

TUCKERTON GAS RATE \$2.40 PER 1000 FEET. BETTER PLANT IS PROMISED.

With a gas rate of \$2.25 per thousand cubic feet, plus a service charge of \$3.00 a year, the Ocean County Gas Company is expecting to put its plant at Toms River in better shape to serve the public. The rate was allowed on Tuesday of last week by the Public Utility Board. It is subject to a five cent discount (\$2.20) for prompt payment. The rate hitherto in force was \$1.85 per thousand, an increase now of forty cents. The original rate was \$1.50 per thousand, with a ten per cent. discount and no service charge. The company officials have said all along that the plant would be put in good shape if a fair rate was allowed. The company is allowed to charge \$40 per year for street lights with midnight service, and \$50 per year for all night service.

The Tuckerton Gas Company must pay the Ocean County Gas Company \$1.90 and is allowed to charge \$2.40 per thousand.

NEW GREYNA

New Gretna and Washington township schools held their annual Field Meet on Tuesday, May 24th at Green Bank. New Gretna came out ahead in the contests, the score being 59 to 55. All who were present report a good time and the day was an ideal one.

A delegation of our former townsmen from Atlantic City spent a few hours with us on Sunday talking over the arrangements for Old Home Day, which will be celebrated here Memorial Day. We are expecting a big time. Don't fail to be present.

The subject of the sermon next Sunday morning will be "Progress Essential to Redemption." In the evening the pastor will speak on a theme of equal importance to all. Good, lively singing. Practical messages. All invited to attend both services.

The Men's Bible Class is now fully organized and all men are invited to attend the sessions in the church each Sunday at 2.30 P. M. There is a place and a welcome for every one. The reader is invited to be present next Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Hulsman of Chatsworth, were week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Cramer.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mathis, of Lewes, Del., are visiting the former's brother, Jos. Mathis, Jr.

NOTICE

Beginning June 1st, milk will be twelve (12) cents a quart and seven (7) cents a single pint.

All customers are requested to return all empty bottles or pay for same.

HENRY GIFFORD.

MILLINERY AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

Ladies Hats \$1.00 up
Children's Hats 50c up
Bring in Your Old Hats and we will freshen them up

Mrs. Schroder Manahawkin, N. J.

SECOND HAND CARS FOR SALE

1 FORD Truck Chassis with Cab
1 BUICK Touring Car
1 MAXWELL Touring Car

Apply to M. L. CRANMER, Mayetta, N. J.

Revolutionary Sons Visit Tuckerton

ABOUT SEVENTY MEMBERS AND GUESTS ATTEND MEETING AND LUNCHEON. FORMER TUCKERTON BOY DELIVERED SPEECH OF THE DAY.

The annual spring meeting of the Sons of the Revolution, New Jersey Society, was held in Tuckerton last Saturday, May 21. A meeting of the Board of Managers was held at 11.15 A. M. The members met at the Carlton Hotel at 12 o'clock and led by the color bearers, they marched to the Palace Theatre, where the general meeting was opened by prayer by Rev. T. P. Price. After the routine business had been transacted an address entitled "The Massacre of Little Egg Harbor" was delivered by William E. Blackman, a member of the Society and a former Tuckertonian. The address, which is exceedingly interesting appears in part in this issue.

Following this meeting luncheon was served at the Carlton after which the visitors paid a visit to the Pulaski monument down shore. Judge Tucker's grave was also visited and decorated.

The beautiful weather Saturday added to the pleasure of the occasion and the visitors were well pleased with their stay in Tuckerton.

Several of the leading men of the State were present as the following list of those present will show.

Mrs. Chas. Hill and son, Charles; Walter Moses, Ralph N. Kellam, Alex. P. Gest, L. Irving Reichner, Alton B. Batten, of Camden; M. R. Margerum, N. A. K. Bugbee, Charles C. James, James R. Barber, Vice Chancellor Malcolm G. Buchanan, Frank S. Katzenbach, Jr., William E. Green, Dr. Clinton H. Read, E. M. Applegate, H. P. Moorhead, Wm. E. Blackman, George T. Cramer, Robert G. Belville, Nelson L. Petty, Holmes E. LaRue, Charles E. Gummere, W. P. Ivins, D. H. Farley, Charles Rice Smith, Frederick P. Auten, Frederick F. Katzenbach, Justice Thomas W. Trenchard, E. L. Katzenbach, Harry S. Provost, Louis G. Beers, Wm. J. Morris, Chancellor E. R. Walker, John M. Scudder, of Trenton; Horace F. Nixon, Wm. H. White, Judge C. V. D. Joline, Geo. R. White, of Camden; Henry S. Alvord, of Vineland; J. Forman Snickson, Dr. Sherron, Charles Mecum, of Salem; H. G. Githens, Wm. Early, of Mercantville; Wm. H. Blackwell, Wm. A. Clark, Titusville; L. W. Grover, Wm. E. Burke, Richard Stockton, Jr., Sylvester W. Beach, Walter H. Olden, Col. William Libbey, of Princeton; Wm. F. Vossler, Somerville; Aaron Dean, Rahway; Howard Hendrickson, Wenonah; C. N. Hutchinson, Robbinsville; H. S. Hill, John B. Garrison, Hopewell.

Judge J. W. Rufus Beson, Hoboken; X. P. Huddy, East Orange; Dr. Franklin Rightmire, Paterson; J. Wilmer Scheek, Charles V. Higgins, Bound Brook; G. H. Porter, G. L. Uselman; John C. Price, Rev. Daniel Johnson, Rev. Theophilus Price, Mayor Speck, Mayor Herbert Willis (Beach Haven), and E. Moss Mathis of Tuckerton.

DAINTY UNDERWEAR
Night Gowns, Envelope Chemise Step-in Bloomers, Camisoles, Just received at MRS. SCHRODER'S Manahawkin, N. J.

IMPORTANT CHANGE IN T. R. R. TIME-TABLE JUNE 5

Beginning Sunday, June 5, the schedules of all regular trains, except freight, on the Tuckerton Railroad, both weekday and Sunday, will run ONE HOUR EARLIER at each station, than at present.

This change is made to conform with the new time schedule of connecting railroads.

THE CARLTON HOTEL WILL ADOPT DAYLIGHT SAVING

Beginning on Sunday, June 5th, the Carlton Hotel will adopt the daylight saving plan, and will serve meals and conduct their business on the new time—one hour earlier than the present or standard time.

This step is taken to accommodate the traveling public as most of the larger cities and towns are using the new time.

YOUR LAST CHANCE TO SEE A 1921 PLAY

The Senior Class of Tuckerton High School will give its final dramatic performance in the PALACE THEATRE Friday evening, June third, at eight fifteen. There will be an unusual costume-chorus with special introductory number, which no Tuckertonian can afford to miss. Then, too, the ante-act music is expected to surpass even the previous renditions of this capable group of young folks.

As for the play itself, just hear the title "ENGAGED BY WEDNESDAY." Isn't that exciting? You see Arthur Watson and Lucille Persons have no desire to follow the plan of Arthur's mother and Lucille's aunt, which will necessitate their marriage. Consequently, each plots against the other and many complications of a laughable and serious nature arise. What can you expect but excitement with contagious diseases, gypsy robberies, and an elopement?

Anyway, Martin Henry, the inimitable comedian of the farce, has a good deal of sport and philosophy out of the situation, and Martin Henry dominates the show! You must see him surrounded by a crowd of laughing boys to appreciate his dry humor and his anxiety that hard work and gypsies are primal causes for heart attacks!

Get your tickets as soon as possible for they're going to sell like hot cakes and we want you to see the fun. The small amount of admission (fifty cents for reserved seats, thirty-five and twenty-five for others) will please your pocketbook and the performance will please your fancy. Don't miss it!

OBITUARY

John W. Berry

John W. Berry, of Camden, formerly of Tuckerton, son of Ephraim Berry, died at his home on Thursday last. The body was brought to Tuckerton for burial, arriving Saturday evening. Funeral services were held at the M. E. Church on Monday afternoon. Mr. Berry was 52 years of age. He leaves his father, one sister, Mrs. B. William Mathis of this place and one brother, Clayton Berry of Port Republic. He was ill only a few days, death being caused by abscesses in the head.

Mary H. Bradley

Mrs. Mary H. Bradley, wife of Dr. Joseph H. Bradley, a former pastor of the Presbyterian Church here, died at the home of her son, George Bradley at York, Pa., on Wednesday, May 4th.

Mrs. Bradley had many warm friends in Tuckerton, who will mourn her. She survived her husband only a short time. She was prominent all her life in W. C. T. U., work.

BEACH HAVEN

It is rumored that a public garage is now being erected on Bay avenue near the center of the town and that the material being used is not iron-proof and is in violation of a Borough Ordinance. If this rumor proves to be a fact, injunction proceedings will, no doubt, be started by the Borough Solicitor, Ex-Judge M. L. Berry.

All residents are requested to keep grass cut from sidewalks. Otherwise work will be done under the direction of the road supervisor and charged against the property.

Free collection of garbage will commence on June 13th.

On and after June 1st, it will be unlawful for anyone to park his car on the east side of Beach avenue between Center and South streets between the hours of 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Let us hope that all persons will abide by this regulation and that no one will be forced to pay a fine of \$25.00.

Eugene Ivins and Howard Roberts, of Philadelphia, were in town on Thursday.

Mrs. Dora Peterson, formerly Miss Dora Lazaroff is back at her old stand for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. William Harvey are in their cottage on South Street for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Stratton are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a fine baby girl on Monday.

NOTICE

A full list of contributors to the cemetery coping fund will appear next week.

They are omitted this week on account of crowded space.

NOTICE

Lakeside Council, No. 24, Jr. O. U. A. M. will accompany the G. A. R. to the Sunday evening services in the Presbyterian Church. All members are requested to meet at the Council chamber at 7 o'clock sharp.

DANCE AT TOWN HALL

Tuckerton, N. J. EVERY MONDAY NIGHT Admission 25c inc. War Tax

LOCAL NEWS

REGULAR MEETING OF THE TUCKERTON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

The regular monthly meeting of the Tuckerton Chamber of Commerce will be held in Red Men's Hall, on Friday evening, May 27, at 8 P. M.

It is desired that a full attendance will be present as many matters of interest will be taken up.

Come out anyhow, get better acquainted with your neighbor and enjoy the evening.

The Chamber of Commerce has become a popular organization and your support will help accomplish many improvements for our town.

Granville M. Price, Secretary.

Mrs. Melinda Hanson died at the home of her sister, Mrs. T. W. Brown on Tuesday, May 24th. Funeral services will be held at her sister's home on Clay street, Friday at 1 P. M.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Harvey Gale are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a baby girl.

The festive air of the town on Saturday, in honor of the Sons of the Revolution, which met here to commemorate the Massacre of Little Egg Harbor, reminded the people of a national holiday. Flags and bunting were lavishly displayed by loyal citizens.

Frank Swain, who has been employed in Atlantic City, and making weekly visits to his home here, is now home for good. Glad to have him with us.

Winslow Washington and daughter, Miss Ethel of Pittsburgh, have returned to their home after several days' visit with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Washington. Their other son, Harvey, of New York City, is now visiting his parents, and will remain here two or three weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Andrews, of Atlantic City, were recent visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Falkenburg. They had as their guests also Mr. and Mrs. Philip Adams, of Millville, over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Pierson Bennett, of Manahawkin, late of India, with Mrs. Anna Fickbohm of Jersey City were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Morgan T. Morris the past week. Mr. and Mrs. Bennett spent five years in India, where Mr. Bennett was connected with the Singer Sewing Machine industry.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. Church met in the lecture room of the church on Monday evening. The room was almost crowded, these affairs grow in interest each month. Being so near Memorial Day the ex-

ercises were strictly patriotic as were also the decorations which were beautiful. The program was as follows: Singing, America.

The Lord's Prayer in unison.

Recitation, Earl McCoy.

Boys' Chorus

Reading, Elsie Mullen

Vocal Duet, Elizabeth Driscoll and Marjorie Parker

Flag Drill, Girls

Recitation, Etta Speck

Play "Turning the Tables"

Charades as follows:

George and Martha Washington, Clinton Spencer and Lois Bishop

Goddess of Liberty, Etta Speck

Justice, Rae Smith

Soldier, Harold Bishop, Sailor, Lester Giammer, Red Cross Nurse, Marjorie Parker

Betsy Ross, Mary Ella Bishop

The singing of the Star Spangled Banner by the audience ended the program which was followed by the usual refreshments.

The committee in charge were Mrs. Marion Courtney, Mrs. Stella Morris, Mrs. Ida Mae Fasano, Mrs. Powell, Mrs. Mary VanSant, Mrs. Edward Driscoll, Mrs. Amy Adams, Russell Horner, Grant Morrison, Harold Bishop.

Mr. and Mrs. Startzman of Atlantic City were guests of Mrs. C. Harvey Smith last week. On their return Mrs. Jennie V. Mathis accompanied them to Atlantic City, where she will visit friends.

The Tuckerton regular baseball team opened their season last Saturday at Mays Landing. They were defeated by the team of that town by the close score of 5 to 4 in a ten inning game.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Horner and James Allen of Atlantic City, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Horner, on West Main street, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hoffman, of Huntington, W. Va., are rejoicing over the birth of a baby daughter. Mrs. Hoffman was formerly Miss Julia Jones, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Jones on Wood street.

Reuben Gerber has been in Philadelphia for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Somers were over Saturday from Atlantic City. They were looking for a residence as they expect to spend the summer in Tuckerton.

The W. T. I. and Civic Association will meet in Borough Hall tomorrow (Friday) afternoon at 3 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

Tomorrow will be Clean-Up day in Tuckerton. Get your rubbish to the sidewalks and notify Mayor Speck and a team will be furnished to remove it. This work is being done by the Borough under the auspices of the W. T. I. and Civic Association.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Lippincott of Brightwater, L. I. Mr. and Mrs. Allan Alexander, were recent guests of relatives and friends in Tuckerton.

William C. Plumb, a noted lawyer, traveler and newspaper man, of Kansas City, was here for a several days' visit last week.

Local Memorial Day Program

The annual Memorial Day occasion will be observed in Tuckerton as follows:

Sunday, May 29th, the G. A. R., and other Patriotic Organizations will attend service at the Presbyterian Church at 7.30 p. m.

Monday, May 30th—All who desire to take part in the parade will meet with the G. A. R. at 9.30 a. m. and proceed to the cemetery, where the soldiers' graves will be decorated and a program given in charge of the Commander of the G. A. R. The school children will take part in the parade and the program. Prof. J. Wade Wimer and the ministers of the town are on the program—Rev. Daniel Johnson, being the orator of the day. All are invited to come and bring flowers and help in every way to make this occasion one long to be remembered.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. Church will hold an All Day Festival at the Fire House, so the housewives need not worry over preparing meals for good things to eat will be served all day and evening at reasonable prices.

BASE BALL
On Saturday, May 28, the Chatsworth team will play the Tuckerton regulars at the Ball Park.

On Memorial Day, Monday, May 30th, there will be a double header here.

The first game will be at 1.30 between Barnegat and Tuckerton High Schools.

The second game will be between the Tuckerton regulars and Absecon at 3.30.

CAPT. ALBERT CRAMER LOST VESSEL IN STORM

Capt. Albert Cramer, with a load of oysters, bound from Bridgeport to West Creek, met with serious loss Monday afternoon, when his schooner was wrecked and sunk near Barnegat Inlet. Capt. Cramer and his crew nearly lost their lives.

The schooner contained 1900 bushels of oysters for R. F. Rutter and N. E. Kelly of West Creek and was caught in the terrific storm was sunk in a short time. Coast Guards rescued the crew.

The oysters, worth \$1.00 per bushel and the vessel are a total loss.

BOROUGH COUNCIL MINUTES

Tuckerton, N. J., May 23, 1921.

The regular meeting of Borough Council of the Borough of Tuckerton was called to order at 8 P. M. by the Mayor, T. Wilmer Speck. Councilmen present were Messrs. Otis, Heinrichs, and Gerber.

