would have experienced if he had seen her lowered into a grave on the hill.

A year passed, with few changes in Rocky River. A few more shacks had been thrown together, and at the south end of town a new excavation was being made, and the movie shows were every night instead of twice a week.

One day the auto bus which recently had replaced the stage coach stopped at the little hut at Adams' place and a young lady stepped out. Her black hair was done up in the latest style and her black eyes were dancing.

A young man appeared in the doorway of the hut and she slipped him. His red hair reflected the sunlight and his rather full face was resplendent with smiles and freckles.

"Fred!" called the girl. "Can that be you, Fred?"

She went to him and threw her arms about him.

"But you're not so thin, Fred!" she cried presently, standing back and surveying him. "My being away has agreed with you."

"They entered the shack and had dinner, which he prepared on the oil stove, and then began a talkfest that lasted well into the night.

"I made good from the start. They found out that my mother had been a great actress on the stage, and they set out to make me great in the film. I wanted to surprise you, so in my letters I simply said I had a studio job. But I have had wonderful success—simply wonderful! I wonder if you have seen any of my pictures? Probably they have not appeared here yet. The very best one—the one that gave me my start to fame—was 'The Lure of Luna.' Oh, they gave me wonderful parts to play! They seemed created just for me. Others were 'Star of the Morning' and 'Across the Desert.'"

"Rocky River is much the same," she rattled on, "only it looks like they were putting up a big building south of us. There's a large excavation there."

He reached into a drawer of his desk and brought out a roll of blue paper.

"These are the plans," he said. "It's going to be our house, the place where we will spend our vacations."

Her eyes were round with astonishment and bewilderment.

"But explain, explain," she insisted. "This is a magnificent home. This old house must be full of nuggets. Did you strike it rich while I was away?"

He lifted her from his knee, on which she had been sitting, to a chair, and went into the other room. When he returned there were two old magazines in his hand and a queer twinkle in his eyes.

"These brought you success," he said, turning the papers, "and they also brought me success. I used my last nugget to pay your way to California. When the bus disappeared with you I came back to this little hut discouraged, not caring what happened."

"With the intention of tearing them to pieces I picked up these magazines, but something in one of them attracted my attention, and I read. That very night I wrote a motion picture scenario. I sold it and then I sold another, and soon I had sold many of them."

He lighted his pipe and puffed on it slowly, his eyes still twinkling.

"Among my pictures," he went on, "were 'Star of the Morning' and 'Across the Desert.' But my very best—the one that got me recognition—was 'The Lure of Luna.'"

Today's Geography



WHAT CHICAGO OWES TO GEOGRAPHY

Chicago is the subject of one of a series of bulletins on American cities. The following description is based on a communication to the National Geographic society by William Joseph Shewalter:

"Geography made Chicago. Its position at the foot of the Great Lakes resulted in its evolution as the farthest inland terminus of navigation of the inland seas.

"Made what it is by the processes of geography, Chicago soon returned the compliment by helping geography transform other regions. Its slaughtering and packing industry has changed the center of gravity of the meat-producing world. Its agricultural implement industry has revised the economic status of more than half of the inhabitants of the earth. Its sleeping-car industry, has entirely revised the geography of travel, bringing hundreds of places separated by mountain and plain close to each other.

"It is interesting to pause for a bird's-eye inventory of what the city is today. Fourth in population, it ranks first among the world's great urban centers in many ways. No other place butchers as much meat, makes as much machinery, builds as many cars, sells as much grain, or handles as much lumber.

"The Michigan avenue improvement is a major feature of the now famous 'Chicago Plan.' The beautiful highway, with its connecting arteries, unites the North Shore with the South side. For years this thoroughfare has been the pride of Chicago, and the admiration of all who visit the city. As a part of the Lake Shore drive that links the woods of southern Wisconsin with the plains of northern Indiana, it is a magnificent street.

"To secure the full benefits of her situation, the city is undertaking to connect her three great lakeside parks. Already Lincoln park has edged a narrow way southward along the beach until there is a wonderful curving stretch of green reaching to Grand avenue and making a four-mile parkway unbroken and unmarred.

"The city annually spends five million dollars for park purposes; more per capita, perhaps, than any other city of the first order in existence. There is not a 'keep off the grass' sign in the entire park system; and all recreational facilities are free except the boats in the lagoons.

"There is a 'swimming hole' with in walking distance of every boy in Chicago; and even with the fine municipal bathing beaches of the lake front far away, these mid-city park lagoons are always in use, providing joy for the hearts of the kiddies who visit them."

"When the Saint passed away, in 1036, one of his hands was amputated and embalmed, and this sacred relic reposes in the court chapel of the Royal Palace in old Buda. Adorned with many handsome rings, it is kept in a crystal casket, set in a beautiful golden reliquary ornamented with many precious stones. In a special shrine behind the high altar, it remained for 364 days in every year, where it could be seen only by the royal household, and those having special permission. On the three hundred and sixty-fifth day, the one set apart to do honor to Saint Stephen, it was taken from its resting place, and with great pomp and a most brilliant escort, carried in a procession to the old Matthias church for a special memorial service.

"The first thing that attracted our attention, as we drove by the walking crowds, was the change of costume of the peasants from the day before. They all were in their working clothes, but today they were arrayed in all their glory. The men had retained their flat hats, but had generally adorned them with flying ribbons of the national colors—red, white and green. The white divided-skirt-like trousers were now ornamented on the bottoms of the legs with fringe, or coarse lace, and the dark working coats had been laid aside. In their place were gala ones, always colored—soft browns, reds and greens—and elaborately braided with different colored cords.

"The women retained the colored head handkerchiefs, but they were newer and brighter than those worn on Saturday. Their waists were generally of white or light cotton material, sometimes gaily ornamented with coarse-colored embroidery. It was the skirts that were the unique things about the costumes. Of the brightest colors, they were accordion-plated, and stood out in the most remarkable manner. How they accomplished this was a mystery to the ladies of our party, until our trusty guide and interpreter had been interviewed. From him it was learned that no Hungarian peasant woman considers herself properly dressed for a gala occasion unless she has on at least twenty petticoats."

"With very few exceptions, there was no recurrence of plague in buildings which had been disinfected and renovated. As center after center of infection was found and destroyed the percentage of diseased rats began to decrease, and in January, 1902, when, judging from the history of previous years, plague should have begun to spread among human beings, there was not a single case. In February, one case occurred. In March, there were two cases, as against 63 in March of the preceding year, and before April, the disease had completely disappeared."

"Moldavia. Now that Roumania has doubled its area and population, thus becoming the largest of the Balkan states, it is attracting more interest and attention among nations of the world. Moldavia, the north wing of the butterfly-shaped Roumania of pre-war

days, was conspicuous during the struggle for being squeezed between the Austro-German armies on the north, and other central powers' forces attacking on the south. Moldavia had approximately one-fourth of the population and one-fourth of the area of the Roumania of 1914. The population is a little less than two and a quarter million, and the area a little less than 15,000 square miles. To the west of it lie Transylvania and the Austrian crown lands of Bukovina. To the east lies Bessarabia, with the river Pruth marking the boundary the entire distance. On the south is Wallachia, the other wing of the Roumanian kingdom. The Sereth river divides Moldavia into eastern and western sections, flowing the entire length of the principality along the foothills of the Carpathian mountains. Eastern Moldavia, composed mainly of the high plateau lying between the Pruth and the Sereth, is approximately 275 miles long and has an average width of about 50 miles. Western Moldavia is entirely mountainous, the crest of the Carpathians forming the boundary between it and Austria-Hungary.

The history of the principality of Moldavia is of striking interest. It was founded about the middle of the fourteenth century by the Wallach Voivode Bogden. It soon grew to be a large state, embracing the present Moldavia, Bukovina, and Bessarabia. Poland and Hungary were both rivals for favor at the Moldavian court, with neither able permanently to assert its overlordship. Stephen the Great ruled Moldavia from 1457 to 1504, and defied the Turks, winning a signal victory over them at Rakova in 1475. Gradually growing stronger, however, the Moslems succeeded, again, under Stephen the Great's successor, in establishing their mastery.