The minutes of May 9 were read and approved. The Property and Street Committees made verbal reports.

Councilman Heinrichs moved that a traffic officer be placed at the corner of Main and Green streets on May 28th P. M. and May 29th and 30th. Motion was seconded and carried.

The new schedule of rates for the Tuckerton Gas Company was read by the Clerk and on motion same was received and ordered filed.

The Mayor stated that the Borough had been sued for \$20,000.00 damages and papers had been served on the Clerk.

On motion of Council the matter was referred to the Solicitor. The bond of S. S. Anderson Tax Collector and Treasurer, was read by the Clerk. Councilman Otis moved that the bond be accepted subject to the approval of the Solicitor.

There being no further business on motion the meeting adjourned.

JOS. H. BROWN, Borough Clerk.

LAKESIDE COUNCIL NO. 24, JR. O. U. A. M. CELEBRATES 36th ANNIVERSARY

The local Junior Mechanics celebrated the 36th Anniversary of Lakeside Council No. 24, at the Palace Theatre Tuesday evening.

There were, over three hundred members and guests present. The program opened by singing followed by a comedy reel of pictures.

State Secretary William H. Miers made the opening address and gave an interesting history of the order. State Treasurer Frank H. Muta was the next speaker followed by a feature reel entitled "World and His Wife." Refreshments were served terminating a very enjoyable occasion for this prosperous organization.

\$25 REWARD

Tuckerton, N. J., May 15, 1921.

\$25 Reward for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who broke in to the Railroad Station at Tuckerton on evening of May 16th.

JNO. C. PRICE, Pres. and Gen. Mgr.

How Safe is a Safe Deposit Box?

ALL Banks do not guarantee their customers against loss of contents of their safe deposit boxes by burglary. In fact some do not carry any insurance whatever on these boxes, and carry them at owner's risk only.

We have recently taken out a policy in the AMERICAN SURETY CO. of N. Y., covering loss of contents of boxes by burglary, or hold up, and will be glad to explain same to you.

We feel that this, coupled with the protection of our fine vault, now equipped with THERMO ELECTRIC PROTECTION day and night, makes the finest protection to our box renters. No extra cost for this protection.

Better phone or write and reserve one of the new boxes expected soon.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Member Federal Reserve System

BARNEGAT, N. J.

Every Bank Should Help

The Community in Which it is Located

If it doesn't, something is wrong and either the public is neglecting the advantages offered or the institution is not functioning properly.

A Bank should help the merchant in time of stress or when extraordinary season purchases become necessary; the farmer who needs some labor saving device but lacks the ready funds to buy it; the shipper, or planter who needs financing through a cramped period; it being understood always, that good security shall be offered the institution extending the accommodation.

These are only some of the ways in which a bank should help its patrons and stimulate the business of its vicinity.

We wish to be of service. USE US. Your Account Solicited.

THE TUCKERTON BANK

TUCKERTON, - NEW JERSEY

REO

Speed Wagons and Pleasure Cars

THE CARLTON GARAGE

Kumpf Brothers, Props.

Ocean County Agency

W. C. JONES

JEWELER OPTICIAN

EYES FITTED RIGHT BY REGISTERED OPTOMETRIST

POCKET KNIVES

WATCHES

CLOCKS

CUT GLASS

GLASS AND CROCKERY

VICTROLAS

RECORDS

KODAKS AND SUPPLIES

PROGRAM

THURSDAY, MAY 26th

PEARL WHITE and a star supporting cast in a Fox production "The White Moll"

4th Episode "SON OF TARZAN" Mutt and Jeff Cartoon

ADMISSION 17c and 28c

SPECIAL SATURDAY, MAY 28th SPECIAL

ELSIE FERGUSON in a special Paramount production entitled "Lady Rose's Daughter"

MACK SENNETT COMEDY

ADMISSION 17c and 28c

MONDAY, MAY 30th MEMORIAL DAY SPECIAL

A Paramount Production with an ALL STAR CAST

"Teeth of the Tiger"

ADMISSION 17c and 28c

TUESDAY, MAY 31st

ROBERT WARWICK in the popular Paramount production "The Fourteenth Man"

CHESTER COMEDY FEATURING SNOOKY

ADMISSION 11c and 22c

WE DO DEVELOPING AND PRINTING

TUCKERTON PHARMACY

DISINFECTANTS

CHICKEN, DOG and HORSE REMEDIES

TOILET ARTICLES

PATENT MEDICINES

RUBBER GOODS

STATIONERY

DENNISON'S PAPER GOODS

SCHRAFF'S CANDIES

KYANIZE

ENAMELS AND VARNISHES

Watch Your Kidneys!

That "bad back" is probably due to weak kidneys. It shows in a dull, throbbing headache or sharp twinges when stooping. You have headaches, too, dizzy spells, a tired, nervous feeling and irregular kidney action. Don't neglect it—there is danger of dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease! Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands have saved themselves more serious ailments by the timely use of Doan's. Ask your neighbor!

A New York Case

William Gravline, carpenter, E. Main St., Granville, N. Y., says: "I was embarrassed by the irregular action of my kidneys. I had to get up frequently at night to pass the secretions. I had a soreness in my back and a constant, dull aching over my kidneys. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills after other remedies had failed to give relief. Doan's regulated my kidneys."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

SLOW DEATH

Aches, pains, nervousness, difficulty in urinating, often mean serious disorders. The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HARLEM OIL CAPSULES

bring quick relief and often ward off deadly diseases. Known as the national remedy of Holland for more than 200 years. All druggists, in three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

Cuticura Talcum

Fascinatingly Fragrant
Always Healthful
Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

AND SHE COULDN'T DENY IT

One Time That Mr. Hogg Scored on the Partner of His Joys and Sorrows.

Former Senator John W. Weeks was lately recalling some of the happy days of the long ago in Washington. In those days, he said, there were such things as bars, and his friend Hirbutus Hogg, spent a great deal of his time on the fringe of the oases. One night after an unusually long sojourn near his favorite bar, Mr. Hogg navigated painfully home and at last reached his bedroom. Mrs. Hogg was waiting for him.

"Hirbutus," she said, after a swift appraisal of his condition, "I am ashamed of you—utterly ashamed. You are a Hogg by name and a hog by nature."
"Yes, madam," replied the prodigal, meekly, "but even at that I have the advantage over you. You are a Hogg by name, but you became a Hogg by choice."—Exchange.

Natural Aptitude.

"What in your opinion makes the true diplomatist?"
"A true diplomatist has to think so quick and see so many different possibilities," said Senator Sorghum, "that I wouldn't undertake to define his qualities. You might as well ask me what makes a good poker player."

Overstocked.

"Why is it that pessimists seem to have so much trouble?"
"Optimists never borrow any."

Sure Relief



BELLANS FOR INDIGESTION

Reduces Bursal Enlargements, Thickened, Swollen Tissues, Curbs, Filled Tendons, Soreness from Bruises or Strains; stops Spavin Lameness, allays pain. Does not blister, remove the hair or lay up the horse. \$2.50 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Book 1 R free. ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind—an antiseptic liniment for bruises, cuts, wounds, strains, painful, swollen veins or glands. It heals and soothes. \$1.25 a bottle at druggists or postpaid. Will tell you more if you write. Made in U. S. A. by W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

PESKY BED-BUGS

P. D. Q.

P. D. Q. Kills Bed Bugs, Roaches and Their Eggs As Well

A 3c cent package makes one quart enough to kill a million, and contains a patent soap free, to get them in the hard-to-get-at places. Your Druggist has it or can get it for you, or mail order. Paid on receipt of price by the OWL CHEMICAL WORKS, Terre Haute, Ind. Genuine P. D. Q. is never peddled.

Fight the Pests that Pester with Bed Bug Death. Contains N. O. P. A. B. I. G. GREEN OIL ABSORBINE to injure the plant, tree or vine; to retard healthy growth, or to kill bees, stock, humans. Ask your local Dealer for it or write our Head Office. Booklets or remittance. Dantforth Chemical Co., Leominster, Mass., Est. 1898.

Agents Wanted—Luminous Pocket Matches, Beautiful Fireworks, 4th July Sentiment, "Our Flag and President," Movie Film, Cds. Samples, 15c; 25c. UNITED IMPORTERS, Phila. W. N. U., New York, No. 21-1921.

Natalie's Misplaced Sympathy

By LILLIAN H. CROWLEY

(Copyright, 1921, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Natalie Jones was a bitterly disappointed girl. She had been so truly in love with Paul Lester, and now everything was over between them forever! She never would love any one else, never could love him again. Perhaps it was just as well to find out that he was a dictatorial brute. Brute? Yes, he was a brute to intimate that she was a selfish butterfly who didn't care for her fellow beings. He could go on with his old philanthropy for all of her. She didn't interfere when he spent lots of his time in the slums—but why should he think she ought to spend her time there?

Of course, he didn't say just exactly that, but it was what he meant. She was taking part in the bridge tournament and couldn't go and see the woman he asked her to visit when he had gone out of town.

Of course, everybody was sorry for poor people!

Anyway, she would show him that it wasn't anything wonderful to be called a philanthropist. She'd show him that she could do just as good work in that way as anybody. Not that she wanted to placate him; she didn't; but just to show him. Then, when she had done a lot of good work he could come to her on bended knees begging her forgiveness, and she wouldn't grant it. She never could love Paul again!

Natalie had no distinct plan for going out into the world as a humanitarian, but she would find a way. She lay on the couch, moody and unhappy. She knew her heart was broken and there was no use in anything. Still, one thing remained—she would show Paul. Her pride demanded that.

"Natalie, dear," said her mother, coming into the room dressed for the street, "I have just had a disappointment. Mrs. Smith cannot help me at the Women's club this afternoon, and I am forced to call upon you."

Natalie's first impulse was to refuse to go, then—"Why, yes, mother, I'll help you. What is it?"

"We are having Mr. Fleming, the director of music in the public schools, give demonstrations with the children of the work taught in the schools. I need you to take charge of the groups of children and start them to the platform in their turn."

Natalie went with her mother and before she realized it she was intensely interested. Then she spotted a little boy, about seven years of age, with the most beautiful face she had ever seen. He was wonderful. He kept perfect time and sang with unusual intelligence. Tears came to her eyes when she noticed his clothes. He had on the vest and trousers of a suit several sizes too large for him; his shirt sleeves were rolled up to the elbow, his trousers reached to the floor, and he wore a coat.

"Poor little fellow," she thought, "how he must suffer to go dressed so grotesquely when all the other little boys in his class are dressed in good taste. His people must be very poor and these clothes are handed down from an older brother. I'll buy him a suit myself! I'll take charge of him and see that he gets the right things to wear while he is so little."

Her heart filled with joy at the thought of helping the dear little fellow. She ran to the teacher who had charge of the class and asked his name and address.

She had to leave before the class had finished, to keep an appointment. But she thought constantly of the boy.

The next morning she started off to find the place where the boy lived. She was surprised when she again read the address, for it was in a very good part of town. "There may be some old run-down houses there," she thought.

She could hardly believe her eyes when she saw the home. It was almost a mansion. She compared the number over the door with the number of the address on the card given her by the teacher. They were the same. There was only one thing to do—go up and inquire. The door was opened by a maid in embroidered cap and apron.

"Can you tell me where I may find the parents of little Bernard Limoges?"

"This is Mr. Peter Limoges' residence, madam."

"But the poor little boy? Does he live in the neighborhood?"

"Master Bernard Limoges lives here. He is in school now. Would you like to see his mother? She is in."

"You don't understand. I am not looking for any one here. I am only inquiring for a poor boy. See, this is his name and address." Natalie showed the card to the puzzled maid.

ONLY MET MOTHER FORMALLY

Empress of Austria Was "Received" by Her Children in the Most Approved Manner.

Unless she gave 24 hours' notice the beautiful Empress Elizabeth of Austria, consort of the late Emperor Francis Joseph, was forbidden by the iron etiquette of the court to see her own babies.

They were strangers to her practically from the day of their birth, and in his book, "Royal Romances and Tragedies," Charles Kingston tells how once an elderly physician ventured to suggest to the emperor that if Elizabeth saw something of her children she might awaken out of the melancholy trance into which she had fallen.

For a time Francis Joseph angrily declined to vary the rigid rule which required her to give notice of her intention to the chamberlain.

Even when the visit took place, it was not a case of happy little children welcoming their mother with cries of delight. First the royal governess

A beautiful young woman came into the hall and said to Natalie:

"Won't you come in, please, and tell me about it?"

Natalie, all apologies, accompanied the young woman into a richly furnished drawing room.

"I'm afraid I've made a mistake. Let me tell you how it happened." She told about the lovely boy in the clumsy clothes. "I am so sorry for him and want to help him."

The young woman's face, which had worn a look of astonishment at first, gradually changed to a look of relief, and then to one of quiet amusement.

"You dear girl, I love you for your sweet intention. But as you didn't stay for the last of the performance you couldn't know that Bernard was dressed for a part in the play."

"A play!" gasped Natalie.

"Yes, he took the part of the tailor in the play of 'The Bear and the Tailor.' You know a tailor wears long trousers, a waistcoat, and has his sleeves rolled up when he works. Bernard is my son," added Mrs. Limoges.

"Your son! And he lives in this house?" Natalie was overcome with confusion. "Well, I have made a mess of things."

"You haven't, at all. I hope we may be friends and that you will like me as well as I like you. To think of your concern for Bernard. It's beautiful."

Natalie arose to go.

"Wait a little, here comes my husband and the architect who is doing our new country home. They have been down there for a few days. I want you to meet them. My husband," she heard the voice of her hostess.

Natalie offered her hand. Then, "Miss Jones, allow me to present Mr. Lester." It was Paul! She bowed coldly, although she was in a fever of fright. Where was the plan she had had for scolding Paul after proving her ability to do noble deeds? She had brought about this humiliating fiasco! She would escape at once.

"I must tell you how Miss Jones and I became acquainted," Mrs. Limoges addressed the two men. Then followed the whole story. Natalie was trapped. Her shaking limbs would hardly hold her. Paul gave her a long and searching look. Her blazing cheeks told the story of her utter confusion.

Again she started to leave.

"I shall drive Miss Jones home," Paul said to Mrs. Limoges, and taking Natalie's unresisting arm hastened to the waiting motor. Inside he said, "Sweetheart, you are the dearest and sweetest thing on earth and I am a beast and a villain!"

"Don't you dare to call my future husband names," Natalie replied.

The motor was not started for several moments.

The "Hampton of Macedonia."

Three miles from Saloniki, on an 85-mile-acre farm, is the "Hampton of Macedonia," the Thessalonica Agricultural and Industrial Institute. The Survey says that it is "one of the outposts of American education in a country which, recently freed from the Turk, needs just that combination of idealism and practical training for agriculture and small trades for which Hampton college is famous here. A quarter of the students are orphans and refugees; they represent ten nationalities and will be the future missionaries of the 'American idea of cooperative constructive works.' While much of the work, by its very nature, is self-supporting, the last few years of unrest and exceptional costs have thrown the school into debt; and a new dormitory is urgently needed to accommodate more boys."

Stretching Span of Life.

The publication of a monumental work by Viscount Bryce at the ripe age of eighty-three should persuade many of us who want to feel what it is like to be an octogenarian that old age can be attained without the aid of thyroid glands borrowed from the monkey, says a writer in the London Chronicle.

One of the secrets of old age would seem to be a lifetime of intellectual activity, and a lion's share of public service. It is quite astonishing the number of public men living at the present day who have passed their eightieth birthday. Lord Channing is in his eighty-first year; Viscount Morley is eighty-three; Mr. Frederic Harrison is close on ninety; Sir Henry Poland is still a vigorous letter writer, ninety-one, while the earl of Halsbury is ninety-seven, and possibly there are others.

Could Dare Anything.

According to an authority, "onions contain more calories than some meats and make an invigorating soup for convalescents." After nibbling at a few scallions, eating onion soup and topping off with steak smothered in onions, the most delicate invalid should have a heart for any fate.

Chinese May Kill Graft.

Some persons in Canton intend organizing a "Cho-Kan-Tun" or "traitor-killing-corps" for the arrest of dishonest officials, according to the Chinese press.—North China Herald.

had the children dressed in stiff, ceremonial clothes, and then drilled in the way they were to receive their mother. On the appearance of the emperor, therefore, the tiny tots, who under the Austrian system of education had no chance to be human, simply bowed as though they were elderly courtiers, the only sign of childhood being their terrified stares at the august lady.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Tackling Big Problems.

You never can measure up to a big problem as long as your mind's on yourself. The very bigness of great challenges reveals the caliber of men. The small chap is so overwhelmed that he loses his self-control and ability to do. The big man is steadied when confronted with tasks beyond the average. He knows that more than the usual strength and wisdom is needed and steadies himself for the task. He is none the less conscious of the tremendous interests at stake because he does not tremble. In fact, he may be all aquiver inside, but before master of himself he conceals how keenly he feels the situation.

CULTIVATE CORN TO HELP YIELD

Thorough, Early Plowing Encourages Plant Growth and Prevents Soil Crusting.

DESTROYS ALL YOUNG WEEDS

Successful Growers Favor Shallow Cultivation, Except Where Excessive Rains Have Packed Soil—Maintain Dust Mulch.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

From the time of germination to maturity corn should be given every opportunity to make a steady, sound growth. If the development of the plants is checked for any cause it may reduce the yield no matter how favorable the later treatment. The most successful corn growers realize the importance of thorough, early cultivation in order to prevent any check in the growth of the plants because of weeds or crusted soil. As a consequence of heavy rainfall, the stalks may increase rapidly in height and at the same time, for lack of cultivation or of soil fertility, or for other reason, they may be stender, too tender, or of poor color. Thrifty corn plants are thick, strong, and of dark-green color.

Use Weeder Soon After Planting. Horse weeders and harrows should be used when needed to break a surface crust, check insect depredations, or kill young weeds that start before the corn is up. While the plant is very small, narrow shovels that throw the soil but very little should be used, and fenders are usually desirable to prevent covering the plants.

Experience favors shallow cultivation, except if excessive rains have packed the soil, when deep cultivation will help to dry and aerate the ground. In cultivating it is important to avoid breaking the roots of the plants. If the plants have reached a height of 2 or 3 feet the soil in the middle of the rows should not be cultivated deeper than 4 inches, and sometimes less. For retaining soil moisture a loose soil mulch 2 or 3 inches in depth should be maintained.

The question is frequently asked how often corn should be cultivated.

A splendid patch of spinach.

South spinach can be planted in October and remain in the open ground all winter.

For growing spinach in the home garden a bed about 5 feet in width and 25 or 30 feet in length should be spaded and a quantity of well-rotted manure worked into the top 3 inches of soil. Three pounds of commercial fertilizer should also be scattered over the surface and well worked into the soil. Six or eight ounces of seed will be sufficient for this space. Sow in little drills or furrows running lengthwise of the bed, the rows to be about 6 or 7 inches apart. The seed should be covered 1/2 inch deep and the soil slightly firmed over it. Watering may be necessary if the weather should be extremely dry following the planting of the spinach seed.

Spinach grows quickly and requires very little cultivation, except to loosen the soil a trifle between the rows and keep weeds from getting a start. If the plants are too thick—that is, crowd each other—they can be thinned out and those removed in thinning cooked for greens. The plants left will then have room to grow larger. Spinach is very desirable as an early spring green, as it contains plenty of iron and other mineral matter. It should always be used while young and tender.

QUALITIES OF FARM FENCES

To Give Satisfaction Barrier Must Be Made to Turn All Stock Without Injuring Them.

Farm fences should combine two qualities—service and economy—says the United States Department of Agriculture. To give satisfactory service the fence must be constructed so as to turn all kinds of stock without injuring them. To be economical it must be built as cheaply as is consistent with durability. The fence that is erected at a low initial cost is not necessarily economical, for it may be so short that it will be very expensive in the end.

The cost of maintaining a farm fence is determined by such factors as interest, repairs, and depreciation on the fence itself, interest on the value of land rendered unusable, and the expense of keeping down weeds. The cost of repairs and the annual depreciation depend largely on the construction. If a fence is made of a cheap grade of material and is cheaply constructed it will need frequent repair and will be short lived. Such a fence will have a high repair and depreciation charge, which in most cases will more than counterbalance the increased investment cost that the erection of a more substantial fence would require. If a fence is made of good materials and is properly built, its repair and depreciation charges should be very low.

The efficiency of a fence depends upon the quality of wire and posts used and upon the manner of construction.

LIME CORRECTS SOUR SOILS

Application Will Prove Beneficial to Small Garden Plot—Binds Loose, Sandy Loams.

An application of about 50 pounds of hydrated or air-slaked lime to a garden plot 30 by 60 feet in size will often prove beneficial. Lime has the effect of loosening and pulverizing any heavy clay soil and of binding loose, sandy soil. Lime also corrects sourness in the soil, which is often due to lack of drainage, but in a case of this kind drainage should be secured.

INCLOSING SHEEP PASTURES

Fence Sufficiently Strong to Exclude Dogs and Other Predatory Animals Is Urged.

For inclosing sheep pastures and lots a fence that will exclude dogs should be used. A less expensive fence would suffice for the sheep themselves, though a flock may prove troublesome if kept under a poor fence that permits them to get into adjoining fields, thus forming the habit of breaking out.

Safe Way in Gardening.

The only safe way in gardening is to cultivate when the plants need it, and the ground is in condition. Make your plans to keep the garden vegetables growing.

Benefits of Purebreds.

It works both ways: A purebred sire pays for himself in improved offspring; a scrub sown loses more money for its owner than a purebred would cost.

SPINACH IS ADAPTED FOR EVERY LOCALITY

Plant Requires Rich Soil and Stands Cold Well.

Seed Bed Should Be Spaded and Quantity of Well-Rotted Manure Worked In—It Is Best for Use While Young and Tender.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Well-grown spinach is one of the best early spring and late fall greens that can be raised in the garden. Spinach is adapted for growing in practically every locality, requires a rich soil, stands cold as well or better than does lettuce, but does not do well during the hot part of the summer. United States Department of Agriculture garden specialists suggest one or two plantings in the early spring, just as soon as the danger of severe frost is past, and a planting late in the summer for fall use. Throughout the

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THE TRIALS OF A HOUSEWIFE

How They Have Been Endured and How Overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Experience of a Providence Woman

Providence, R. I.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a female trouble and backache. It began just after my baby was born, and I did the best I could about getting my work done, but I had awful bearing-down pains so I could not stand on my feet. I read in the papers about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and the good it was doing other women, and I have got dandy results from it and will always recommend it. You can use these facts as a testimonial if you wish."—Mrs. HERBERT L. CASSEN, 18 Menl Court, Providence, R. I.

Ohio woman for three years could hardly keep about and do her housework she was so ill. Made well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound: Fayette, O.—"For about three years I was very nervous and had backache, sideache, dragging-down pains, could not sleep at night, and had no appetite. At times I could hardly do my housework. I got medicine from the doctor but it did not help me. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised in a newspaper and took it with good results, and am now able to do my housework. I recommend your medicine to my friends and you may publish my testimonial."—Mrs. CHESTER A. BALL, R. 15, Fayette, Ohio.

An Illinois woman relates her experience: Bloomington, Ill.—"I was never very strong and female trouble kept me so weak I had no interest in my housework. I had such a backache I could not cook a meal or sweep a room without raging with pain. Rubbing my back with alcohol sometimes eased the pain for a few hours, but did not stop it. I heard of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and six bottles of it have made me as strong and healthy as any woman; and I give my thanks to it for my health."—Mrs. J. A. McQuitty, 610 W. Walnut St., Bloomington, Ill.

The conditions described by Mrs. Cassen, Mrs. Ball, and Mrs. McQuitty will appeal to many women who struggle on with their daily tasks in just such conditions—in fact, it is said that the tragedy in the lives of some women is almost beyond belief. Day in and day out they slave in their homes for their families—and beside the daily routine of housework, often make clothes for themselves and for their children, or work in their gardens, all the while suffering from those awful bearing-down pains, backache, headaches, nervousness, the blues, and troubles which sap the very foundation of life until there comes a time when nature gives out and an operation seems inevitable. If such women would only profit by the experience of these three women, and remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the natural restorative for such conditions it may save them years of suffering and unhappiness.

There is hardly a neighborhood in any town or hamlet in the United States wherein some woman does not reside who has been restored to health by this famous medicine. Therefore ask your neighbor, and you will find in a great many cases that at some time or other she, too, has been benefited by taking it, and will recommend it to you. For more than forty years this old-fashioned root and herb medicine has been restoring suffering women to health and strength.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments Peculiar to Women" will be sent to you free upon request. Write to The Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Massachusetts. This book contains valuable information.

New Windmill Idea.

A new French windmill on the principle of the water turbine, is encased with a vertical cylinder bladed like a Venetian blind. The cylinder is stationary, but the blades or slats guide the wind from any direction to the turbine wheel. After acting on the wheel, the wind escapes from the bottom of the cylinder. The vertical shaft transmits the power through a succession of gears adapted to light or strong wind, and a centrifugal regulator controls the speed. The apparatus is designed especially for driving an electric generator.

Going Back.

"My dear," said Mrs. Snuy, a Jipzen wearily raising herself on one elbow "we really must economize, don't you know?"

"True, angel," said Mr. Snuy, Jipzen, nodding his head fully three languid times. "We must go back to—er—back to Nature!"

"Precisely, love; back to Nature."

"James, tell the butler he may take two days off each week instead of one. We are going to live the simple life!"

Seeking Freedom.

Poet—My thoughts often take flight Actor—I suppose they escape from your brain cells.

A man's wife would never know he had a temper if he didn't lose it occasionally.

Information First Hand.

"What's the hardest part of the work of a postmaster?" The man who was sorting mail paused long enough to reply: "Getting the job and holding on to it."

In a new size package

LUCKY STRIKE

10 cigarettes for 10 cts Handy and convenient; try them. Dealers now carry both sizes: 10 for 10 cts; 20 for 20 cts.

It's Toasted

The American Tobacco Co.

Western Canada Offers Health and Wealth

and has brought contentment and happiness to thousands of home seekers and their families who have settled on the FREE homesteads or bought land at attractive prices. They have established their own homes and secured prosperity and independence. In the great grain-growing sections of the prairie provinces there is still to be had on easy terms Fertile Land at \$1

THREE YEAR OLD WASHED ASHORE

Mrs. Dingman Tells of Adventure of Childhood When Father's Ship Was Wrecked.

RELATES LATER EXPERIENCE

Declares That the Way Tanlac Restored Her Health is More Remarkable Than Anything She Has Ever Had Happen to Her.

"I've had some remarkable experiences in my life, but none more wonderful than the way Tanlac overcame my troubles and made me gain twenty pounds," was the statement of Mrs. Christina K. Dingman, 1216 Alice St., Oakland, Cal.

"Nobody knows how I suffered for the past three years. No matter how carefully I ate I would endure agonies afterwards from smothering and tinkling spells. Sometimes they were so severe I would fall to the floor and would have to be carried to bed. I went for days at a time without eating, as I dreaded the misery I knew would follow, no matter what I ate.

"I was almost in the depths of despair when I began on Tanlac, but this grand medicine has made me a well and happy woman. I'm not even troubled with constipation now, thanks to the Laxative Tablets, which are far superior to anything of the kind I ever tried. It seems almost too good to be true, but here I am in the best of health and spirits after I had given up hope, and I'll always praise Tanlac for it."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.—Advertisement.

Somewhat Miffed. "What do you think of that fellow? He dares to have his secretary take me on the wire. I never talk except to principals. Why didn't he call me himself?"

"How do you know it was his secretary?" "My secretary answered."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

ASPIRIN Name "Bayer" on Genuine



Take Aspirin only as told in each package of genuine Bayer Tablets of aspirin. Then you will be following the directions and dosage worked out by physicians during 21 years, and proved safe by millions. Take no chances with substitutes. If you see the Bayer Cross on tablets, you can take them without fear for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Arache, Toothache, Lumbago and Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of acetoacetic acid ester of Salicylic acid.

Some of 'Em Do Need It. Some girls in pursuit of a husband seem to think they need the assistance of the chemical warfare service.—Interson (N. J.) Press-Guardian.

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it. Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease. If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased. You may suffer pain in the back, head, and loss of ambition. Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be despondent; it makes any life so dreary. But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Palmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions. Many send for a sample bottle to see that Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine, will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Palmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you will receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Adv.

More Naturalization. One of the main delights of the moving pictures is to see the palaces of European noblemen surrounded by southern California.—Dallas News.

Catarrh Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. KIDNEY CATARRH MEDICINE is a safe and Blood Purifier. By cleaning blood and building up the system, KIDNEY CATARRH MEDICINE restores all conditions and allows Nature to do its work. All Druggists. Circulars free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

More than 45 per cent of the world's lifting tonnage is owned by the United States.

Magazine Department

Interesting Features for Home Reading



OLD FOX'S REVENGE

OLD GRANDPA FOX, as he was called by all the young wood animals, had been bothered so much by the youngsters that he was at his wits' end to know how to punish them.

One day he was sitting outside his door dozing in the sun when Billy Squirrel and his brother climbed into the tree over Grandpa Fox and let down on a string a wiggly turtle, which scared old Grandpa so he tumbled out of his chair.

Another day he fell asleep in his chair and when he awoke and picked up his pipe, which had fallen on the ground, what do you think he found? The Squirrel boys done but filled the pipe with black pepper, so poor Grandpa Fox almost sneezed his head off.

Another time they stole his spectacles and put in a magnifying glass, so that everything looked so big to him that he was afraid to move.

But the limit of his patience was reached when they tied strings to all the sticks of wood and when Grandpa Fox went out to get his wood in for the night as fast as he picked it up those bad youngsters would tug at the string and down it would fall.

Grandpa Fox could not see real well in the half-light and it took him a long time to find out what was happening, but when he did he snapped off the string from the sticks in a hurry, you may be sure, looking very angry. He knew better than to talk, for that was just what the youngsters wanted, and Grandpa Fox, having been young himself, had not forgotten his youthful tricks.

"I'll fix those youngsters," said Grandpa, as he sat smoking by the fire that night. "I may be getting old, but I think I can scrape up a thought or two that will pay them off in good shape."

For a long time after that Grandpa Fox was very busy every evening, and if the Squirrel brothers and Tommie Rabbit had watched they might have noticed the light burning late in Grandpa's cabin.

He chuckled as he worked, and though it was very delicate work Grandpa felt it would be well worth all the trouble and care he was taking. A basket of big nuts stood on one side of his chair and from these Grandpa Fox was very carefully taking all the meat, leaving the shells in two pieces, which fitted perfectly together when empty.

These he filled with pepper—red pepper, too—and then glued the shells so nicely that even an expert could not have told they had been opened.

These, of course, were being prepared especially for the Squirrel brothers.

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Eileen Burdette



One of the winsome faces on the "movie" screen is that of Eileen Burdette, the charming little actress who has been admired by thousands in some of the large productions.

"What's in a Name?"

Facts about your name; its history; meaning; whence it was derived; significance; your lucky day and lucky jewel.

By MILDRED MARSHALL

LUCRETIA

THOUGH Lucretia was the name borne by the notorious daughter of Borgia, it is one of the quaintest and most old-fashioned of names in this country. It is a far cry from ancient Rome to modern New England, but the name has completed the transition with very few changes to mark the successful stages of its evolution.

There are two theories among etymologists in regard to the original source of Lucretia. Some contend that it comes from the Latin word Lucrum, meaning "gain," and for that reason Lucretia is said to signify gain. On the other hand, there is much evidence to prove that its real source was in the Latin word for light, lux. Many feminine names have been derived from this root and the same word has supplied surnames without number.

It is believed, therefore, that the noted old gens Lucretius from which Lucretia is directly descended, was only another of the derivatives of lux.

"Lucr, combining the fleece under the midnight lamp," the famous old Roman tale, inspired Shakespeare to write one of his earliest poems. Despite her notoriety, Lucretia Borgia probably established the name of Lucretia in Italy, and in early modern times it was one of the few classical names to be revived.