Although the Turks never settled the country, they proceeded to build fortresses, and thus managed to hold their ground. Up to 1821 the country was governed by hospodars appointed by the sultan from the families of Greek aristocrats. In that year native princes were once more made to head the government, but in 1829, Russia having gained a victory over Turkey, was accorded a protectorate over Moldavia under the treaty of Adrianople. This treaty was terminated by the Crimean war and the treaty of Paris. Thereafter, the powers agreed to set up the two principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia, which in their turn decided, in 1859-61, that they would unite under one head and become one country.

Discovery last summer of a number of isolated cases of the bubonic plague in the United States lends interest to the following communication to the National Geographic society, describing how the disease was conquered by American medical authorities in the Philippines.

"The United States drove the bubonic plague out of the Philippines as completely as it swept the yellow fever out of Cuba.

"Bubonic plague was discovered at Manila December 26, 1890, and slowly but steadily increased up to December, 1901. The deaths in 1900 numbered 199, and in 1901 reached a total of 432. The disease was at its worst each year during the hot, dry months of March, April, and May, nearly or quite disappearing during September, October, November, and December. It will be noted that the number of cases in 1901 exceeded that in 1900 by 200, while the number of deaths was about two and a half times as great, and the percentage of mortality among persons attacked increased from 73.4 in 1900 to 91.7 in 1901.

"On account of the important part which house rats are known to play in the distribution of bubonic plague, a systematic campaign was inaugurated against these rodents in Manila. Policemen, sanitary inspectors, and specially appointed rat-catchers were furnished with traps and poison, and both traps and poison were distributed to private individuals under proper restrictions. A bounty was paid for all rats turned over to the health authorities, and stations were established at convenient points throughout the city where they could be received. Each rat was tagged with the street and number of the building or lot from which it came, was dropped into a strong antiseptic solution, and eventually sent to the biological laboratory, where it was subjected to a bacteriological examination for plague.

"Buildings in which plague rats were taken were treated exactly as were those where the disease attacked the human occupants. The bacteriological examination of rats enabled the board of health to follow the pest into its most secret haunts and fight it there, and was the most important factor in the winning of the great success which was ultimately achieved.

"With very few exceptions, there was no recurrence of plague in buildings which had been disinfected and renovated. As center after center of infection was found and destroyed the percentage of diseased rats began to decrease, and in January, 1902, when, judging from the history of previous years, plague should have begun to spread among human beings, there was not a single case. In February, one case occurred. In March, there were two cases, as against 63 in March of the preceding year, and before April, the disease had completely disappeared."

"Moldavia. Now that Roumania has doubled its area and population, thus becoming the largest of the Balkan states, it is attracting more interest and attention among nations of the world. Moldavia, the north wing of the butterfly-shaped Roumania of pre-war

days, was conspicuous during the struggle for being squeezed between the Austro-German armies on the north, and other central powers' forces attacking on the south. Moldavia had approximately one-fourth of the population and one-fourth of the area of the Roumania of 1914. The population is a little less than two and a quarter million, and the area a little less than 15,000 square miles. To the west of it lie Transylvania and the Austrian crown lands of Bukovina. To the east lies Bessarabia, with the river Pruth marking the boundary the entire distance. On the south is Wallachia, the other wing of the Roumanian kingdom. The Sereth river divides Moldavia into eastern and western sections, flowing the entire length of the principality along the foothills of the Carpathian mountains. Eastern Moldavia, composed mainly of the high plateau lying between the Pruth and the Sereth, is approximately 275 miles long and has an average width of about 50 miles. Western Moldavia is entirely mountainous, the crest of the Carpathians forming the boundary between it and Austria-Hungary.

The history of the principality of Moldavia is of striking interest. It was founded about the middle of the fourteenth century by the Wallach Voivode Bogden. It soon grew to be a large state, embracing the present Moldavia, Bukovina, and Bessarabia. Poland and Hungary were both rivals for favor at the Moldavian court, with neither able permanently to assert its overlordship. Stephen the Great ruled Moldavia from 1457 to 1504, and defied the Turks, winning a signal victory over them at Rakova in 1475. Gradually growing stronger, however, the Moslems succeeded, again, under Stephen the Great's successor, in establishing their mastery.

Although the Turks never settled the country, they proceeded to build fortresses, and thus managed to hold their ground. Up to 1821 the country was governed by hospodars appointed by the sultan from the families of Greek aristocrats. In that year native princes were once more made to head the government, but in 1829, Russia having gained a victory over Turkey, was accorded a protectorate over Moldavia under the treaty of Adrianople. This treaty was terminated by the Crimean war and the treaty of Paris. Thereafter, the powers agreed to set up the two principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia, which in their turn decided, in 1859-61, that they would unite under one head and become one country.

Discovery last summer of a number of isolated cases of the bubonic plague in the United States lends interest to the following communication to the National Geographic society, describing how the disease was conquered by American medical authorities in the Philippines.

"The United States drove the bubonic plague out of the Philippines as completely as it swept the yellow fever out of Cuba.

"Bubonic plague was discovered at Manila December 26, 1890, and slowly but steadily increased up to December, 1901. The deaths in 1900 numbered 199, and in 1901 reached a total of 432. The disease was at its worst each year during the hot, dry months of March, April, and May, nearly or quite disappearing during September, October, November, and December. It will be noted that the number of cases in 1901 exceeded that in 1900 by 200, while the number of deaths was about two and a half times as great, and the percentage of mortality among persons attacked increased from 73.4 in 1900 to 91.7 in 1901.

"On account of the important part which house rats are known to play in the distribution of bubonic plague, a systematic campaign was inaugurated against these rodents in Manila. Policemen, sanitary inspectors, and specially appointed rat-catchers were furnished with traps and poison, and both traps and poison were distributed to private individuals under proper restrictions. A bounty was paid for all rats turned over to the health authorities, and stations were established at convenient points throughout the city where they could be received. Each rat was tagged with the street and number of the building or lot from which it came, was dropped into a strong antiseptic solution, and eventually sent to the biological laboratory, where it was subjected to a bacteriological examination for plague.

"Buildings in which plague rats were taken were treated exactly as were those where the disease attacked the human occupants. The bacteriological examination of rats enabled the board of health to follow the pest into its most secret haunts and fight it there, and was the most important factor in the winning of the great success which was ultimately achieved.

"With very few exceptions, there was no recurrence of plague in buildings which had been disinfected and renovated. As center after center of infection was found and destroyed the percentage of diseased rats began to decrease, and in January, 1902, when, judging from the history of previous years, plague should have begun to spread among human beings, there was not a single case. In February, one case occurred. In March, there were two cases, as against 63 in March of the preceding year, and before April, the disease had completely disappeared."

"Moldavia. Now that Roumania has doubled its area and population, thus becoming the largest of the Balkan states, it is attracting more interest and attention among nations of the world. Moldavia, the north wing of the butterfly-shaped Roumania of pre-war

days, was conspicuous during the struggle for being squeezed between the Austro-German armies on the north, and other central powers' forces attacking on the south. Moldavia had approximately one-fourth of the population and one-fourth of the area of the Roumania of 1914. The population is a little less than two and a quarter million, and the area a little less than 15,000 square miles. To the west of it lie Transylvania and the Austrian crown lands of Bukovina. To the east lies Bessarabia, with the river Pruth marking the boundary the entire distance. On the south is Wallachia, the other wing of the Roumanian kingdom. The Sereth river divides Moldavia into eastern and western sections, flowing the entire length of the principality along the foothills of the Carpathian mountains. Eastern Moldavia, composed mainly of the high plateau lying between the Pruth and the Sereth, is approximately 275 miles long and has an average width of about 50 miles. Western Moldavia is entirely mountainous, the crest of the Carpathians forming the boundary between it and Austria-Hungary.