France has a Lucrece, which is popular, and England imported Lucretia in the eighteenth century. Lucretia's talismanic stone is the red-tinted ruby. It has the power to bring her strength of body, an invincible spirit and success in every undertaking. Tuesday is her lucky day, and 6 her lucky number.

HOW DO YOU SAY IT? By C. N. LURIE Common Errors in English and How to Avoid Them

"WHERE AM I AT?"

IT IS not correct to use the word "at" or the word "to" after the word "where," as in the sentences, "Where were you at last Sunday?" and "Where were you going to?" Say, instead, "Where were you last Sunday?" and "Where were you going?" This is one example of many in English in which the speaker or writer uses too many words to express his meaning. The sentence, "Where am I at?" attracted much attention about 20 years ago when it was used by a speaker in the house of representatives. The member was making a long speech, filled with long sentences. Not much attention was being paid to him, and he "lost his place" while uttering one of his long sentences. So he turned to the speaker and asked: "Mr. Speaker, where am I at?" The reporters took advantage of the opportunity to poke fun at him, and the phrase was repeated and laughed at all over the United States.

(Copyright.)

A LINE O' CHEER

By John Kendrick Bangs.

NORTH AND SOUTH.

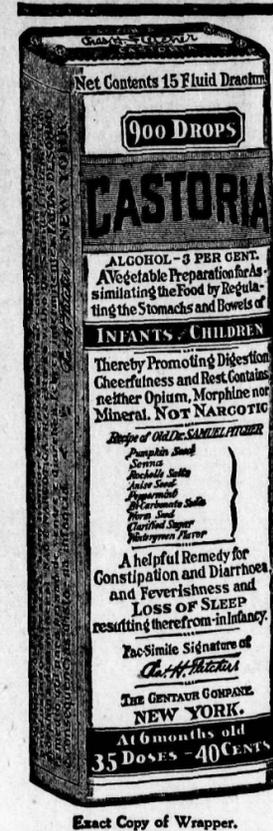
SEEK out the Southland if you will. Where flowers deck your window-sill, And tuncful birds are singing; Where soft as silk the morning breeze Confides its secrets to the trees, And Springtime's bells are ringing. I still shall hold to Winter's ways, Despite the roughness of her days; When arctic blasts are blowing, The blasts that, though they thrill with strife, Impart new vigor to my life, And keep my soul a-growing. (Copyright.)

As to Names.

The late Champ Clark was christened James Beauchamp Clark, but he voluntarily dropped the first name, and later because people would insist on mispronouncing "Beauchamp," he rechristened himself with the name by which he was generally known. His case reminds us of the old darkey's plan. The latter was asked: "What have you named your baby, Rastus?" "Sam Pro Tem Johnson, sah." "What's the Pro Tem for?" "To show that the name is only temporary, sah. We kinder thought Sam might like to choose his own name when he grew up, so we put de Pro Tem as a warning to de public."—Boston Transcript.

Island Has Disappeared.

One of the most famous of disappearing islands is Expedition island, situated off the northwest corner of Australia, and which was visited as lately as 1883. Today it has disappeared, and is now fifty feet below water. The island was thirteen miles long, and famous for its beauty.



Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

Special Care of Baby.

That Baby should have a bed of its own all are agreed. Yet it is more reasonable for an infant to sleep with grown-ups than to use a man's medicine in an attempt to regulate the delicate organism of that same infant.

Your Physician will tell you that Baby's medicine must be prepared with even greater care than Baby's food.

A Baby's stomach when in good health is too often disarranged by improper food. Could you for a moment, then, think of giving to your ailing child anything but a medicine especially prepared for Infants and Children? Don't be deceived.

Make a mental note of this:—It is important, Mothers, that you should remember that to function well, the digestive organs of your Baby must receive special care. No Baby is so abnormal that the desired results may be had from the use of medicines primarily prepared for grown-ups.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Grim Jest.

"I want some of 'em toilet articles mentioned in your catalogue," said Cactus Joe as he approached the young lady in charge of the novelty counter.

"Just what kind?" "Playin' cards, an' poker chips." "You don't call them toilet articles?" "I do; leastways the last few times I've used 'em they cleaned me proper."

Cuticura for Sore Hands. Soak hands on retiring in the hot suds of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub in Cuticura Ointment. Remove surplus Ointment with tissue paper. This is only one of the things Cuticura will do if Soap, Ointment and Talcum are used for all toilet purposes.—Adv.

BOY'S SUGGESTION ALL RIGHT

Thirteen-Year-Old Had Remembered What He Had Been Taught About Electricity.

The family washing was going through its regular Monday electric washer route. Incidentally the basement was damp, because there had been no furnace fire.

When the lady of the house started to wring the clothes she found an electric current in the water, due to a short circuit in the motor. After several attempts to wring the clothes before the current got in its work, she was about ready to give up and wring them by hand.

"Shucks, mom," said thirteen-year-old Harry, who knows all about Edison and Franklin, "I'll bet if you put on your rubbers, so the current can't go on out of your body you won't get a shock at all."

And when "mom" tried the suggestion she found the embryo electrician knew what he was talking about, for she worked in safety while wringing the rest of the clothes.

"Lazy Lovery."

Sir John Lovery of England, the eminent portrait painter, has been called "Lazy Lovery," because on a pretty society woman coming to his studio for her portrait he seated her in the position desired and then studied her features, planning his work and looking hard and long at her. After he had studied her for some time she said: "Don't you think it's about time you started your work?"—Boston Post.

There is every kind of a fanatic, not excluding a fanatic for work.

There are such things as tears of joy, but few people ever see them.

HAD THE TEACHER GUESSING

Small Wonder That She Didn't Understand, but There It Was in the Book.

George surveyed with puzzled eyes a sentence in his reading lesson. At last he raised his hand: "Well, Georgie, what is it?" asked the teacher.

"What is a feebly, Miss Smith?" "A feebly!" repeated Miss Smith, in astonished tones. "What do you mean, Georgie? Feebly is an adverb, not a noun."

Georgie was unconvinced. "It's something that grows," he said. "It says so here."

"Bring me your book," said the mystified teacher. Whereupon Georgie complied and laboriously read out the sentence: "The man—had a feebly—growing down—on—his chin."

The Wants of a Pioneer.

Writing to the editor of the Pallimpsest, John P. Irish recounts some of the hardships of Iowa pioneer life and tells the story of one of those pioneer women and her granddaughter, who asked:

"Grandma, you were here in the early days?" "Yes, I was a pioneer."

"Well, were you poor?" "Yes, we were all poor."

"Couldn't you have what you wanted?" "No, I could not."

"Did you have no meat?" "No, nothing but venison, wild turkeys, prairie chickens and quails."

"Did you have no sugar?" "Nothing but maple sugar."

"What did you want that you couldn't get?" "It was New Orleans molasses and salt mackerel."

Spiritual Truth.

"Divine a bit do I believe the message these mediums are after getting from the dead," declared Dugan. "Ye can't be tellin' whether they're true or not."

"More fool ye. Ye can and I can prove it," contradicted Monahan. "By mistake I was reported killed entirely in the war, and one day me sister went to a medium who told her I was wishin' I was back on earth. And at the very time I was on a transport in a high sea, d'ye mind!"—American Legion Weekly.

Many a woman's face isn't as bad as it is painted.

Learn to work efficiently—that is, without waste of time or energy.

Mistaken Identity.

The morning was cold and foggy when old Farmer Giles and his man started out to drive a bullock into the market. The farmer, being uncommonly stout, left the work to his employee.

After tramping about eight miles in silence, hardly able to see each other for the fog, the man was startled to hear a voice in front of him exclaim: "We're getting along in good style, aren't we, Bill?"

"Lordy!" cried the farm hand, "be that you, maister. Whoy. Ah bin a-droivin' ye for the last hour!"

And the bullock had vanished in the fog, while Bill herded his bulky master to market.

Crime in New York.

"I see a visitor to New York was arrested the other day because he had \$350 in his pocket," said Church.

"And it wasn't his own money?" asked Gotham.

"Oh, yes; it was proved in court that it was his own money," replied Church. "Why on earth did they arrest him, then?"

"He was trying to get out of town with it."

Lots of 'Em.

"Yes, he's running for office again." "On what platform?" "The lecture platform."

50 good cigarettes for 10c from one sack of

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM TOBACCO



Oriet Pomade Grows Hair

When you have tried all others—don't get disheartened—give a THOUGHT to ORIET POMADE. It GROWS Hair—stops falling hair in a few applications. \$2 per bottle. To prove my statement you may have a trial size to last a month for 25 cents. Ask Arthur Lincoln, 38 West 33rd Street, New York. He was bald over 30 years. Oriet is growing his hair. Order NOW. P. L. Diver, 4 Washington Place, New York, N. Y.

80 Years Old—Was Sick

Now Feels Young After Taking Eatonic for Sour Stomach

"I had sour stomach ever since I had the grip and it bothered me badly. Have taken Eatonic only a week and am much better. Am 80 years old," says Mrs. John Hill.

Eatonic quickly relieves sour stomach, indigestion, heartburn, bloating and distress after eating because it takes up and carries out the excess acidity and gases which cause most stomach ailments. If you have "tried everything" and still suffer, do not give up hope. Eatonic has brought relief to tens of thousands like you. A big box costs but a trifle with our druggists' guarantee.

WOULD YOU INVEST \$150 TO MAKE \$3,000. Proposition will stand strict and thorough investigation. Particulars furnished without obligation. Address H. M. Haverbeck & Co., 32 E. 7th St., New York City.

Teacher or College Student—Unusual vacation position; salary \$250 for 30 days; bonus also; chance for permanency. Dept. 34, National Home and School Association, National City Building, New York City.

TURKISH CIGARETTES Genuine imported tobacco, fragrant, delightful, supremely superior. With or without cork tips. 50 for \$1, or 100 for \$1.50; sent post-paid on receipt of cash or money order. Yank Oussani & Co., 105 Liberty St., New York.

FRECKLES

Don't Count Your Night Hours

Counting the clock strokes at night means losing the day hours in drowsiness. A cup of tea or coffee at bedtime often results in dreary wakefulness.

POSTUM CEREAL

is a hot, cheering, meal-time beverage, fully satisfying to the taste, and you can drink it at any hour of the day—as many cups as you like—with no irritation to nerves.

Better nights and brighter mornings usually follow a change to Postum as the table drink.

"There's a Reason" Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc. Battle Creek, Mich.

Watch Your Kidneys!

That "bad back" is probably due to weak kidneys. It shows in a dull, throbbing headache or sharp twinges when stooping. You have headaches, too, dizzy spells, a tired, nervous feeling and irregular kidney action. Don't neglect it—there is danger of dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease! Use **Doan's Kidney Pills**. Thousands have saved themselves more serious ailments by the timely use of Doan's. Ask your neighbor!

A New York Case

William Gravigne, carpenter, E. Main St., Granville, N. Y., says: "I was embarrassed by the irregular action of my kidneys. I had to get up frequently at night to pass the secretions. I had a soreness in my back and a constant dull aching over my kidneys. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills after other remedies had failed to give relief. Doan's regulated my kidneys."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

SLOW DEATH

Aches, pains, nervousness, difficulty in urinating, often mean serious disorders. The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HAZEL OIL CAPSULES

bring quick relief and often ward off deadly diseases. Known as the national remedy of Holland for more than 200 years. All druggists, in three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and exact imitation.

Cuticura Talcum

Fascinatingly Fragrant
Always Healthful
Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

AND SHE COULDN'T DENY IT

One Time That Mr. Hogg Scored on the Partner of His Joys and Sorrows.

Former Senator John W. Weeks was lately recalling some of the happy days of the long ago in Washington. In those days, he said, there were such things as bars, and his friend Hirbutus Hogg, spent a great deal of his time on the fringe of the oases. One night after an unusually long sojourn near his favorite bar, Mr. Hogg navigated painfully home and at last reached his bedroom. Mrs. Hogg was waiting for him. "Hirbutus," she said, after a swift appraisal of his condition, "I am ashamed of you—utterly ashamed. You are a Hogg by name and a hog by nature." "Yes, m'dear," replied the prodigal, meekly, "but even at that I have the advantage over you. You are a Hogg by name, but you became a Hogg by choice."—Exchange.

Natural Aptitude.
"What in your opinion makes the true diplomatist?"
"A true diplomatist has to think so quick and see so many different possibilities," said Senator Sorghum, "that I wouldn't undertake to define his qualities. You might as well ask me what makes a good poker player."

Overstocked.
"Why is it that pessimists seem to have so much trouble?"
"Optimists never borrow any."

Sure Relief

BELL'S HOT WATER SURE RELIEF
FOR INDIGESTION
25 CENTS

6 BELL'S Hot Water Sure Relief
BELL'S FOR INDIGESTION

ABSORBINE

TRADE MARK REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

Reduces Bursal Enlargements, Thickened, Swollen Tissues, Curbs, Filled Tendons, Soreness from Bruises or Strains; stops Spavin Lameness, allays pain. Does not blister, remove the hair or lay up the horse. \$2.50 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Book 1 R. free.

ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind—an antiseptic liniment for bruises, cuts, wounds, strains, painful, swollen veins or glands. It heals and soothes. \$1.25 a bottle at druggists or postpaid. Will tell you more if you write. Made in U. S. A. by W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

PESKY BED-BUGS

P. D. Q.
F. D. Q. Kills Bed Bugs, Roaches, Ants and Their Eggs as Well

A 3c cent package makes one quart, enough to kill a million, and contains a patent soap free, to get them in the hard-to-get-at places. Your Druggist has it or can get it for you, or mail order paid on receipt of price by the OWL CHEMICAL WORKS, Terre Haute, Ind. Genuine F. D. Q. is never peddled.

Fight the Pests that Pester with Bug Death. Contains No P. A. B. I. S. GREEN OIL. Absorbent to injure the plant, tree or vine; to retard healthy growth, or to kill bees, stock, humans. Ask your local Dealer for it or write your Seed House. Booklets on request. Manufacturer Chemist, Mass., Est. 1898.

Agents Wanted—Luminous Pocket Matches, Beautiful Fireworks, 4th July Sensation. "Our Flag and President," Movie Film. Cds. Samples, 16c, 25c. United Importers, Philadelphia.

W. N. U., NEW YORK, NO. 21-1921.

Natalie's Misplaced Sympathy

By LILLIAN H. CROWLEY

(Copyright, 1921, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Natalie Jones was a bitterly disappointed girl. She had been so truly in love with Paul Lester, and now everything was over between them forever! She never would love any one else, never could love him again. Perhaps it was just as well to find out that he was a dictatorial brute. Brute? Yes, he was a brute to intimate that she was a selfish butterfly who didn't care for her fellow beings. He could go on with his old philanthropy for all of her. She didn't interfere when he spent lots of his time in the slums—but why should he think she ought to spend her time there?

Of course, he didn't say just exactly that, but it was what he meant. She was taking part in the bridge tournament and couldn't go and see the woman he asked her to visit when he had gone out of town. Of course, everybody was sorry for poor people!

Anyway, she would show him that it wasn't anything wonderful to be called a philanthropist. She'd show him that she could do just as good work in that way as anybody. Not that she wanted to placate him; she didn't; but just to show him. Then, when she had done a lot of good work he could come to her on bended knees begging her forgiveness, and she wouldn't grant it. She never could love Paul again!

Natalie had no distinct plan for going out into the world as a humanitarian, but she would find a way. She lay on the couch, moody and unhappy. She knew her heart was broken and there was no use in anything. Still, one thing remained—she would show Paul. Her pride demanded that.

"Natalie, dear," said her mother, coming into the room dressed for the street. "I have just had a disappointment. Mrs. Smith cannot help me at the Women's club this afternoon, and I am forced to call upon you."

Natalie's first impulse was to refuse to go, then—"Why, yes, mother, I'll help you. What is it?"

"We are having Mr. Fleming, the director of music in the public schools, give demonstrations with the children of the work taught in the schools. I need you to take charge of the groups of children and start them to the platform in their turn."

Natalie went with her mother and before she realized it she was intensely interested. Then she spied a little boy, about seven years of age, with the most beautiful face she had ever seen. He was wonderful. He was like a young St. John. He kept perfect time and sang with unusual intelligence. Tears came to her eyes when she noticed his clothes. He had on the vest and trousers of a suit several sizes too large for him; his shirt sleeves were rolled up to the elbow, his trousers reached to the floor, and he wore no coat.

"Poor little fellow," she thought, "how he must suffer to go dressed so grotesquely when all the other little boys in his class are dressed in good taste. His people must be very poor and these clothes are handed down from an older brother. I'll buy him a suit myself! I'll take charge of him and see that he gets the right things to wear while he is so little."

Her heart filled with joy at the thought of helping the dear little fellow. She ran to the teacher who had charge of the class and asked his name and address.

CULTIVATE CORN TO HELP YIELD

Thorough, Early Plowing Encourages Plant Growth and Prevents Soil Crusting.

DESTROYS ALL YOUNG WEEDS

Successful Growers Favor Shallow Cultivation, Except Where Excessive Rains Have Packed Soil—Maintain Dust Mulch.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
From the time of germination to maturity corn should be given every opportunity to make a steady, sound growth. If the development of the plants is checked for any cause it may reduce the yield no matter how favorable the later treatment. The most successful corn growers realize the importance of thorough, early cultivation in order to prevent any check in the growth of the plants because of weeds or crusted soil. As a consequence of heavy rainfall, the stalks may increase rapidly in height and at the same time, for lack of cultivation or of soil fertility, or for other reason, they may be slender, too tender, or of poor color. Thrifty corn plants are thick, strong, and of dark-green color.

Use Weeder Soon After Planting. Horse weeders and harrows should be used when needed to break a surface crust, check insect depredations, or kill young weeds that start before the corn is up. While the plant is very small, narrow shovels that throw the soil but very little should be used, and fenders are usually desirable to prevent covering the plants.

Experience favors shallow cultivation, except if excessive rains have packed the soil, when deep cultivation will help to dry and aerate the ground. In cultivating it is important to avoid breaking the roots of the plants. If the plants have reached a height of 2 or 3 feet the soil in the middle of the rows should not be cultivated deeper than 4 inches, and sometimes less. For retaining soil moisture a sweet soil mulch 2 or 3 inches in depth should be maintained.

The question is frequently asked how often corn should be cultivated. The answer is that it should be cultivated often enough to keep down weeds and to maintain constantly a loose soil mulch until the corn has attained its growth. A greater number of cultivations will be necessary when rains at intervals of about a week cause the surface soil to run together and crust. This crust must be broken and the soil mulch restored, or evaporation will soon rob the soil of much of its moisture. An essential object of cultivation is to restore the soil mulch as soon after a rain as the condition of the ground will permit. If the ground becomes hard and baked dry the crop will suffer greatly and when cultivated the dirt will break up into clods.

Many crops are cut short by stopping the cultivation because the corn is too tall for use of a two-horse cultivator. If the condition of the soil demands it, shallow cultivation should continue, even though the corn is tasseling. Blocks nailed to the handles will protect the hands from the corn blades. Iron mowing-machine wheels dragged between the rows will sometimes greatly benefit the crop.

Saving of Labor.
With a good riding or walking double cultivator one man can cultivate as many acres as two men with one-horse cultivators. This saving of labor is worth consideration. With a properly constructed wheeled cultivator, covering two rows at a time, one man has often cultivated 15 acres per day.

The shovels with which it is best to equip either single or double cultivators must be determined by the kind of soil, the size of the corn, and size and nature of growth of weeds to be destroyed. For sandy land sweeps are in great favor, and vary from 6 to 30 inches in width. The sweep scrapes along through the soil at a depth of 2 to 3 inches, cutting off weeds and allowing surface soil to pass over them, falling level and flat behind the cultivator.

Safe Way in Gardening.
The only safe way in gardening is to cultivate when the plants need it, and the ground is in condition. Make your plans to keep the garden vegetables growing.

Benefits of Purebreds.
It works both ways: A purebred sire pays for himself in improved offspring; a scrub sown loses more money for its owner than a purebred would cost.

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SPINACH IS ADAPTED FOR EVERY LOCALITY

Plant Requires Rich Soil and Stands Cold Well.

Seed Bed Should Be Spaded and Quantity of Well-Rotted Manure Worked In—It Is Best for Use While Young and Tender.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Well-grown spinach is one of the best early spring and late fall greens that can be raised in the garden. Spinach is adapted for growing in practically every locality, requires a rich soil, stands cold as well or better than does lettuce, but does not do well during the hot part of the summer. United States Department of Agriculture garden specialists suggest one or two plantings in the early spring, just as soon as the danger of severe frost is past, and a planting late in the summer for fall use. Throughout the



Splendid Patch of Spinach.

South spinach can be planted in October and remain in the open ground all winter. For growing spinach in the home garden a bed about 5 feet in width and 25 or 30 feet in length should be spaded and a quantity of well-rotted manure worked into the top 3 inches of soil. Three pounds of commercial fertilizer should also be scattered over the surface and well worked into the soil. Six or eight ounces of seed will be sufficient for this space. Sow in little drills or furrows running lengthwise of the bed, the rows to be about 6 or 7 inches apart. The seed should be covered 1/2 inch deep and the soil slightly firmed over it. Watering may be necessary if the weather should be extremely dry following the planting of the spinach seed.

Spinach grows quickly and requires very little cultivation, except to loosen the soil a trifle between the rows and keep weeds from getting a start. If the plants are too thick—that is, crowd each other—they can be thinned out and those removed in thinning cooked for greens. The plants left will then have room to grow larger. Spinach is very desirable as an early spring green, as it contains plenty of iron and other mineral matter. It should always be used while young and tender.

QUALITIES OF FARM FENCES

To Give Satisfaction Barrier Must Be Made to Turn All Stock Without Injuring Them.

Farm fences should combine two qualities—service and economy—says the United States Department of Agriculture. To give satisfactory service the fence must be constructed so as to turn all kinds of stock without injuring them. To be economical it must be built as cheaply as is consistent with durability. The fence that is erected at a low initial cost is not necessarily economical, for it may be so short that it will be very expensive in the end.

The cost of maintaining a farm fence is determined by such factors as interest, repairs, and depreciation on the fence itself, interest on the value of land rendered unusable, and the expense of keeping down weeds. The cost of repairs and the annual depreciation depend largely on the construction. If a fence is made of a cheap grade of material and is cheaply constructed it will need frequent repair and will be short lived. Such a fence will have a high repair and depreciation charge, which in most cases will more than counterbalance the increased investment cost that the erection of a more substantial fence would require. If a fence is made of good materials and is properly built, its repair and depreciation charges should be very low.

The efficiency of a fence depends upon the quality of wire and posts used and upon the manner of construction.

LIME CORRECTS SOUR SOILS

Application Will Prove Beneficial to Small Garden Plot—Binds Loose, Sandy Soils.

An application of about 50 pounds of hydrated or air-slaked lime to a garden plot 30 by 60 feet in size will often prove beneficial. Lime has the effect of loosening and pulverizing any heavy clay soil and of binding loose, sandy soil. Lime also corrects sourness in the soil, which is often due to lack of drainage, but in a case of this kind drainage should be secured.

THE TRIALS OF A HOUSEWIFE

How They Have Been Endured and How Overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Experience of a Providence Woman



Providence, R. I.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a female trouble and headache. It began just after my baby was born, and I did the best I could about getting my work done, but I had awful bearing-down pains so I could not stand on my feet. I read in the papers about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and the good it was doing other women, and I have got dandy results from it and will always recommend it. You can use these facts as a testimony if you wish."—Mrs. HERBERT L. CASSEN, 18 Meni Court, Providence, R. I.

Ohio woman for three years could hardly keep about and do her housework she was so ill. Made well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Fayette, O.—"For about three years I was very nervous and had backache, sideache, dragging-down pains, could not sleep at night, and had no appetite. At times I could hardly do my housework. I got medicine from the doctor but it did not help me. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised in a newspaper and took it with good results and am now able to do my housework. I recommend your medicine to my friends and you may publish my testimonial."—Mrs. CHESTER A. BALL, R. 15, Fayette, Ohio.

An Illinois woman relates her experience. Bloomington, Ill.—"I was never very strong and female trouble kept me so weak I had no interest in my housework. I had such a backache I could not cook a meal or sweep a room without raging with pain. Rubbing my back with alcohol sometimes eased the pain for a few hours, but did not stop it. I heard of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and six bottles of it have made me as strong and healthy as any woman; and I give my thanks to it for my health."—Mrs. J. A. McQUITTY, 610 W. Walnut St., Bloomington, Ill.

The conditions described by Mrs. Cassen, Mrs. Ball, and Mrs. McQuitty will appeal to many women who struggle on with their daily tasks in just such conditions—in fact, it is said that the tragedy in the lives of some women is almost beyond belief. Day in and day out they slave in their homes for their families—and beside the daily routine of housework, often make clothes for themselves and for their children, or work in their gardens, all the while suffering from those awful bearing-down pains, backache, headaches, nervousness, the blues, and troubles which sap the very foundation of life until there comes a time when nature gives out and an operation seems inevitable. If such a woman would only profit by the experience of these three women, and remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the natural restorative for such conditions it may save them years of suffering and unhappiness.

There is hardly a neighborhood in any town or hamlet in the United States wherein some woman does not reside who has been restored to health by this famous medicine. Therefore ask your neighbor, and you will find in a great many cases that at some time or other she, too, has been benefited by taking it, and will recommend it to you. For more than forty years this old-fashioned root and herb medicine has been restoring suffering women to health and strength. Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments Peculiar to Women" will be sent to you free upon request. Write to The Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Massachusetts. This book contains valuable information.

New Windmill Idea.
A new French windmill on the principle of the water turbine, is encased with a vertical cylinder bladed like a Venetian blind. The cylinder is stationary, but the blades or slats guide the wind from any direction to the turbine wheel. After acting on the wheel, the wind escapes from the bottom of the cylinder. The vertical shaft transmits the power through a succession of gears adapted to light or strong wind, and a centrifugal regulator controls the speed. The apparatus is designed especially for driving an electric generator.

Information First Hand.
"What's the hardest part of the work of a postmaster?"
The man who was sorting mail passed long enough to reply:
"Getting the job and holding on to it."

Going Back.
"My dear," said Mrs. Snuy, a Jipzen wearily raising herself on one elbow "we really must economize, don't you know?"
"True, angel," said Mr. Snuy, Jipzen nodding his head fully three languid times. "We must go back to—er—back to Nature!"
"Precisely, love; back to Nature."
"James, tell the butler he may take two days off each week instead of one. We are going to live the simple life!"

Seeking Freedom.
Poet—I thought often take flight Actor—I suppose they escape from your brain cells.
A man's wife would never know he had a temper if he didn't lose it occasionally.

In a new size package

LUCKY STRIKE

10 cigarettes for 10 cts
Handy and convenient; try them. Dealers now carry both sizes: 10 for 10 cts; 20 for 20 cts.
It's Toasted

Western Canada Offers Health and Wealth

and has brought contentment and happiness to thousands of home seekers and their families who have settled on her fertile homesteads or bought land at attractive prices. They have established their own homes and secured prosperity and independence. In the great grain-growing sections of the prairie provinces there is still to be had on easy terms fertile land at \$15 to \$30 an acre—land similar to that which through many years has yielded from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre—oats, barley and flax also in great abundance, while raising horses, cattle, sheep and hogs is equally profitable. Hundreds of farmers in Western Canada have raised crops in a single season worth more than the whole cost of their land. Healthful climate, good neighbors, churches, schools, rural telephone, excellent markets and shipping facilities. The climate and soil offer inducements for almost every branch of agriculture. The advantages for

Dairying, Mixed Farming and Stock Raising
make a tremendous appeal to industrious settlers wishing to improve their circumstances. For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, reduced railway rates, etc., write
O. G. RUTLEDGE
301 E. Casses St., Syracuse, N. Y.
Authorized Agent, Dept. of Immigration and Colonization, Dominion of Canada

THREE YEAR OLD WASHED ASHORE

Mrs. Dingman Tells of Adventure of Childhood When Father's Ship Was Wrecked.

RELATES LATER EXPERIENCE

Declares That the Way Tanlac Restored Her Health is More Remarkable Than Anything She Has Ever Had Happen to Her.

"I've had some remarkable experiences in my life, but none more wonderful than the way Tanlac overcame my troubles and made me gain twenty pounds," was the statement of Mrs. Christina K. Dingman, 1216 Alice St., Oakland, Cal. One of the experiences to which Mrs. Dingman refers is well known to her friends. When a child of three years, accompanying her father, a noted sea captain, on an ocean trip, the vessel was wrecked, but she was almost miraculously saved, the small box into which she was put being washed ashore. According to her statement, Mrs. Dingman enjoyed the best of health until three years ago when she began to suffer from a bad form of stomach trouble and later from rheumatism. How she was completely restored to health is best told in her own words:

"Nobody knows how I suffered for the past three years. No matter how carefully I ate I would endure agonies afterwards from smothering and linking spells. Sometimes they were so severe I would fall to the floor and would have to be carried to bed. I went for days at a time without eating, as I dreaded the misery I knew would follow, no matter what I ate. Then rheumatism set in and my shoulders and arms hurt me so I couldn't comb my hair. My back felt like it was breaking in two.

"I was almost in the depths of despair when I began on Tanlac, but this grand medicine has made me a well and happy woman. I'm not even troubled with constipation now, thanks to the Laxative Tablets, which are far superior to anything of the kind I ever tried. It seems almost too good to be true, but here I am in the best of health and spirits after I had given up hope, and I'll always praise Tanlac for it."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.—Advertisement.

Somewhat Miffed.
"What do you think of that fellow? He had the audacity to have his secretary read me on the wire. I never talk except to principals. Why didn't he tell me himself?"
"How do you know it was his secretary?"
"My secretary answered."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine



Take Aspirin only as told in each package of genuine Bayer Tablets of aspirin. Then you will be following the directions and dosage worked out by physicians during 21 years, and proved safe by millions. Take no doses with substitutes. If you see the Bayer Cross on tablets, you can take them without fear of Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Arache, Toothache, Lumbago and Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacturing Co. of Monacacadeester of Salicylicacid.

Some of 'Em Do Need It.
Some girls in pursuit of a husband seem to think they need the assistance of the chemical warfare service.—Paterson (N. J.) Press-Guardian.

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.
Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease. If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.
You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition.
Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be despondent; it makes any one so.
But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Filmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just a remedy needed to overcome such conditions.
Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, bladder and bladder medicine, will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Filmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you will receive a sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Adv.

More Naturalization.
One of the main delights of the moving pictures is to see the palaces of European noblemen surrounded by uthern California.—Dallas News.

Catarrh
Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions.
ALLEN'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a local and Blood Purifier. By cleansing the blood and building up the System, ALLEN'S CATARRH MEDICINE restores normal conditions and allows Nature to do its work.
All Druggists, Circulars free. S. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

More than 43 per cent of the world's illing tonnage is owned by the United States.

Magazine Department

Interesting Features for Home Reading

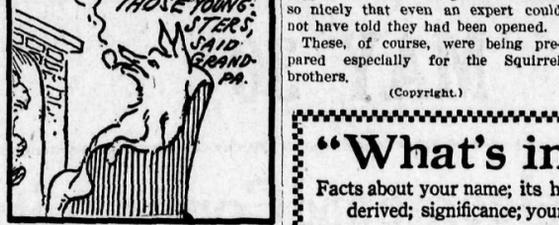


THE SANDMAN STORY

OLD FOX'S REVENGE
OLD GRANDPA FOX, as he was called by all the young wood animals, had been bothered so much by the youngsters that he was at his wits' end to know how to punish them.

One day he was sitting outside his door dozing in the sun when Billy Squirrel and his brother climbed into the tree over Grandpa Fox and let down on a string a wiggly turtle, which scared old Grandpa so he tumbled out of his chair.