The history of the principality of Moldavia is of striking interest. It was founded about the middle of the fourteenth century by the Wallach Voivode Bogden. It soon grew to be a large state, embracing the present Moldavia, Bukovina, and Bessarabia. Poland and Hungary were both rivals for favor at the Moldavian court, with neither able permanently to assert its overlordship. Stephen the Great ruled Moldavia from 1457 to 1504, and defied the Turks, winning a signal victory over them at Rakova in 1475. Gradually growing stronger, however, the Moslems succeeded, again, under Stephen the Great's successor, in establishing their mastery.

Although the Turks never settled the country, they proceeded to build fortresses, and thus managed to hold their ground. Up to 1821 the country was governed by hospodars appointed by the sultan from the families of Greek aristocrats. In that year native princes were once more made to head the government, but in 1829, Russia having gained a victory over Turkey, was accorded a protectorate over Moldavia under the treaty of Adrianople. This treaty was terminated by the Crimean war and the treaty of Paris. Thereafter, the powers agreed to set up the two principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia, which in their turn decided, in 1859-61, that they would unite under one head and become one country.

Discovery last summer of a number of isolated cases of the bubonic plague in the United States lends interest to the following communication to the National Geographic society, describing how the disease was conquered by American medical authorities in the Philippines.

"The United States drove the bubonic plague out of the Philippines as completely as it swept the yellow fever out of Cuba.

"Bubonic plague was discovered at Manila December 26, 1890, and slowly but steadily increased up to December, 1901. The deaths in 1900 numbered 199, and in 1901 reached a total of 432. The disease was at its worst each year during the hot, dry months of March, April, and May, nearly or quite disappearing during September, October, November, and December. It will be noted that the number of cases in 1901 exceeded that in 1900 by 200, while the number of deaths was about two and a half times as great, and the percentage of mortality among persons attacked increased from 73.4 in 1900 to 91.7 in 1901.

"On account of the important part which house rats are known to play in the distribution of bubonic plague, a systematic campaign was inaugurated against these rodents in Manila. Policemen, sanitary inspectors, and specially appointed rat-catchers were furnished with traps and poison, and both traps and poison were distributed to private individuals under proper restrictions. A bounty was paid for all rats turned over to the health authorities, and stations were established at convenient points throughout the city where they could be received. Each rat was tagged with the street and number of the building or lot from which it came, was dropped into a strong antiseptic solution, and eventually sent to the biological laboratory, where it was subjected to a bacteriological examination for plague.

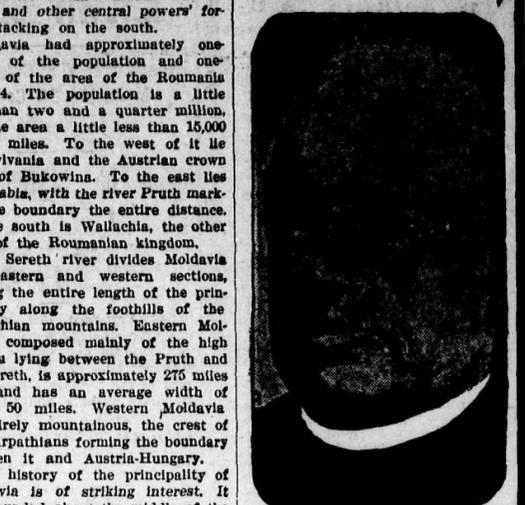
"Buildings in which plague rats were taken were treated exactly as were those where the disease attacked the human occupants. The bacteriological examination of rats enabled the board of health to follow the pest into its most secret haunts and fight it there, and was the most important factor in the winning of the great success which was ultimately achieved.

"With very few exceptions, there was no recurrence of plague in buildings which had been disinfected and renovated. As center after center of infection was found and destroyed the percentage of diseased rats began to decrease, and in January, 1902, when, judging from the history of previous years, plague should have begun to spread among human beings, there was not a single case. In February, one case occurred. In March, there were two cases, as against 63 in March of the preceding year, and before April, the disease had completely disappeared."

"Moldavia. Now that Roumania has doubled its area and population, thus becoming the largest of the Balkan states, it is attracting more interest and attention among nations of the world. Moldavia, the north wing of the butterfly-shaped Roumania of pre-war

days, was conspicuous during the struggle for being squeezed between the Austro-German armies on the north, and other central powers' forces attacking on the south. Moldavia had approximately one-fourth of the population and one-fourth of the area of the Roumania of 1914. The population is a little less than two and a quarter million, and the area a little less than 15,000 square miles. To the west of it lie Transylvania and the Austrian crown lands of Bukovina. To the east lies Bessarabia, with the river Pruth marking the boundary the entire distance. On the south is Wallachia, the other wing of the Roumanian kingdom. The Sereth river divides Moldavia into eastern and western sections, flowing the entire length of the principality along the foothills of the Carpathian mountains. Eastern Moldavia, composed mainly of the high plateau lying between the Pruth and the Sereth, is approximately 275 miles long and has an average width of about 50 miles. Western Moldavia is entirely mountainous, the crest of the Carpathians forming the boundary between it and Austria-Hungary.

TIMELY WARNING



Cold and Grip Germs find their earliest victims among those who are weak and run down and whose resisting power is lowest.

The pure food elements in Father John's Medicine build energy to resist Cold and Grip germs.

The gentle laxative effect of Father John's Medicine helps to drive out impurities.

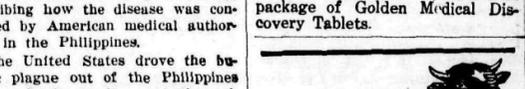
You are safe when you take Father John's Medicine because it is guaranteed free from alcohol or dangerous drugs in any form. 65 years in use.

BLOOD IMPOVERISHED, BRONCHIAL TROUBLE

BATAVIA, N. Y.—"I have been greatly benefited by taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I had become run-down, my blood was bad, impoverished, and I also had some bronchial trouble. I saw the 'Discovery' advertised and decided to give it a trial and the results were most gratifying to me; it cleared up the bronchial trouble, gave me strength and built up my whole system. 'Golden Medical Discovery' is an excellent tonic and blood purifier and I am glad to recommend it."—Mrs. AGUSTA JAMES, 130 Harvester Avenue.

Send 10c to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., for a trial package of Golden Medical Discovery Tablets.

50 good cigarettes for 10c from one sack of GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM TOBACCO



Children Who Are Sickly

When your child cries at night, tosses restlessly in its sleep, is constipated, feverish, or has symptoms of worms, you feel worried. Mothers who value their own comfort and the welfare of their children, should never be without a box of Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Child-en

for use throughout the season. They tend to break up Colds, relieve Feverishness, Constipation, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and destroy Worms. These powders are pleasant to take and easy for parents to give. They cleanse the stomach, act on the Liver and give healthful sleep. Don't accept by regulating the child's any substitute.

Used by mothers for over 30 years. Sold by all druggists. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y. Be sure you ask for and obtain Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.

Gall Cure Collars

Made of Rubberized Fabric Will not Gall the Horse or Mule

The Curled Hair Pad

Removes Grease, Dirt, and Soot from the Hair, making it last a year longer. They add from 10 to 25% to your hair. Made by GALL CURE COLLAR PAD CO., North Baltimore, Ohio. Sold by all first-class dealers.

Cuticura Talcum is Fragrant and Very Healthful

Seap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

Removes Dandruff, Itching, Redness, and restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair. 25c and 50c at Druggists. Hiram C. Parker, Wills, Fall River, Mass.

HINDERCORNS

Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, restores comfort to the feet. Makes walking easy. By mail or at Druggists. Hiram C. Parker, Wills, Fall River, Mass.

HOSKIE'S CROUP REMEDY

Has no rival. It is the best and only positive, swift and sure cure. 50 cents.

He Could Help Her Out. A certain prominent movie star is a cautious person. She had to halt a taxicab one night last week to get to the theater in time for the show, and remembering the old saying, "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," she said to the driver:

"I have only 60 cents in my purse; these pearls about my neck are imitation, and I have no other valuables. Little theater, please!"

The taxi man regarded her sympathetically a moment. "Listen, lady," he said, "if you need a dollar I kin loan youse one."—New York Sun.