Another day he fell asleep in his chair and when he awoke and picked



up his pipe, which had fallen on the ground, what Tommie Rabbit and the Squirrel boys done but filled the pipe with black pepper, so poor Grandpa Fox almost sneezed his head off.

Another time they stole his spectacles and put in a magnifying glass, so that everything looked so big to him that he was afraid to move.

But the limit of his patience was reached when they tied strings to all the sticks of wood and when Grandpa Fox went out to get his wood in for the night as fast as he picked it up those bad youngsters would tug at the string and down it would fall.

Grandpa Fox could not see real well in the half-light and it took him a long time to find out what was happening, but when he did he snuffed off the string from the sticks in a hurry, you may be sure, looking very angry. He knew better than to talk, for that was just what the youngsters wanted, and Grandpa Fox, having been young himself, had not forgotten his youthful tricks.

"I'll fix those youngsters," said Grandpa, as he sat smoking by the fire that night. "I may be getting old, but I think I can scrape up a thought

The Right Thing at the Right Time

By MARY MARSHALL DUFFEE

AT THE TABLE

All can rule the great that cannot reach the small.—Spenser.

AVOID any little mannerism that indicates extreme fussiness or finicalness of taste. The person who appears to be examining minutely every morsel that he takes on his fork makes one feel that he is suspicious that the food is not entirely what it ought to be. So, too, the person who samples every viand very carefully before beginning in earnest to eat is too finical to be a pleasant table companion.

Large pieces of bread are broken into smaller pieces before being buttered and carried to the mouth.

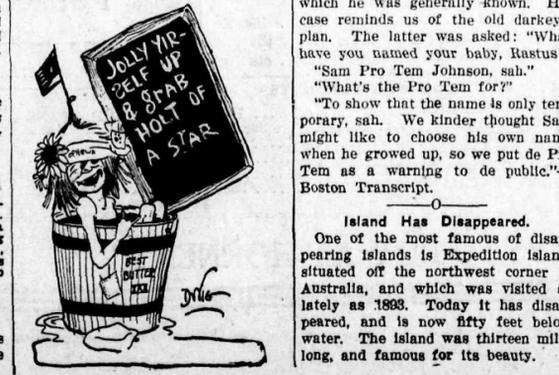
Cake may be broken and eaten like bread or crackers or it may be eaten with a fork.

Celery, olives, radishes, salted nuts, bon bons, preserved ginger and other trifles are eaten from the fingers, but berries, melons, and grape-fruit must be eaten with a spoon. Bananas are generally eaten with a fork, peaches, apples and pears are peeled, quartered and cut into small pieces and then picked up with the fingers.

Grapes and small plums are eaten from the fingers, and the stones or skins taken into the hand and carried to the plate, never dropped from the lips. Prune seeds are best pressed out with the spoon before the fruit is eaten, and then laid to one side on the plate.

Bones of fowl, game or chops must not be taken in the finger, but green corn may be eaten that way.

Artichokes, source of much grief to the inexperienced diner, if served hot



Eileen Burdette



One of the winsome faces on the "movie" screen is that of Eileen Burdette, the charming little actress who has been admired by thousands in some of the large productions.

"What's in a Name?"

Facts about your name; its history; meaning; whence it was derived; significance; your lucky day and lucky jewel.

By MILDRED MARSHALL

LUCRETIA

THOUGH Lucretia was the name borne by the notorious daughter of Borgia, it is one of the quaintest and most old-fashioned of names in this country. It is a far cry from ancient Rome to modern New England, but the name has completed the transition with very few changes to mark the successful stages of its evolution.

There are two theories among etymologists in regard to the original source of Lucretia. Some contend that it comes from the Latin word *Lucrum*, meaning "gain," and for that reason Lucretia is said to signify gain. On the other hand, there is much evidence to prove that its real source was in the Latin word for light, *lux*. Many feminine names have been derived from this root and the same word has supplied surnames without number.

It is believed, therefore, that the noted old gens *Lucretius* from which Lucretia is directly descended, was only another of the derivatives of *lux*.

HOW DO YOU SAY IT?

By C. N. LURIE

Common Errors in English and How to Avoid Them

"WHERE AM I AT?"

IT IS NOT correct to use the word "at" or the word "to" after the word "where," as in the sentences, "Where were you at last Sunday?" and "Where were you going to?" Say, instead, "Where were you last Sunday?" and "Where were you going?" This is one example of many in English in which the speaker or writer uses too many words to express his meaning.

The sentence, "Where am I at?" attracted much attention about 20 years ago when it was used by a speaker in the house of representatives. The member was making a long speech, filled with long sentences. Not much attention was being paid to him, and he "lost his place" while uttering one of his long sentences. So he turned to the speaker and asked: "Mr. Speaker, where am I at?" The reporters took advantage of the opportunity to poke fun at him, and the phrase was repeated and laughed at all over the United States.

A LINE O' CHEER

By John Kendrick Bangs.

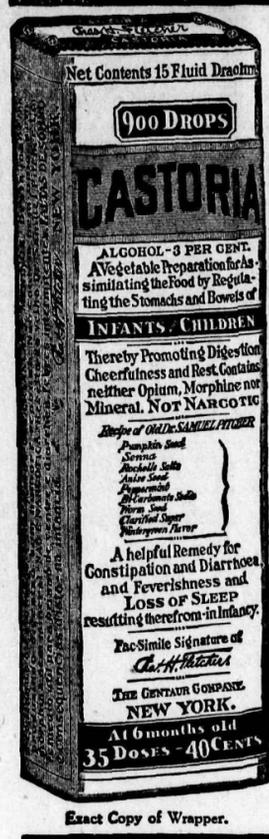
NORTH AND SOUTH.

SEEK out the Southland if you will,
Where flowers deck your window-sill,
And tuneful birds are singing,
Where soft as silk the morning breeze
Confides its secrets to the trees,
And Springtime's bells are ringing
I still shall hold to Winter's ways,
Despite the roughage of her days,
When arctic blasts are blowing,
The blasts that, though they thrill
With strife,
Impart new vigor to my life,
And keep my soul a-growing.
(Copyright.)



DISTINCTION SANS DIFFERENCE
Sensitive Golfer (who has fozzied)
—Did you laugh at me, boy?
Caddy—No, sir; I was laughing at another man.
What's funny about him?
He plays golf like you, sir.

Seasonable Thought.
Around this time although a woman may have an old hat on her head, she has a new one on her mind.—Boston Transcript.



Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

Special Care of Baby.

That Baby should have a bed of its own all are agreed. Yet it is more reasonable for an infant to sleep with grown-ups than to use a man's medicine in an attempt to regulate the delicate organism of that same infant. Either practice is to be shunned. Neither would be tolerated by specialists in children's diseases.

Your Physician will tell you that Baby's medicine must be prepared with even greater care than Baby's food.

A Baby's stomach when in good health is too often disarranged by improper food. Could you for a moment, then, think of giving to your ailing child anything but a medicine especially prepared for Infants and Children? Don't be deceived.

Make a mental note of this:—It is important, Mothers, that you should remember that to function well, the digestive organs of your Baby must receive special care. No Baby is so abnormal that the desired results may be had from the use of medicines primarily prepared for grown-ups.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Grim Jest.
"I want some of them toilet articles mentioned in your catalogue," said Cactus Joe as he approached the young lady in charge of the novelty counter.

"Just what kind?"
"Playin' cards, an' poker chips."
"You don't call them toilet articles?"
"I do; leastways the last few times I've used 'em they cleaned me proper."

Cuticura for Sore Hands.
Soak hands on retiring in the hot sud of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub in Cuticura Ointment. Remove surplus Ointment with tissue paper. This is only one of the things Cuticura will do if Soap, Ointment and Talcum are used for all toilet purposes.—Adv.

BOY'S SUGGESTION ALL RIGHT

Thirteen-Year-Old Had Remembered What He Had Been Taught About Electricity.

The family washing was going through its regular Monday electric washer route. Incidentally the basement was damp, because there had been no furnace fire.

When the lady of the house started to wring the clothes she found an electric current in the water, due to a short circuit in the motor. After several attempts to wring the clothes before the current got in its work, she was about ready to give up and wring them by hand.

"Shucks, mom," said thirteen-year-old Harry, who knows all about Edison and Franklin, "I'll bet if you put on your rubbers, so the current can't go on out of your body you won't get a shock at all."
And when "mom" tried the suggestion she found the embryo electrician knew what he was talking about, for she worked in safety while wringing the rest of the clothes.

"Lazy Lovery."
Sir John Lavery of England, the eminent portrait painter, has been called "Lazy Lovery," because on a pretty society woman coming to his studio for her portrait he seated her in the position desired and then studied her features, planning his work and looking hard and long at her. After he had studied her for some time she said: "Don't you think it's about time you started your work?"—Boston Post.

There is every kind of a fanatic, not excluding a fanatic for work.

There are such things as tears of joy, but few people ever see them.

HAD THE TEACHER GUESSING

Small Wonder That She Didn't Understand, but There It Was in the Book.

George surveyed with puzzled eyes a sentence in his reading lesson. At last he raised his hand:
"Well, George, what is it?" asked the teacher.

"What is a feebly, Miss Smith?"
"A feebly!" repeated Miss Smith, in astonished tones. "What do you mean, George? Feebly is an adverb, not a noun."

George was unconvinced. "It's something that grows," he said. "It says so here."
"Bring me your book," said the mystified teacher.

Whereupon George complied and laboriously read out the sentence:
"The man—had a feebly—growing down—his chin."

The Wants of a Pioneer.
Writing to the editor of the Pall-mall, John P. Irish recounts some of the hardships of Iowa pioneer life and tells the story of one of those pioneer women and her granddaughter, who asked:

"Grandma, you were here in the early days?"
"Yes, I was a pioneer."
"Well, were you poor?"
"Yes, we were all poor."
"Couldn't you have what you wanted?"

"No, I could not."
"Did you have no meat?"
"No, nothing but venison, wild turkeys, prairie chickens and quails."
"Did you have no sugar?"
"Nothing but maple sugar."
"What did you want that you couldn't get?"

"It was New Orleans molasses and salt mackerel."

Spiritual Truth.
"Divine a bit do I believe the message these mediums are after getting from the dead," declared Dugan. "You can't be tellin' whether they're true or not."
"More fool ye. Ye can and I can prove it," contradicted Monahan. "By mistake I was reported killed entirely in the war, and one day my sister went to a medium who told her I was wishin' I was back on earth. And at the very time I was on a transport in a high sea, d'ye mind!"—American Legion Weekly.

Many a woman's face isn't as bad as it is painted.

Learn to work efficiently—that is, without waste of time or energy.

Mistaken Identity.
The morning was cold and foggy when old Farmer Giles and his man started out to drive a bullock into the market. The farmer, being uncommonly stout, left the work to his employee.

After tramping about eight miles in silence, hardly able to see each other for the fog, the man was startled to hear a voice in front of him exclaim:
"We're getting along in good style, aren't we, Bill?"

"Lordy!" cried the farm hand, "be that you, maister. Whoy. Ah bin a-droovin' ye for the last hour!"
And the bullock had vanished in the fog, while Bill herded his bulky master to market.

Crime in New York.
"I see a visitor to New York was arrested the other day because he had \$350 in his pocket," said Church.
"And it wasn't his own money?" asked Gotham.

"Oh, yes; it was proved in court that it was his own money," replied Church.
"Why on earth did they arrest him, then?"
"He was trying to get out of town with it."

Lots of 'Em.
"Yes, he's running for office again."
"On what platform?"
"The lecture platform."



50 good cigarettes for 10c from one sack of

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM TOBACCO

Oriet Pomade Grows Hair

When you have tried all others—don't get disheartened—give a THOUGHT to ORIENT POMADE. It GROWS Hair—stops falling hair in a few applications. \$2 per bottle. To prove my statement you may have a trial size to last a month for 25 cents. Ask Arthur Lane, 38 West 33rd Street, New York. He was bald over 30 years. Oriet is growing his hair. Order NOW. P. L. Diver, 4 Washington Place, New York, N. Y.

80 Years Old—Was Sick

Now Feels Young After Taking E tonic for Sour Stomach

"I had sour stomach ever since I had the grip and it bothered me badly. Have taken E tonic only a week and am much better. Am 80 years old," says Mrs. John Hill.

E tonic quickly relieves sour stomach, indigestion, heartburn, bloating and distress after eating because it takes up and carries out the excess acidity and gases which cause most stomach ailments. If you have "tried everything" and still suffer, do not give up hope. E tonic has brought relief to tens of thousands like you. A big box costs but a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

WOULD YOU INVEST \$150 TO MAKE \$3,000. Proposition will stand strict and thorough investigation. Particulars furnished without obligation. Address H. M. Haverbeck & Co., 106 Liberty St., New York City.

Teacher or College Student—Unusual vacation position: salary \$250 for 50 days; bonus also; chance for permanency. Dept. M, National Home and School Association, National City Building, New York City.

TURKISH CIGARETTES
Genuine imported tobacco, fragrant, delightful, superior. With or without cork tips. 50 for \$1, or 100 for \$1.80; sent postpaid on receipt of cash or money order. Yank Oussani & Co., 106 Liberty St., New York.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Barry's Freckle Ointment. Free booklet. Dr. C. W. Barry, 50-57th Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Don't Count Your Night Hours

Counting the clock strokes at night means losing the day hours in drowsiness. A cup of tea or coffee at bedtime often results in dreary wakefulness.

POSTUM CEREAL

is a hot, cheering, meal-time beverage, fully satisfying to the taste, and you can drink it at any hour of the day—as many cups as you like—with no irritation to nerves.

Better nights and brighter mornings usually follow a change to Postum as the table drink.

"There's a Reason"
Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc. Battle Creek, Mich.

Tuckerton Beacon

Established 1888
 UOSS MATHEW, Editor and Publisher
 Subscription Price: \$1.50 per year
 Six Months 75 cents.
 Advertising Rates Furnished on
 Application
 Second Office at Tuckerton, N. J.
 as post-office matter.

Thursday Afternoon, May 26, 1921

BARNEGAT

Charles H. Cox of West Creek was a caller in town the past week. The bungalows on Brook street are being put in first class order by their owners.

Mrs. Fannie Paul of Manahawkin, was in town the past week. Mrs. Helfrich of Brook street, has been making improvements to her property.

Mrs. W. Perina of Barnegat City, was a recent caller in town. Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Tolbert motored to Toms River to the May Day Festival and Field Day.

James King spent Saturday in New York and Jersey City.

Mrs. J. A. Bugbee spent Saturday at Toms River, motoring on to Asbury Park, where she spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Steelman.

Lloyd Chadwick of Camden, spent the week end and Sunday in town.

W. F. Lewis spent Saturday at the county seat and took in part of the May Day Festival, also calling on some G. A. R. veterans, some being confined to their homes by illness.

It is reported that property has been purchased on Railroad avenue to be used as a manufacturing site. Ladies garments being manufactured.

Cashier A. W. Kelley of the First National Bank, enjoyed the festivities of the May Day fetes at Toms River on Saturday. Barnegat was well represented, some of our citizens acting as judges and on committees.

Good ice cream weather the past few days.

The G. A. R. boys and the over sea boys are invited to the M. E. Church on Sunday evening, May 29th, as exercises in commemoration of the day will be held. Those from other towns are invited to be present.

The entertainment given at the M. E. Church Friday evening last passed off very pleasantly. Several took part in the exercises. Ice cream and cake were served.

Postmaster Matthews has customers from Belmar for his fine milk. They come down by auto two or three times a week.

Cornelius Van Vorst spent Sunday in town.

At a meeting of the late owners of the Masonic Cemetery, which was held the evening of the 19th for the purpose of having the grounds of the cemetery property fixing up; a committee was appointed who are calling on the late owners for subscriptions for that purpose.

Strawberries are plentiful—15c per basket.

Hot roast beef dinner will be held at the M. E. Church on Monday, May 30th, (Memorial Day) at 12 o'clock.