Constipation, indigestion, sick-headache and bilious conditions are overcome by a course of Garfield Tea.—Adv.

Human Equality. The teacher of a juvenile Sunday school class had been talking to her pupils about death and concluded by asking: "Now, who can tell me where all men are equal, and there is absolutely no distinction between the rich and the poor man?"

"I can," replied one little fellow. "Where is it, Sammy?" she asked. "When they go in swimmin'

# HOW WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

May Escape the Dreaded Sufferings of that Period by Taking Mrs. Block's Advice

Hopkins, Minn.—"During Change of Life I had hot flashes and suffered for two years. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised in the paper and got good results from taking it. I recommend your medicine to my friends and you may publish this fact as a testimonial."—Mrs. ROBERT BLOCK, Box 642, Hopkins, Minn.

It has been said that not one woman in a thousand passes this perfectly natural change without experiencing a train of very annoying and sometimes painful symptoms. Those dreadful hot flashes, sinking spells, spots before the eyes, dizzy spells, nervousness, are only a few of the symptoms. Every woman at this age should profit by Mrs. Block's experience and try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., about your health. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Unique.  
"Yes, sir, we are proud of this election district. Why?"  
"Oh, sure, I know! You have the oldest voter in the country, who has never failed to cast his ballot at any election since 1824, and who—"  
"Not at all! Our district is unique and notable as being the only one in the nation which does not contain that political veteran."

Garfield Tea, the incomparable laxative, pleasant to take, pure, mild in action and wonderfully health-giving.—Adv.

Head of the Firm.  
"The word 'obey' was left out of the marriage ceremony."  
"It would not have meant anything in particular."  
"No?"  
"She has the money."

**Sure Relief**  
BELLANS FOR INDIGESTION  
6 BELLANS Hot water Sure Relief  
**BELLANS FOR INDIGESTION**

**It's toasted**

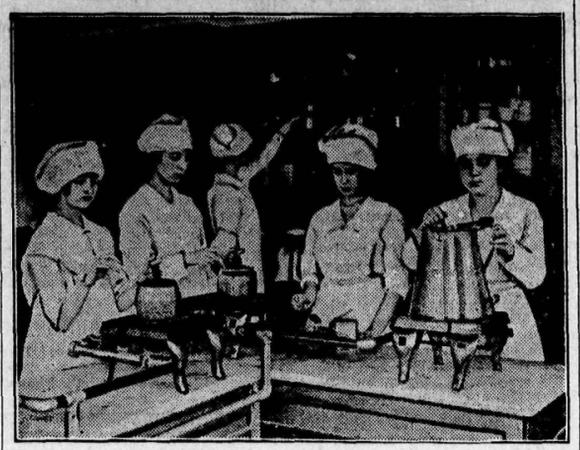
**LUCKY STRIKE** cigarette. Flavor is sealed in by toasting

**MAN'S BEST AGE**  
A man is as old as his organs; he can be as vigorous and healthy at 70 as at 35 if he aids his organs in performing their functions. Keep your vital organs healthy with

**GOLD MEDAL HARLEM OIL CAPSULES**  
The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles since 1896; corrects disorders; stimulates vital organs. All druggists, three sizes. Look for the same Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

**VARNESIS**  
A Medicine for All Forms of CHRONIC RHEUMATISM  
Time after time Varnesis has effected complete recovery when other treatments failed.  
Mr. C. A. Gould, Mannus Ave., Brockton, Mass.—Rheumatism for 5 years. Never moved out of one position for hours. Tried Varnesis. Am feeling fine.  
Sold by reliable druggists. Have us mail you the facts.  
VARNESIS CO., DEKOR W. LYNN, MASS.

# EVEN ONE HOT DISH WILL MAKE SCHOOL LUNCH MORE ENJOYABLE



The Larger Girls Take Turns in Preparing Soup or Cocoa for the School.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In the small rural school with only one teacher, it is still the common custom for the pupils to bring their lunches. The parents of the children oftentimes are wide-awake to how valuable the hot lunch has been found to be in the city schools, but they cannot see, under the existing circumstances in their school, how such an innovation can be managed.

Experience has proved that the child who has even one hot dish at noon does much better, mentally and physically, than the one who has only cold food, especially in winter weather. The country child has quite as much right to the benefits of the practice as has the city child. Usually when there is a concerted will to provide something of the sort, a way is found.

The situation, however, will require a teacher of ingenuity and of enthusiasm for her work. The simplest equipment includes a large kettle suitable to be used on the stove which heats the schoolhouse, measuring cup and spoons, paring knife, mixing spoon, dish pans, and towels. It will usually be possible for the boys to make a set of shelves for the dishes, using box lumber if no other is available, and for the girls to make curtains or other coverings for protection from dust. The pupils will, as a rule, be found willing to bring plates, cups, bowls, and spoons from home, if this is necessary, in order to keep down expenses. A freess cooker can easily be made by the pupils as a class exercise. In this a hot dish for lunch can be prepared before school. The freess cooker is convenient for meat stews, meat and bean soups, cereal mushes, and many other dishes that require long cooking.

## BEANS VERY POPULAR AS ECONOMICAL FOOD

They Are One of Cheapest Sources of Protein.

Used Chiefly as a Meat Substitute and a Cupful Equals in Food Value a Quarter of a Pound of Juicy Sirloin Steak.

Beans, though higher in price than they were several years ago, are still among the cheaper foods that can be bought today. They are one of the cheapest sources of protein and may be used to help supply this valuable food constituent in the diet, according to United States Department of Agriculture specialists. They are known chiefly as a meat substitute dish. A cup of baked beans, in which a third of a cup of dried beans are used, furnishes as much protein as a quarter of a pound of sirloin steak. Obviously the third of a cup of dried beans is much the cheaper to purchase. A pound of beef as purchased usually has some refuse in the form of skin, bone and gristle, while a pound of beans has practically no refuse. From this standpoint, therefore, as well as the difference in price, the housewife who finds her wood allowance growing low will do well to use beans often in place of meat.

The cheaper legumes, beans, peas, etc., should not be depended upon as the sole source of protein for a great length of time. Milk, cheese, eggs, or meat should furnish some of the protein in a week's dietary.

There is little difference in food value among the many common varieties of beans, with the exception of the soy bean, which is richer in protein and in fat than the ordinary beans. All legumes should be thoroughly cooked. Long cooking at moderate heat is best.

A favorite and standard recipe for baking beans is the following: Soak the beans overnight, then rinse and boil them until the skins crack when blown upon, but the beans are not quite soft. Use one-half pound of salt pork to one quart of beans. Cut the pork nearly through the rind and add before boiling the beans. After boiling, pour into the bean pot, insert the pork, the cut rind being level with the top of the beans. Add a pint of water used for boiling, a teaspoonful of salt and two tablespoons of molasses. The water should come about to the surface of the contents. Bake six to eight hours, adding more water when needed to prevent the top drying or burning. Beans, when done, should be

**Removal of Wax.**  
When taking the wax from jams and jellies put it, after being washed, into a coffee-pot, where it stays sweet and clean until future use. When heated it pours out without any waste.

**To Cook Potatoes.**  
To keep mealy potatoes from boiling away, put the potatoes in a colander or sieve and sprinkle with salt. Place a tight lid on the sieve and put in a larger kettle.

# For the Spring Sewing-Fest



A FEW weeks before Lent the shop windows blossom out with spring clothes for children, household linens, undermislins and house dresses, by way of reminding housewives that they must settle down to their annual spring sewing fest. Clothes for every member of the family become the absorbing matter of interest and the shops stand ready to furnish the wherewithal to make them. Their display windows are cheerful with gay spring cottons, checked and plaid gingham, plain chambrays and novelty weaves along with sheer organdy and other fine wash fabrics. This season they are showing exceptionally good-looking house dresses, crisp and practical, made of plaid, checked and plain materials. They invite the seamstress to consider what may be done with a few yards of gingham or other wash fabric in the hands of clever designers.