The daylight saving law, which is being adopted by some of our villages in Ocean County was first started in Germany in 1916 so that more dangerous explosives could be made. Italy France and others adopted the measure in 1917 and the United States followed in 1918. Now we witness a lot of good American citizens clamoring for this German rule in peace time, mostly for pleasure and the dead bodies of war victims, now passing through our streets. Enough said.

W. S. Cranmer sold several properties the past week.

BARNEGAT

(Crowded out last week)
 Miss Estella Conklin was a guest recently of Mrs. I. J. Cranmer on Railroad avenue.

J. A. Bugbee was a caller at Cedar

Run on Tuesday.

Miss Mayme Black of Camden, spent the week end with her sister, Mrs. C. VanVorst.

Joshua Shreve left on Tuesday in his new power boat for Delaware Bay on a lengthy fishing trip.

Henry Reeves is improving slowly. Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bugbee motored to West Creek on Sunday.

Capt. Joel K. Ridgway, the Civil War veteran, has a new power boat, built by his son. He enjoys himself on the bay on pleasant days.

C. B. Corliss is spending a few days at his home on E. Bay st.

Mrs. Walter Perrine and children are spending a few days at Barnegat City.

B. M. Cranmer has sold his property on Brook street to H. W. Miller, who has taken possession.

Henry W. Tolbert is receiving congratulations these days on his arrival at that enviable position of grandfather.

Capt. John Predmore is absent from town for a few days.

The entertainment given by some of the pupils of the High School Friday evening at the Opera House, was well attended.

Capt. Samuel Lamson of Cedar Run was in town the week end.

Howard Falkenburg has moved

from Main street to the property recently purchased by Chas. M. Conrad on West Bay street.

Rev. Pennington Corson occupied the pulpit of the M. E. Church Sunday.

At the Prayer service at the M. E. Church Wednesday evening, Dr. J. D. Bills, was present and made an address.

The Sewing Guild of the M. E. Church met Monday evening with Mrs. C. B. Corliss.

Phyllis Rutter of Hopewell and friend Mr. Kenneth Rice, were guests of the former's parents, on N. Main street.

Mrs. I. J. Cranmer and Frank Somers sang at the M. E. Church Sunday evening.

Rev. Mr. Wyngarten has been granted a month's vacation.

Preparations are being made for the observing of Memorial Day.

Benjamin E. Bowker was in town the past week paying his brother, Carlton a visit.

Daylight saving is a nuisance unless it is universal. We hardly know where we are at part of the time.

Capt. John Predmore claims to be the first party in town to have strawberries from his garden.

May Day Festival and Field Day on Thursday 1.30 P. M. at the High

School grounds. Admission 20c.

A meeting of the late owners of the Masonic Cemetery will be held at the Masonic building the coming week.

Children's week will be observed in both Sunday Schools from June 5th to 12th. There will be a special speaker on Friday of that week. The committee in charge of the exercises in both churches is Miss Tace Taylor, Methodist and Mrs. Sarah Jones, Presbyterian.

Alphonse Eayres has established an express route in Barnegat called "Eayres Special Delivery," with branch offices at Hopper's Barber Shop and Joshua Sherve's pool room, where orders may be left at all hours. He will meet all trains on both roads.

Roscoe Conklin of Cedar Run was a Tuesday visitor.

Rev. H. N. Amer, pastor of the M. E. Church, Beach Haven and Freeholder Wm. L. Butler, were in town Tuesday on business.

County Collector Cranmer and Oscar Parker, of West Creek, were callers on Tuesday talking politics, of course.

Mr. Cowperthwaite of West Creek, spent Tuesday in town.

Mrs. W. S. Cranmer and Miss Estella Conklin, of Cedar Run, were in town the past week calling on friends.

Real estate in Barnegat is on the boom and prices are advancing owing to the deamnd.

Roy Cox is at home for a few days.

FARM and HOME FACTS

Mother's Hour

Between the baking and mending when the supper dishes are done with her hoe she steals to the garden. For mother's hour has begun.

She hums and forgets the endless grind. Of monotonous household toil, And cares of the day are swallowed in the sweet fresh smell of the soil.

Adopt a schedule for your house work, even if you can't stick to it very exactly.

There is only one thing worse than not enough food on the table and that

is—too much, especially if the family thinks it has to be eaten.

Dying curtains to match or harmonize with the rest of the room is just another way of cheating "house beautiful" without expense.

When painting walls choose colors with an eye to their relation to floor finish, size of room, lighting facilities and curtains.

Select Path and Follow It. Make your own life. Don't live any one else's. Take your chances. Don't be afraid of what's back of you or what's before you. Just live the best you know how, and live it strong.

Old Home Day Celebration AT NEW GRETNNA

Memorial Day

MAY 30th

Address of Welcome and Community Singing at 3 P. M.

CHICKEN DINNER SERVED AT 4 P. M. PRICE \$1.00

Ice Cream, Cake, Fruits, Candies, Sandwiches,
 Coffee, etc. on Sale

Entertainment in K. of P. Hall in the Evening

EVERYBODY WELCOME Come and Bring a Friend

Horner's CASH STORES

Today we are offering the biggest opportunity in years for you to save money

GROCERIES AND MEATS At Greatly Reduced Prices

Every article guaranteed. By buying at Horner's you can save more money than buying elsewhere. Buy some of our combination sales and get your Sugar at 5c lb.

HAVE YOU VISITED OUR

Meat and Vegetable Department

If not, why not? Everything that goes to make a full meal can be found. Prices at rock bottom for the best meats that can be bought.

- ROLLED BONELESS POT ROAST 15c lb
- FINEST CUT OF CHUCK ROAST 19c lb
- SOUP MEAT 8 and 10c lb
- STEWING BEEF 12 1/2c lb
- SPECIAL HAMBURG MEAT 25c lb
- PIC NIC HAM 29c lb
- NICE CHOICE BACON 19c lb
- HALF SMOKES 29c lb
- BOLOGNA 23c lb
- NEW CHEESE 23c lb
- MINCED HAM 1/2 lb 23c

We handle nothing but the best inspected meats and you will find our prices at rock bottom.

- FANCY ASPARAGUS 25c bunch
- NEW TEXAS ONIONS 5c lb
- APPLES 25c 1/4 peck

We have a nice line of Apples, Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Cabbage, Lettuce, Cucumbers, Spinach, Pineapples, Egg Plants, Strawberries, New Potatoes, Onions, Sweet Potatoes, Pot Herbs.

Best Print BUTTER

- CLOVER BLOOM 40c lb
- FANCY PRINT 35c lb

BIG LOAF HOME MADE BREAD .. 6c

Tall Can MILK 10c

ARMOUR'S FLOATING SOAP 5c cake

Best Pure LARD 11c

- CRISCO 18c lb
- MAZOLA OIL pts 30c
- MAZOLA OIL qts 60c

SPECIALS FOR A FEW DAYS

- PINK SALMON 10c
- BEST COCOA 20c lb
- ARMOUR'S SOUPS 10c
- PURE JELLIES 10c
- VAN CAMPS PEANUT BUTTER 8c
- 5 lb BEST FAMILY FLOUR 33c

2 pkgs UNEEDA BISCUIT 15cts

Quaker Quakes 5c pkg

FANCY TEA 45c lb

4 lb BEST WHOLE RICE 25c

LAUNDRY SOAP 4 for 25c

20c CAN TOMATOES 15c

BEST White Potatoes 60c bu

PURE CATSUP 10c bottle

BEST SOUP BEANS 6c lb

Royal Blend Coffee 23c lb

"IT PAYS TO BUY AT HORNER'S"

TO THE PUBLIC

We wish to thank you for your patronage and the interest you have displayed upon the opening of

OUR NEW BUSINESS

We will endeavor to maintain, to the fullest, to render you SERVICE and QUALITY

CHOICE MEATS FANCY FRUITS

FRESH VEGETABLES

ICE

DAVIS & PALMER

TUCKERTON BEACON

Thursday Afternoon, May 26, 1921

"The Massacre of Little Egg Harbor"

By WILLIAM E. BLACKMAN

Following is a speech delivered by William E. Blackman, one of our former townsmen, at the annual Spring Meeting of the Sons of the Revolution, New Jersey Society, held in Tuckerton at the Palace Theatre on Saturday, May 21st, 1921.

We are here today to commemorate the Massacre of Little Egg Harbor, an event that I suspect many of you did not know ever occurred. Yet it was thought quite important, particularly to those then living in this neighborhood.

Before I go on with the narrative of this affair, let me tell you something of the history of this township. Most of the information that I have gathered comes from the writing of my Grandmother, Leah Blackman, who was an authority upon the history and genealogy of this section.

Little Egg Harbor is one of the original townships of Burlington county, being the easterly point of the county and was established in the year 1741.



WILLIAM E. BLACKMAN

I might add that it was transformed to Ocean County in 1891 for political reasons.

The first recorded account of a visit of Europeans to Little Egg Harbor is that of Captain Cornelius Jobson Mey, commander of the renowned ship "Fortune," which sailed into the harbor in the year 1614, reaching the harbor by the Old Inlet, which then flowed between Long and Short Benches.

This visit seems to have taken place during the season for birds' eggs, which must have been in the months of May or June, for in their exploration of the marshes, the crew of the "Fortune" found immense quantities of gulls' and other meadow birds' eggs, and the unusual abundance of those fair oval prizes induced the Dutch adventurers to name the place Eyre Haven which in their language means Egg Harbor.

After the visit of Captain Mey there does not seem to have been much, if any, notice taken of the place, until the year 1698, when several persons from the upper section of Burlington county, made various locations of land in the township.

The first settlers in Egg Harbor appear to have been people of respectability, possessing the means and enterprise necessary for establishing themselves in a new country. Most accounts go to say that they were eminent for piety and good works; living in strict accordance with the discipline of the Friends' Society.

The first settlers had many difficulties to contend with in the wilderness and isolated land of their adoption. They at first built themselves rude dwellings, such as caves in the ground of else log huts, in which they resided until circumstances admitted of their erecting more commodious and substantial habitations.

The chief occupation of the early

settlers of Little Egg Harbor were farming, the sale of timber and later the gathering of sea products and ship-building. The ship-building industry developed into an important industry and many large vessels were built here in Tuckerton, some of which, I believe are still sailing the sea.

Tuckerton is the largest and most flourishing village now set apart and incorporated as a Borough, of Little Egg Harbor.

Tuckerton was one of the first ports of entry in the United States, the commission bearing date March 21st, 1791, and signed by George Washington, President, Thomas Jefferson, Secretary of State.

It might be interesting before I speak of the affair at Little Egg Harbor, to refer to some of the notorious Refugees of the Revolutionary period in this section or as they were called the "Outlaws of the Pines."

One of these was known as "Joe Mulliner" who was the captain of the principal band of outlaws who infested the sea-coast of Atlantic, Burlington and Monmouth counties, and especially the gang who committed so many depredations about the Forks of Mullica River.

Mulliner was an Englishman, and is described as a stout built man, over six feet in height, possessing a hard, grub-like face, a most forbidding countenance and his whole aspect seeming to insinuate that nature formed him for the business which he followed.

When Mulliner first came to America, he took up his abode in Little Egg Harbor, where he resided until the Revolutionary War broke out, and outlawry became the order of the day. He then removed to the Forks of Mullica River, where he collected a band of desperadoes from various sections. He was usually seen habited in an officer's uniform, with a ponderous sword at his side, a brace of horse-pistols in his belt, and when on the march he carried a huge musket—thus being fully equipped for any emergency. It was said that he also possessed a spirit which feared not God nor regarded man.

The Forks of Mullica River was a noted resort for Refugees and other Tories, as many valuable goods were brought in vessels from New York into the Old Inlet and taken up Mullica River to the Forks and then transported in wagons to Philadelphia. This made a profitable marauding ground for the outlaws. These outlaw bands often numbered several scores, who had little regard for human life, if it stood in the way of their interest or plans.

There was an old Colonel who kept a tavern and a store at the Forks, and when it suited his purpose, he expressed unbounded loyalty to the cause of Liberty, but at the same time, he was giving aid and comfort to the Refugees, concealing their stolen goods and filling his coffers from the proceeds of their maraudings.

An immense tree stood in front of the many faced Colonel's abode and a few feet from the ground the tree branched off into several large forks, which grew in such a way that with a little artificial aid a cage was formed in which ten or a dozen men could be seated at a time and be fairly hidden from the sight of a casual observer, and it was said to have been a customary thing for a number of Refugees to ascend the tree and secrete themselves in this airy roost, (which they designated the "punch bowl") to drink punch and debate on some fiendish plot.

It is affirmed that Mulliner's wife, like Mrs. Surratt, was an active and ingenious assistant to the Refugees in their nefarious proceedings. She lived in a cabin, in a dense swamp, on the southerly side of Mullica River, nearly opposite to where her husband had his principal rendezvous on the northern bank. Mulliner had a dog, whose neck he attached an ingeniously constructed collar; he had trained the dog so effectually, that he was a competent and trustworthy courier. Often when the Refugee Chief wished to communicate with his wife, and through her aid, with some of his absent gang, he would write a note, place it in the collar on the dog's

neck and then direct him to swim across the river to the cabin of his mistress, who would read the message and act according to its directions, and, if necessary, return an answer by the brute courier, who would safely convey it to his master.

Mulliner's outrages at last became too audacious for the tardy justice of those troublesome times, and he was hunted out by an armed force, arrested in the year 1872 and imprisoned in Burlington jail. His imprisonment lasted but six weeks, when he was tried and sentenced to be hung at Burlington. It is recorded that on the day of his execution, thousands of persons assembled to witness the hanging of the bold refugee. Mulliner, the condemned desperado, was placed in a wagon, which contained his coffin, and followed by an immense procession, it passed out of Burlington, over Ewing's Bridge to a place called "Gallows Hill," where Mulliner was suspended from the branch of a large tree. Under the gallows he confessed many of his crimes and acknowledged the justice of his sentence. After his execution his body was delivered to his wife, who resided at the Forks. He was buried in the woods near Batato Furnace, where his grave it still to be seen.

When the Refugee Chief, Mulliner was taken, his burly Lieutenant William Giberson, betook himself to the waters of the Mullica River. The Soldiers fired at him, slightly wounding him, yet he succeeded in gaining the southerly bank where he found a safe refuge in that swampy locality.

Captain John Davis was sent with a company of men to Little Egg Harbor to break up the bands of refugees. Here his lieutenants, Benjamin Bates and Richard Howell, were informed that two refugee officers were concealed in a certain house. They called early in the morning and found and captured William Giberson and Lane, who had killed one or two Americans in cold blood. On their way to the quarters of Captain Davis, Giberson called Bates' attention to something he pretended to see in the distance, and while Bates was looking that way, Giberson started and ran the other way, and being a fast runner, made his escape, although Bates fired his musket. The next night Bates went to hunt for him at the same house, and while opening the door, heard the click of a musket lock behind a large tree, within a few feet of him, and turning around saw Giberson taking aim at him. Bates dropped on his knees and the ball went through the rim of his hat. Giberson started to run, but before he got many rods Bates gave him a load of buckshot which broke his leg. Giberson was then well guarded and taken to Burlington jail.

Giberson had a sister that, in many respects was as remarkable as her brother. She was the heroine of the feat of jumping, without touching her hands out of one hoghead into another as many as eight or ten in a row; that her brother, the outlaw, would start on a hop, skip and a jump and leap over the top of a farm wagon.

One day a lad was gunning in Tuckerton Bay, when a boat containing Giberson and a number of his gang, came upon him and took him captive, dispossessed him of his fowling piece and ordered him to wlot them to Tuckerton, and when they reached Scow Landing, they moored their boat and went to the new Tavern, which once occupied the site of Dr. Page's cottage, which had just then been erected by Daniel Falkenburg, the first Inn-keeper of Little Egg Harbor. As soon as the Refugees reached the Inn they set about to institute an outlaw revel.