Checked gingham for both grown-ups and children are as sure of a welcome as daffodils, and they are duly on hand in the new displays. Pink and white combinations appear to be

## Adding Color to Street Dress



THE blouse has endeared itself to women for many reasons and has been developed in such great variety that the theme is endless. Starting with the tailored blouse of wash materials—the direct descendant of the shirtwaist—it runs through many dainty developments in lingerie blouses of sheer cottons or linen, handmade or otherwise, that commend themselves because of their perpetual freshness. It is fashioned in styles that give it the flavor of the sport suit, the tailored suit, the separate skirt—for morning or afternoon—and comes through its frequent tubing as good as new. Blouses of georgette are even more desired, because of the beauty of this fabric and its additional charm of color. And besides these two great favorites, there are blouses of satin, of net, lace and various silks to be reckoned with. Altogether they are a new story all the time.

Two of the simplest designs among those that make up spring displays, as shown in the picture, will interest the woman who undertakes the making of blouses at home. They are intended for wear with suits or skirts and are both washable, fulfilling the mission of the lingerie blouse and adding a color to the sedate street suit or tailored skirt. In each of them a feature of the new designs appears in the obliteration of a girde or belt. Blouses are extended below the waist, in the front at least, and there is a vague definition of the waist line in them, but they are often shaped to form a short sash at the back. The satin blouse at the left of the picture is a slip-over model with a little braid trimming and that at the right is of georgette, having the new three-quarter length, flaring sleeves. An apron panel at the front, displays a bit of embroidery and hemstitching provides the finished, careful workmanship that is the chief asset of blouse for wear with suits.

*Julia Bottanally*  
COPYRIGHT BY WESTERN NEWS-PAPER UNION

**Trimings.**  
A gold or silver picot edge is appearing on many tulle frocks. Much gold and silver cord, too, is used both on dresses and hats, edging brims and outlining crowns and in applique effects.

**Winter Fabric.**  
Metallic plush is one of the newest winter fabrics.

**Carpet Embroidery for Blouses.**  
"Carpet embroidery" is a sort of rough French knot work, used on sheer blouses; others have threads drawn to make wide bands of open-work squares.

**Silk Spats a Novelty.**  
Silk spats are a novelty. Some of these are moire.

**Gives Effect of Hem.**  
A hand of fur to edge the skirt will give the effect of a narrow hem.

**Malines Slashes.**  
Malines sashes, sometimes in contrasting color, are added to evening dress even though it be of velvet.

**For Dance Frocks.**  
Cloth of silver and the various color backed silver tissues are exceedingly popular for dance frocks.

**Gloves for Evening Wear.**  
Gloves are worn again for evening wear. Since the war they had been conspicuously absent.

# WELL TO DO FARMER GAINED 20 POUNDS

H. W. Boring Says He Is In Better General Health Than He Has Been in Years Since Taking Tanlac.



H. W. BORING of Overland Park, Kansas

"Since Tanlac has overcome my troubles I have gained twenty pounds in weight and am in better general health than for years past," was the straight-forward statement made a few days ago by H. W. Boring, a prominent and well-to-do farmer living at Overland Park, Kans.

"During the two years I suffered I tried everything I knew of to get relief, but nothing seemed to reach my case until I tried Tanlac. My appetite was poor and my digestion was so bad I could hardly retain my food. Nothing agreed with me; in fact I was almost a confirmed dyspeptic. My whole system seemed to be out of shape. I would have pains across the small of my back so bad at times I could hardly move around.

"My nerves were all unstrung and I would become up-set at the least little thing. I seldom slept well at night and, finally, became so weak and run-down that I lost weight rapidly. I was also troubled a great deal with catarrh and of mornings had to spend a half hour or more clearing up my head.

"This is just the condition I was in when I began taking Tanlac and it certainly has been a blessing to me. It just seemed to be made especially for my case. I improved from the very first. My digestion now is per-

fect and regardless of what I eat I never suffer any bad after effects.

"The pains across my back have entirely disappeared. The catarrh has left me, too, and my head is perfectly clear. I am no longer nervous and rest well every night. I have regained my lost weight and am feeling better and stronger than I have in years. I am going to keep Tanlac in my house so it will be handy at all times."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.—Adv.

**After His Painting's Worth.**  
"This marine painting is the masterpiece of Daubson, one of our most celebrated artists," said the dealer. "It is a bargain at \$50,000."

"What!" exclaimed the war millionaire. "You want \$50,000 for a picture of a strip of water and a few clouds? Not for me! When I buy a sea picture it's got to have a cliff in it and a lighthouse and breakers and a ship or two. In other words, I want the whole works."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

**Would Hold More.**  
Here's the newest Scotch story: Donald had borrowed three pipefuls of tobacco from his fellow-workman, Sandy. Getting a new bag he offered to repay it.

"No," said Sandy, "I'll no be taking it now."

"Take it, mon," insisted Donald. "No," said Sandy, viewing his carbonized pipe, "I'll be cleaning my pipe after the kirk on the Sabbath, an' I'll take it fra you on Monday."—New York World.

**The Way of It.**  
"The doctor detected at once the incipient fever in my husband's system."  
"Then it must have been the spotted fever."

**WOMEN! USE "DIAMOND DYES"**  
Dye Old Skirts, Dresses, Waists, Coats, Stockings, Draperies—Everything.

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains easy directions for dyeing any article of wool, silk, cotton, linen, or mixed goods. Beware! Poor dye streaks, spots, fades, and ruins material by giving it a "dyed-look." Buy "Diamond Dyes" only. Druggist has Color Card.—Adv.

Death comes but once, but if you have property the taxes come early and often.

Literary men resemble hens. The author lays a plot and the publisher sits on it.

**Cuticura for Sore Hands.**  
Soak hands on retiring in the hot suds of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub in Cuticura Ointment. Remove surplus Ointment with tissue paper. This is only one of the things Cuticura will do if Soap, Ointment and Talcum are used for all toilet purposes.—Adv.

Where ignorance is bliss there is generally more folly than wisdom in evidence.

Knowledge a man doesn't possess always crops out when a child questions him.

For a disordered liver, take Garfield Tea, the Herb laxative. All druggists.—Adv.

It is better to be single and dream than to be married and wake up.

More English surnames begin with "W" than with any other letter.

## Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It

Applicants for Insurance Often Rejected.

Judging from reports from druggists who are constantly in direct touch with the public, there is one preparation that has been very successful in overcoming these conditions. The mild and healing influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of success.

An examining physician for one of the prominent Life Insurance Companies, in an interview on the subject, made the astonishing statement that one reason why so many applicants for insurance are rejected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of those whose applications are declined do not even suspect that they have the disease. It is on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

**Important to Mothers**  
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletchler* in Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

**Paradoxical.**  
"John has such a queer antipathy."  
"He has rooted dislike to potted plants."—Baltimore American.

The good man who goes wrong is in reality a bad man who has just been found out.

Wouldn't toothless hostility be an immense saving?

**Daddy's Child.**  
"Wot you doin', chile?" "Nothin', mammy." "My, but you is gittin' like yoi father."

**Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured**  
by local applications, as they can't reach the diseased portion of the ear. Catarrhal Deafness requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced, your hearing may be destroyed forever. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions. Circulars free. All Druggists. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

The man who is willing to do anything is generally without anything to do.

**WARNING**  
Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 21 years, and proved safe by millions.—Say "Bayer"!

say  Aspirin

**SAFETY FIRST!** Accept only an "unbroken package" of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and pain generally. Strictly American!

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetateideester of Salicylic Acid

CENT-A-WORD COLUMN  
No Advertisement inserted in this  
Column for less than 15 cents

**WANTED**  
A CHEAP FARM—I am  
looking for a cheap farm ranging in  
price from \$800 to \$1500, do not  
object going back a ways if a bargain.  
Send particulars to Lock Box  
487, Egg Harbor City, N. J.

**WANTED—SALEMEN**, 4 for this  
territory. Hustlers that are not  
afraid of work can make profitable  
connection. Men of good character.  
Reference required. No experience  
necessary. This is your opportunity.  
Apply by letter, phone or in person.  
Standard Music Co. 1008 Atlantic  
Ave., Atlantic City. 1tc.

**FOR SALE**  
3 years old—Grape vines. Concord,  
50 cents each. A. H. Jones, West  
Creek. 2tc-2-24

**NOTICE**—Those wishing pay punk  
for garden fertilizer can be supplied  
by notifying Elias Stiles by March  
first. 2tc. 2-24

**FOR SALE**—Chevrolet 1-Ton Truck.  
In first class condition. Just been  
overhauled. C. W. Stratton, Beach  
Haven, N. J. 2-10tf.

**NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT OF  
ACCOUNT**  
Estate of Elkannah W. Palmer,  
Deceased

Notice is hereby given that the accounts of the executor, James E. Otis, substituted administrator with the will annexed, of the estate of said Elkannah W. Palmer, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate and reported for settlement to the Orphans Court of the County of Ocean, on Wednesday, the Ninth day of March, A. D. 1921.  
Dated February 3, 1921.  
JAMES E. OTIS,  
Substituted Administrator  
With will annexed.

**ATKINSON'S AUTO LINE**  
Saturday Night Schedule  
Beginning on Saturday, May 15,  
1920, we will run a regular Saturday  
night auto schedule to Atlantic City.  
Leave Tuckerton at 6.30 P. M.  
Returning, leave Atlantic City, Virginia  
Ave., Garage at 12 o'clock, mid-  
night.

Phone 2391 W  
**DR. DAVID M. SAXE**  
VETERINARY SURGEON  
21 N. Virginia Ave.  
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.  
INOCULATE YOUR HOGS  
WHILE YOUNG  
Prompt Attention to Out of Town  
Calls  
Specialist in Diseases of Horses,  
Cows, Dogs and Cats  
Tuberculosis Testing of Cattle

**NOTICE**  
Sealed bids will be received by the  
Board of Chosen Freeholders of the  
County of Ocean, for a Chevrolet  
Touring Car, Model 490, Standard  
Equipment, for use of the County  
Road Supervisor.  
The bidder to accept the car, now in  
use by the said Supervisor, as part  
payment on said new car.  
Bids will be received by said Board,  
on Tuesday, March 1st, 1921, at 12  
o'clock noon, at the Court House,  
Toms River, N. J.  
D. O. PARKER,  
Clerk.

**TYPEWRITERS!**  
Used and Released by U. S. Govern-  
ment.

Remington No. 6, or 7 (blind) \$14.50  
Remington No. 10, visible, 2-col-  
or ribbon 45.00  
Underwood No. 4, 1-color ribbon 45.00  
Underwood No. 4, 2-color ribbon,  
back spacer 52.50  
Royal No. 1, 1-color ribbon 35.00  
Royal No. 5, 2-color ribbon 47.50  
Oliver No. 3, \$15.00 No. 5, \$22.50  
Oliver No. 9, \$35.00  
Monarch 2 and 3 37.50  
Smith-Premier 10, Linotype key-  
board, rebuilt 95.00  
Guaranteed in good used condition all  
ready for long hard service. Satisfac-  
tion guaranteed or purchase price re-  
funded. Which size type PICA or  
ELITE. Orders filled promptly. Ribbons,  
any color or colors, for any make  
machine, ea. 75c delivered. Tell make  
and model. Carbon paper per box 100  
sheets, \$1.95 delivered.  
Empire Type Foundry, Buffalo, N. Y.

**MEMORIALS**  
OF BEAUTY AND DURABILITY  
Finely hammered, exquisitely carved and polished—lettered  
and finished according to your own taste.

500 MONUMENTS, HEAD-  
STONES, MARKERS, COR-  
NER POSTS, SILLS, ETC.,  
TO SELECT FROM

on display in our show yards  
at Pleasantville and Camden.  
They represent the largest and  
finest stock of memorials ever  
collected together by one concern.  
They have been cut from  
standard granites and marbles  
that were purchased before  
prices advanced to the present  
figures.

**WE SPECIALIZE IN DESIGNING, MANUFACTURING  
AND ERECTING MAUSOLEUMS, PUBLIC  
AND PRIVATE MEMORIALS.**

**CAMDEN YARD**  
Opp. Harteigh Cemetery  
Bell Phone 2737

**MAIN OFFICE AND YARD**  
Pleasantville, N. J.  
Opp. Atlantic City Cemetery  
Bell Phone Pleasantville 1

**REPRESENTATIVES**  
O. J. Hammell, Pres., 117 N. Cornwall Ave., Ventnor, for Atlantic City.  
A. L. Hammell, Vice Pres., Absecon, N. J., for Cumberland, Cape May,  
Burlington, Ocean and Atlantic Counties.  
W. Haight, Camden, N. J., for Camden, Salem and Gloucester Counties.  
W. DuBois, Clayton, N. J., for Clayton and vicinity.  
H. B. Hale, Cherriton, Va., for State of Virginia.

**O. J. HAMMELL CO.**  
PLEASANTVILLE, N. J.

**LOCAL NEWS**  
(Continued from first page)

The snows of Sunday and Tuesday  
gave the fox hunters two days of ex-  
cellent sport. The warm weather soon  
spoiled the fun, however.

Kenneth Jones, of Mantua, is visit-  
ing his mother, Mrs. Lloyd Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. Norris Startzman, son  
Donald and Mrs. David Moyer of  
Vineland were recent guests of Mr.  
and Mrs. C. Harvey Smith, Mr.  
Smith being home from Harvey Cedars  
C. G. S., a day the past week.  
Mrs. Smith also entertained Miss  
Deering, who was here on Tuesday or-  
ganizing a Junior Missionary class  
known as "Standard Bearers." This  
is a noble work and we hope our  
young folks will take an active part  
in its success.

Orlanda Darby is having the interior  
of his house remodeled, hard wood  
floors, laid, partitions removed, with  
colonades separating the rooms, etc.

Mrs. Ethel K. Parker was a week  
en guest of her parents, Mr. and  
Mrs. W. Howard Kelley.

Miss Della Smith is confined to her  
home with a heavy cold. Mary Cra-  
mer, a high school student, has been  
teaching the second grade several  
days in her place.

"Uncle Joe" Swain is with us again.  
We don't like to say "of Atlantic City"  
because we feel he belongs as much  
to Tuckerton as he does to Atlantic  
City. Anyway we are enjoying his  
sojourn here and if he isn't enjoying  
himself, he is a pretty good actor.

Mrs. Lydia Palmer entertained sev-  
eral of the firm of the J. G. White  
Company at her home on Wednesday  
evening.

Edward Heinrichs has purchased a  
new horse, brought it over from  
Amatol Wednesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Eber Rider have re-  
turned from a week's visit with rela-  
tives in Philadelphia.

George F. Randolph, spent the week  
end and Sunday with his mother, Mrs.  
Minnie Randolph and brother, Roland  
Randolph, returning on Monday.

**AN ORDINANCE**  
AN ORDINANCE DROVING  
FOR THE GRADING AND GRAVEL-  
LING OF A PORTION OF FIFTH  
STREET:

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE MAY-  
OR AND COUNCIL OF THE BOR-  
OUGH OF BEACH HAVEN, OCEAN  
COUNTY, NEW JERSEY:

SECTION 1. That that portion of  
Fifth Street lying between the in-  
tersection of the Southeastly line  
of Beach Avenue and Fifth Street and  
the intersection of the Northwestly  
line of Atlantic Avenue and Fifth  
Street be graded and gravelled to the  
width of sixty (60) feet from  
curb to curb; that the grade of said  
street be as already established for  
said street by this Borough, and the  
graveling to be at least (6) inches  
at center and four (4) inches at curb,  
of compact gravel spread upon a  
foundation of hay.

SECTION 2. That said improve-  
ment be made at the cost and expense  
of the abutting property owners on  
said portion of said street, and that  
upon the completion of such improve-  
ments the abutting land and real estate  
benefitted thereby be assessed for  
such benefits according to law.

SECTION 3. This Ordinance shall  
take effect immediately upon its  
passage, approval and publication, as  
approved by law.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that  
the foregoing ordinance was intro-  
duced at a regular meeting of the  
Council of the Borough of Beach  
Haven held on the 7th day of February,  
A. D. 1921, and that at a regular  
meeting to be held in the Council  
Chambers, in the Borough of Beach  
Haven, on the 7th day of March, 1921,  
at the hour of 8 o'clock P. M., the  
said Borough Council will consider  
the final passage of said ordinance.  
By order of Borough Council.  
Dated February 7th, 1921.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**DR. CHAS. E. DARE**  
DENTIST  
Will be at Dr. Lane's Office every  
WEDNESDAY  
For Performance of all work connect-  
ed with Dental Surgery

**FIRST CLASS SHOE REPAIRING**  
At Reasonable Prices  
Best of Leather Used  
Work Done Promptly  
Next Door to J. W. Horner's Grocery  
WALTER S. HOEY

**SCHOOL NEWS**  
The week of February 14th was ob-  
served throughout the state as Visit-  
the-School week. A contest was run  
in the Tuckerton Schools, a banner to  
be awarded to the room having the  
largest number of visitors in proportion  
to the number of pupils enrolled.  
The majority of our visitors observed  
the work in all of the rooms. No par-  
ent, however, nor friend accompany-  
ing the parents and could not more than  
once in the contest. The number of  
visitors reported in each room is as  
follows:  
Grade 1, 21  
Grade 2, 29  
Grade 3, 15  
Grade 4 and 5, 36  
Grade 6, 18  
Grade 7 and 8, 10  
High School, 24.  
Names of visitors:  
Reuben A. Gerber, Lena Gerber,  
Rebecca Gerber, Adele Crowley, Ad-  
dian Pharo, Geneva Smith, Lillian  
Smith, Lida Mathis, Mrs. E. A. Allen,  
Grace Marshall, Marian C. Courtney,  
Clara Rider, Estella Morris, Mrs. Bina  
Brough, Mrs. E. Honer, Edna Darby,  
Minnie Hone, Margaret E. Allen, Lor-  
ona B. Kister, Mary E. Mathis, E.  
Moss Mathis, Jennie N. Pharo, Jennie  
S. Pharo, Hazel Ellison, Mary Le-  
grange, Elsie Gamble, Olive Falkin-  
burg, Blanche Speck, Bessie Pearce,  
W. I. Smith, Ida F. Darby, Fannie D.  
Smith, Lina Sprague, Julia Kelley,  
Sallie McConomy, Lillian E. Cox, Mrs.  
Teasdale, Mrs. H. J. Smith, Mrs. J.  
Brown, Bessie Mott, Bessie Breckin-  
ridge, Lida H. Mathis, J. L. Lane, Mrs.  
J. W. Polk, Mrs. F. M. Dowlin, Mrs.  
J. Price, Mrs. H. L. Willis, Vivian  
Palmer, Jessie L. Smith, Ida T. Spen-  
cer, Julia Kelley, Ada F. Sapp, Mrs.  
W. C. Jones, Ethel Allen Dean, John  
Thornton Dean, Evelyn Allen.

Total number present 57. The banner  
goes to the second grade, having  
75 per cent. as many parents and  
friends in attendance as there are pu-  
pils enrolled in this grade. Teacher,  
Della Smith.

Palmer Method buttons were received  
during the last week by Georgiana  
Cornwell, Evelyn Cummings, and  
Frances Inman.

During the month of January Tuck-  
erton stood third in percentage for the  
High Schools of the County and first  
among the larger elementary schools.  
The class of 1920 recently presented  
a picture "The Castle of the Hadrian"  
to the school.

At a recent special meeting of the  
Tuckerton High School Literary So-  
ciety the following officers were elect-  
ed: President, Clinton Cramer; Vice-  
President, Frances Mosher; Secretary,  
Helen Hoffman; Treasurer, Martina  
Westervelt; Librarians, Elizabeth  
French and Thelma Downs.

The Board of Education has added  
a mimeograph machine to the equip-  
ment of the Commercial Department.  
This will offer additional advantages  
in office training as well as be a great  
help in the administration of local  
school matters.

Program given in assembly on Fri-  
day morning of last week by Grade  
VI.  
Song, "Columbia, God Preserve Thee  
Free" Grade VI.  
Bible Reading, Thelma Andrews  
Address, "Abraham Lincoln," Albert  
Kaufman  
Recitation, "Lincoln," Alvin Smith  
Solo, "That Old Irish Mother of Mine"  
Alice Darby.  
Recitation, "The Man Who Knew Lin-  
coln," Helen Parker  
Reading, "The Soldiers' Reprieve,"  
Earl McCoy  
Recitation, "Time Alone Will Tell,"  
Lester Cramer.  
Recitation, "The Name of Lincoln,"  
Eliza Morrison  
Singing "America" School  
Flag Salute led by Arthur Stevens.

**Senior Notes**  
The members of the Senior Class  
have decided to wear caps and gowns  
for commencement night, baccalaure-  
ate sermon and class day, if we have  
one. The majority of the class feel  
honored in being permitted to wear a  
uniform costume and thus establish a  
precedent for future classes to follow,  
as well as to live up to the principle  
of Democracy set forth by the Ameri-  
can Government and lived up to by  
all true Americans.

The Seniors are working extra hard  
now in order to be able to prepare for  
the next play which will be given soon.

Many of the members of the Junior  
and Senior Classes have entered the  
"speaking contest" and we hope to  
have several more.

The members of the Senior Class  
wish to extend their sincere and heart-  
felt thanks to the teachers for their  
earnest and untiring efforts in help-  
ing us with our play. We feel that  
their patience must have been limit-  
less, when we think how we disliked  
to follow their well-meant sugges-  
tions, during the period of rehearsal.

We also take this opportunity to  
thank the members of the other classes  
for their interest and the aid they  
so kindly gave us.

**Some Jokes**  
Cheer Up!  
There'll be things this New Year that  
are bad.  
But that isn't making me sad.  
For I know that, by gum,  
It will have to go some  
If it's worse than some years I have  
had.

**Some Nerve**  
"Great Cats!" said the pup, "Talk  
about your nerve! Someone has gone  
and put up a building over the place  
where I buried a bone."

**A Useful Bell**  
"This bell," said the well-meaning  
sexton, then showing the belfry of the  
village church to a party of visitors,  
"is only rung in case of a visit from  
the Lord Bishop, a fire, a flood, or  
some other such calamity."

**Heard in Biology Class**  
Mr. Wimer: Name three things that  
contain starch.  
Carlton: Two cuffs and a collar.

**Had Seen Something Like It**  
Miss Lippincott was explaining to  
her Sophomore English class the dif-  
ference between a common noun and an  
abstract noun.  
"An example of a common noun is  
"cat," she said; "for you can see it,  
while you cannot see an abstract noun.  
Now for example, have any of you  
ever seen 'abundance'?"

This query was received in silence,  
then Ralph got up and said:  
"No ma'am, I have never seen a bun  
dance, but I have seen a cake-walk."

"Now, John," said the teacher of

the juvenile class briskly, "what is the  
meal we eat in the morning called?"  
"Oatmeal," responded John prompt-  
ly.

The teacher (in chemistry class)  
"Who can tell me what the highest  
form of animal life is?"  
Jimmy—"The giraffe."

Teacher of Scriptural History—  
"Where was Solomon's temple?"  
Johnny—"On the side of his fore-  
head, of course, same as other folks."

**Coming Events**  
A prize speaking contest for high  
school students will be held in the Pa-  
lace Theatre on Friday evening, March  
18. The speeches will range from 6  
to 8 minutes in length. Three prizes  
will be given for first, second and  
third place. An admission of fifteen  
cents will be charged. Watch the  
Beacon for later announcements.

The Elementary School speaking  
Contest will be held in the school  
building on Friday evening, April 1st.  
No admission will be charged.

The next Senior Play is being pre-  
pared for Friday evening, April 8th.  
You know that this affair will be  
worth attending, so keep this date  
open.

A class of beginners will be admit-  
ted the first week of April (week of  
the 4th) for children over five years  
of age. Parents are requested to keep  
this date in mind and to see that the  
children enter at the stated time. Af-  
ter the stated time no children will  
be admitted unless they were unable  
to enter on the above date mentioned.  
Children who become five years of age  
after the time specified will not be  
admitted until September.

Pupils who failed in the mid-year  
examinations will be given an oppor-  
tunity to take re-examination on  
March 23 and 24. This opportunity  
applies to all cases of absence from  
the mid-year examinations. Parents  
are urged to encourage their children  
to take advantage of this offer, by  
starting in ample time to prepare.

Tuckerton High School will enter  
a team of three in the spelling contest  
between the High Schools of Ocean  
County. March 11 is the scheduled  
time and Toms River the place. A  
trophy offered by Mr. Clark of Toms  
River will go to the winning team.  
This trophy will be contested for un-  
til one school wins it three times.  
The school winning the trophy will  
defend it in the home town next year.

**Base Ball Schedule**

**Date Team Place**  
April 9 Barnegat High Barnegat  
April 15 Hammonton High Hammonton  
April 22 Pleasantville Pleasantville  
April 27 Toms River Toms River  
May 6 Barnegat Tuckerton  
May 13 Pleasantville Tuckerton  
May 20 Toms River Tuckerton  
May 25 Barnegat Barnegat  
May 29 Hammonton Tuckerton  
June 7 Barnegat Tuckerton

**Patriotic Program**  
The Growth of Democracy in Our  
Country  
Singing "America the Beautiful,  
"Preamble to the  
Constitution"  
Flag Salute Grant Morrison  
Essay, "The Heritage of the Mother  
Country" Harold Parker  
English Song "The Father of His  
Country" Boys' Chorus  
Recitation from "Under the Old Elm"  
Aetna Swain  
Review of Woodrow Wilson's Life of  
Washington" Walter Cramer  
Recitation from "Washington's Fare-  
well Address" James Marshall  
Piano Solo Minnie Mathis

**The Slavery Question**  
Historical Background Calvin Parker  
Recitation "Lincoln on the Equality  
of Races" Joseph Marshall  
Slave Poems, "The Warning" Long-  
fellow Eugenia Lane  
"Stanzas on Freedom" Lowell  
Aetna Mathis

**The Story of a Man Who remembers  
seeing Lincoln** Ethel Johnson  
Recitations on Lincoln  
Vocal Solo Martina Westervelt

**Another Fight for Freedom**  
Essay Edward Hoffman  
Quotations from Roosevelt, Samuel  
Andrews, Ernest Spencer, Frederick  
Baker, Elizabeth Hickman, Esther  
Sooy, Myrtle Bennett

**Our Own Day**  
An appreciation of Woodrow Wilson,  
Mary Cramer  
The Incoming President, Edward  
Blackman  
Reading of School Paper, Persis  
Baker  
Patriotic Selection School

**SCHOOL BOARDS HELD DINNER**  
The annual dinner of the Ocean  
county School Board Association was  
held Thursday night at Laurel-in-the-  
Pines, Lakewood. Local speakers on  
program were Dr. Joshua Hilliard of  
Manahawkin and County Superintendent  
Morris, Supt. J. S. Hoffman of  
Hunterdon county, and Rev. Peter K.  
Emmons of Trenton.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Pelham Avenue from the  
easterly edge of the present gravel  
roadway on Bay Avenue to the west-  
erly curb line of Beach Avenue, in the  
Borough of Beach Haven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Eleventh Street from the  
easterly curb line of Bay Avenue to  
the westerly curb line of Atlantic  
Avenue, in the Borough of Beach Ha-  
ven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Fifth Street from the  
easterly curb line of Beach Avenue to  
the westerly curb line of Atlantic  
Avenue, in the Borough of Beach Ha-  
ven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, N. J., until 8 o'clock  
P. M., on Monday, March 7th, 1921,  
for the construction of an extension  
to the sewer system of said Borough.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Pelham Avenue from the  
easterly edge of the present gravel  
roadway on Bay Avenue to the west-  
erly curb line of Beach Avenue, in the  
Borough of Beach Haven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Eleventh Street from the  
easterly curb line of Bay Avenue to  
the westerly curb line of Atlantic  
Avenue, in the Borough of Beach Ha-  
ven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, N. J., until 8 o'clock  
P. M., on Monday, March 7th, 1921,  
for the construction of an extension  
to the sewer system of said Borough.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Pelham Avenue from the  
easterly edge of the present gravel  
roadway on Bay Avenue to the west-  
erly curb line of Beach Avenue, in the  
Borough of Beach Haven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Eleventh Street from the  
easterly curb line of Bay Avenue to  
the westerly curb line of Atlantic  
Avenue, in the Borough of Beach Ha-  
ven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, N. J., until 8 o'clock  
P. M., on Monday, March 7th, 1921,  
for the construction of an extension  
to the sewer system of said Borough.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Pelham Avenue from the  
easterly edge of the present gravel  
roadway on Bay Avenue to the west-  
erly curb line of Beach Avenue, in the  
Borough of Beach Haven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Eleventh Street from the  
easterly curb line of Bay Avenue to  
the westerly curb line of Atlantic  
Avenue, in the Borough of Beach Ha-  
ven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, N. J., until 8 o'clock  
P. M., on Monday, March 7th, 1921,  
for the construction of an extension  
to the sewer system of said Borough.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Pelham Avenue from the  
easterly edge of the present gravel  
roadway on Bay Avenue to the west-  
erly curb line of Beach Avenue, in the  
Borough of Beach Haven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Eleventh Street from the  
easterly curb line of Bay Avenue to  
the westerly curb line of Atlantic  
Avenue, in the Borough of Beach Ha-  
ven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, N. J., until 8 o'clock  
P. M., on Monday, March 7th, 1921,  
for the construction of an extension  
to the sewer system of said Borough.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Pelham Avenue from the  
easterly edge of the present gravel  
roadway on Bay Avenue to the west-  
erly curb line of Beach Avenue, in the  
Borough of Beach Haven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Eleventh Street from the  
easterly curb line of Bay Avenue to  
the westerly curb line of Atlantic  
Avenue, in the Borough of Beach Ha-  
ven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, N. J., until 8 o'clock  
P. M., on Monday, March 7th, 1921,  
for the construction of an extension  
to the sewer system of said Borough.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Pelham Avenue from the  
easterly edge of the present gravel  
roadway on Bay Avenue to the west-  
erly curb line of Beach Avenue, in the  
Borough of Beach Haven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Eleventh Street from the  
easterly curb line of Bay Avenue to  
the westerly curb line of Atlantic  
Avenue, in the Borough of Beach Ha-  
ven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, N. J., until 8 o'clock  
P. M., on Monday, March 7th, 1921,  
for the construction of an extension  
to the sewer system of said Borough.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Pelham Avenue from the  
easterly edge of the present gravel  
roadway on Bay Avenue to the west-  
erly curb line of Beach Avenue, in the  
Borough of Beach Haven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Eleventh Street from the  
easterly curb line of Bay Avenue to  
the westerly curb line of Atlantic  
Avenue, in the Borough of Beach Ha-  
ven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, N. J., until 8 o'clock  
P. M., on Monday, March 7th, 1921,  
for the construction of an extension  
to the sewer system of said Borough.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Pelham Avenue from the  
easterly edge of the present gravel  
roadway on Bay Avenue to the west-  
erly curb line of Beach Avenue, in the  
Borough of Beach Haven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, New Jersey until eight  
o'clock, P. M., on Monday, March 7th,  
1921, for the construction of a gravel  
roadway on Eleventh Street from the  
easterly curb line of Bay Avenue to  
the westerly curb line of Atlantic  
Avenue, in the Borough of Beach Ha-  
ven.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.

**NOTICE**  
Sealed proposals will be received by  
the Borough Clerk of the Borough of  
Beach Haven, N. J., until 8 o'clock  
P. M., on Monday, March 7th, 1921,  
for the construction of an extension  
to the sewer system of said Borough.  
A. PAUL KING,  
Borough Clerk.