Some of the inhabitants of the village despatched a messenger to Toms River, where there was a company of militia, to inform them of the whereabouts of the Refugees. A small squad of soldiers came down with the intention of capturing or dispersing the drunken revellers. About the time the militia were coming into Tuckerton, the outlaws fled from the Inn and sought their boats at Scow Landing, seized their blunderbusses and took an advantageous position in the boat. The militia marched down

Green Street, toward the Landing, and as they came near the Creek, the Refugees poured the contents of their heavily charged guns into their ranks with such fury and precision that the militia were forced to retreat, followed by the outlaws, who pursued them to West Creek stream. Giberson, with his victorious force returned to Tuckerton to take possession of their War boat. When they reached the Landing, the boat was some distance down the stream. In their absence, two of their comrades, who were too drunk to join in the chase, had got sober enough to unmoor the boat and were paddling the craft down the creek shouting as their comrades came in sight. "We are the boys who can hold on to the boat." The returning outlaws mistaking them for Continentals, ran along the bank of the stream in pursuit of the receding craft, fired at the rowers and killed them before they ascertained the fact that they were their own men.

After this exploit they returned to the Inn and finished their spree in true refugee style.

After Giberson was captured as above related and lodged in the Burlington jail, his sister visited him and while with him, exchanging clothes with her brother, and so strikingly did she resemble him that when the brother came out, the jailer, thinking it was the sister, helped him in the wagon and so he escaped. He went over to the British and with them went to Nova Scotia, and then returned to Atlantic County, where he settled down to a more peaceful and honourable occupation.

Another of Mulliner's lieutenants was a Captain Steelman of Atlantic County, who, with a Captain Snell conducted most of his activities to the waters of this neighborhood. Steelman's headquarters was in Willets thoroughfare, whence he would sail forth on his mission of depredation.

During his last sojourn there and just at daybreak, he was attacked by a company of Continentals, and he and the most of his crew were killed. Many years after the death of Steelman and his gang, a man who was oystering in the Thoroughfare, fished up a number of rusty muskets, where Steelman and his pirates fell, and dropped their guns in the water.

But perhaps the best known and greatest of these refugees was one Captain John Bacon, who might be rated with the Hetfields of Essex and Fagnans of Monmouth.

I would like to mention a number of his escapades but time will not permit, and I will tell of his capture and death.

(Continued next week)

MILLINERY TRIMMED HATS ON SALE Next to Palace Theatre Tuckerton NEW HATS ON DISPLAY EVERY SATURDAY K. MYERS Hammonton, N. J.

SCOTT and CUNNINGHAM GARAGE Tuckerton, Now Open for Business ALL WORK GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY

Fire Insurance Royal, Commercial Union North British & Mercantile.

Philadelphia Underwriters. Girard Fire & Marine

GEO. BISHOP, JR., Agent Tuckerton, N. J.

New Chevrolet Prices Effective May 7, 1921

Table listing Chevrolet models and prices: 490 Model Touring Car \$645.00, 490 Roadster \$635.00, 490 Sedan \$1195.00, 490 Coupe \$1155.00, Light Delivery Wagon \$645.00, 1/2-Ton Model G Truck, Chassis \$820.00, Model G Truck, Chassis with Cab \$895.00, Model G Truck, express body \$930.00, Model G Truck, express body and top \$955.00, 1 Ton T-Track Chassis \$1225.00, 1 Ton T-Track Open express body \$1345.00, 1 Ton T-Track 8 post top \$1425.00

(All cars electrically equipped) Mr. M. L. Cranmer: Are we in your territory? If you vote in the Township mentioned below, you are— In the State of New Jersey, Burlington County, in the Township of Bass River... In Ocean County, the Townships of Dover, Ocean, Union, Lacey, Stafford, Little Egg Harbor, Eaglewood, Long Beach and Berkeley.

You can get a car without all cash down. For full information notify M. L. CRANMER (Six years selling Chevrolet autos.) Dealer in Chevrolet Cars Mayetta, N. J. Phone 3-R 14.

SOCIETIES

TUCKERSON CHAPTER NO. 54 O. E. S. Meets every 2nd and 4th Friday evening of the month at 8 o'clock in Masonic Hall corner of Wood and Church streets. Mrs. Bessie E. Brackridge, W. M. Mrs. J. H. McConomy, P. M. Mrs. Henrietta C. Cale, Secy. Mrs. Fannie D. Smith, Treas.

TUCKERTON LODGE NO. 4 F. & A. Meets every 2nd and 4th Tuesday evening of each month in Masonic Hall corner of Wood and Church streets. W. HOWARD KELLEY, W. M. W. Irving Smith, Sec'y.

BYERSON POST NO. 77 G. A. R. Meets every Thursday evening in the Red Men's Hall, every first and third Thursday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Charles White, Commander. Edwin A. Gale, Adjutant.

LAKEVIEW COUNCIL NO. 24, Jr. O. U. A. M. Meets every Monday night, in Red Men's Hall corner Main and Green streets, at 8 o'clock. Nicholas Cullen, Councilor. Joseph H. Brown, M. M.

W. M. C. COUNCIL NO. 124, D. of L. Meets every Thursday evening in the Red Men's Hall corner Main and Green streets at 8 o'clock. Helen Gaskill, Councilor. M. L. W. Frazier, Sec'y.

POHATONG TRIBE NO. 61, IMP'D. Meets every Saturday evening, 7th Run, 80th Street in Red Men's Wigwam, corner Main and Green streets. Alvin C. Cobb, Sachem. Geo. Bishop, Jr., C. of H.

TELEPHONES W. R. Kelley, W. L. Smith, C. Ira Mathis. TUCKERTON BROTHERS GARWOOD HORNER Jos. H. McConomy Joseph H. Brown.

OCEAN LODGE NO. 88, I. O. O. F. Meets every Wednesday Evening in Red Men's Hall Morgan T. Morris, N. G. Lipman S. Gerber, Sec'y.

MUTUAL BENEFIT BUILDING LOAN ASSOCIATION Tuckerton, N. J. Meets at P. O. Building on the last Saturday evening of each month. W. Smith, President. T. Wilmer Speck, Secretary. Joseph H. Brown, Treas.

COLUMBIA TEMPLE, No. 29, L. of G. E. Meets every Tuesday night in E. G. E. Hall corner Main and Wood streets. Mrs. Elva Webb, N. T. Mrs. L. W. Frazier, G. of R.

I AM AGENT FOR

E. A. Strout Farm Agency List your Farms with me and I will sell them quick if bargains W. S. CRANMER Lakewood & Cedar Run

FIRST CLASS SHOE REPAIRING Best of Leather Used At Reasonable Prices Work Done Promptly Next Door to J. W. Horner's Grocery WALTER S. HOEY

F. B. ATKINSON AUTOMOBILES FOR HIRE TOURING CARS For All Occasions at Reasonable Prices Phone 28-R4 Tuckerton, N. J.

DR. CHAS. E. DARE DENTIST Will be at Dr. Lane's Office every WEDNESDAY For Performance of all work connected with Dental Surgery

TUCKERTON RAILROAD CO. and Tuckerton Railroad Company operating Philadelphia and Beach Haven R. R. and Barnegat R. R. IN EFFECT APRIL 24, 1921 Trains from New York and Philadelphia to Tuckerton, Beach Haven and Barnegat City

Table with columns: STATIONS, Ex. Sun, Daily, Mon. & Wed. only, Daily, Ex. Sun, Sun. only, Sun. only. Rows include Lv N.Y. PRR, N.Y. CRR, Trenton, Philad'a, Camden, Mt. Holly, Whiting's, Cedar Crest, Lacey, W. Creek, Barnegat, Manah'kn, Cedar Run, Mayetta, Stat'dville, Cox Sta., W. Creek, Parkert'n, Ar. Tuckert'n, Hilliards, Bar. C. Jc., B. Arl'ton, Ship B'n, Br. Beach, B. H. Crest, Penhalia, B. H. Ter., Sp. Beach, N. B. Haven, Ar. B. Haven, Lv Surf City, H. Cedars, High Point, Cl. House, Ar. Brant C'y.

Table with columns: STATIONS, Ex. Sun, Daily, Mon. & Wed. only, Daily, Ex. Sun, Sun. only, Sun. only. Rows include Lv Barnegat C'y, Club House, High Point, Harvey C's, Surf City, B'ch Haven, N. B'ch Haven, Spray Beach, B. Haven Ter., Penhalia, B. H. Crest, Brant Beach, Ship Bottom, B. Arl'ton, Barnegat C'y, Hilliards, Tuckerton, Parkertown, West Creek, Cox Station, Staffordville, Mayetta, Cedar Run, Manahawken, Barnegat, Waretown, Lacey, Cedar Crest, Ar. Whiting's, Mt. Holly, Camden, Philadelphia, Trenton, N. York PRR, N. York CRR.

Trains from Tuckerton, Beach Haven and Barnegat City to Philadelphia and New York

Table with columns: STATIONS, Ex. Sun, Daily, Mon. & Wed. only, Daily, Ex. Sun, Sun. only, Sun. only. Rows include Lv Barnegat C'y, Club House, High Point, Harvey C's, Surf City, B'ch Haven, N. B'ch Haven, Spray Beach, B. Haven Ter., Penhalia, B. H. Crest, Brant Beach, Ship Bottom, B. Arl'ton, Barnegat C'y, Hilliards, Tuckerton, Parkertown, West Creek, Cox Station, Staffordville, Mayetta, Cedar Run, Manahawken, Barnegat, Waretown, Lacey, Cedar Crest, Ar. Whiting's, Mt. Holly, Camden, Philadelphia, Trenton, N. York PRR, N. York CRR.

DODGE BROS. AUTOMOBILES DELIVERED TOURING \$1390 ROADSTER 1335 BUSINESS CAR 1355 COUPE 2035 SEDAN 2295 W. S. CRANMER Lakewood and Cedar Run NEW JERSEY

THE PROTEX SIGNAL FOR AUTOMOBILES Automatic WORKS DAY and NIGHT PRICE \$10.00 PARCEL POST PAID CRAMER BROTHERS P. O. BOX C Cedar Run, N. J. EXCLUSIVE REPRESENTATIVES HENRY SALES COMPANY Atlantic City, N. J.

FISK TIRES Tire Mileage at the Lowest Cost in History SIZE and TYPE NON-SKID Old Prices New Prices RED-TOP Old Prices New Prices RIBBED CORD Old Prices New Prices NON-SKID CORD Old Prices New Prices GRAY TUBES Old Prices New Prices 30 x 3 Clincher \$17.55 \$12.85 \$21.05 \$17.00 \$32.60 \$25.00 \$34.25 \$27.50 \$2.75 \$2.15 30 x 3 1/2 Clincher 20.80 15.00 27.75 22.00 39.20 32.90 41.15 36.40 3.25 2.55 32 x 3 1/2 S. S. 26.30 21.00 31.60 26.00 49.80 41.85 52.30 46.30 4.55 3.55 32 x 4 S. S. 34.95 26.90 42.00 34.40 59.10 49.65 62.05 54.90 6.00 4.75 34 x 4 1/2 S. S. 49.85 38.35 — — 73.65 61.90 77.35 68.45 7.25 5.85 35 x 5 S. S. 61.15 47.05 — — Plus war tax. Other sizes reduced in proportion These Prices Apply to Our Regular and Complete Line Price unsupported by value never is an advantage to any but the man who sells to make a quick "clean-up" and quit. A reputable, unexcelled mileage tire made by a company that can and will deliver all and more than you pay for is the only one you can afford to buy. Sold only by Dealers A New Low Price on a Known and Honest Product

The Prodigal Village

By Irving Bacheller

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CHAPTER EIGHT—Continued.

"You men should know that every strike increases the burdens of the people. Every day your idleness lifts the price of their necessities. Idleness is just another form of destruction. Why could you not have listened to the counsel of Reason in June instead of in September, and thus have saved these long months of hardship and bitter violence? It was because the spirit of Tyranny had entered your heart and put your judgment in chains. It had blinded you to honor also, for you men were working under contract. If the union is to command the support of honest men, it must be honest. It was Tyranny that turned the treaty with Belgium into a scrap of paper. That kind of a thing will not do here. Let me assure you that 'Tyranny has no right to be in this land of ours. You remind me of the Prodigal Son who had to know the taste of husks and the companionship of swine before he came to himself. Do you not know that Tyranny is swine and the fodder of swine? It is simply human hog-fulness."

"I am one thing more to say and I am finished. Mr. Bing, some time ago you threw up your religion without realizing the effect that such an act would be likely to produce on this community. You are, no doubt, aware that many followed your example. I've got no preaching to do. I'm just going to quote you a few words from an authority no less responsible than George Washington himself. Our history has made one fact very clear, namely, that he was a wise and far-seeing man."

Judge Crooker took from a shelf, John Marshall's "Life of Washington," and read:

"It is substantially true that virtue or morality is a necessary spring of popular government and let us, with caution, indulge the supposition that morality can be maintained without religion."

"Let it simply be asked where is the security for property, for reputation, for life, if a sense of religious obligation desert the oaths which are the instruments of investigation in courts of justice?"

"Let me add, on my own account, that the treatment you received from your men will vary according to their respect for morality and religion."

"They could manage very well with an irreligious master, for you are only one. But an irreligious mob is a different and highly serious matter, believe me. Away back in the seventeenth century, John Dryden wrote a wise sentence. It was this:

"I have heard, indeed, of some very virtuous persons who have ended unfortunately but never of a virtuous nation; Providence is engaged to deeply when the cause becomes general."

"If virtue is the price of a nation's life, let us try to keep our own nation virtuous."

Mr. Bing and his men left the judge's office in a thoughtful mood. The next day, Judge Crooker met the mill owner on the street.

"Judge, I accept your verdict," said the latter. "I fear that I have been rather careless. It didn't occur to me that my example would be taken so seriously. I have been a prodigal and have resolved to return to my father's house."

"Ho, servants!" said the judge, with a smile. "Bring forth the best robe and put it on him and put a ring on his finger and shoes on his feet and bring hither the fatted calf and kill it and let us eat and be merry."

"We shall have to postpone the celebration," said Mr. Bing. "I have to go to New York to-night, and I shall return before Christmas."

A little farther on Mr. Bing met Hiram Blenkinsop. The latter had a plank on his shoulder.

"I'd like to have a word with you," said the mill owner as he took hold of the plank and helped Hiram to ease it down. "I hear many good things about you, Mr. Blenkinsop. I fear that we have all misjudged you. If I have ever said or done anything to hurt your feelings, I am sorry for it."

Hiram Blenkinsop looked with astonishment into the eyes of the millionaire.

"I-I guess I ain't got you placed right—not ezactly," said he. "Some folks ain't as good as they look an' some ain't as bad as they look. I wouldn't wonder if we was mostly purty much alike, come to shake us down."

"Let's be friends, anyhow," said Mr. Bing. "If there's anything I can do for you, let me know."

"That evening, as he sat by the stove in his little room over the garage of Mr. Singleton with his dog Christmas lying beside him, Mr. Blenkinsop fell asleep and awoke suddenly with a wild yell of alarm.

"What's the matter?" a voice inquired.

Mr. Blenkinsop turned and saw his Old Self standing in the doorway.

"Nothin' but a dream," said Blenkinsop as he wiped his eyes. "Dreamed I had a dog with a terrible thirst on him. Used to lead him around with a rope an' when we come to a brook he'd drink it dry. Suddenly I felt an awful jerk of the rope that sent me up in the air an' I looked an' see that the dog had turned into an elephant an' that he was goin' like Sam Hill, an' that I was hitched to him and couldn't let go. Once in a while he'd stop an' drink a river dry an' then he'd lay down an' rest. Everybody was scared o' the elephant an' so was I. An' I'd try to cut the rope with my jack knife but it wouldn't cut—it was so gal. Then all of a sudden he'd start

on the run an' twitch me over the hills an' moun'tings, an' me takin' steps a mile long an' scared to death."

"The fact is you're hitched to an elephant," his Old Self remarked. "The first thing to do is to sharpen your jack knife."

"It's Night an' Silence that sets him goin'," said Blenkinsop. "When they come he's apt to start for the highest river. The old elephant is beginnin' to move."

Blenkinsop put on his hat and hurried out of the door.

CHAPTER NINE.

Which Tells of a Merry Christmas Day in the Little Cottage of the Widow Moran.

Night and Silence are a stern test of wisdom. For years, the fun loving, chattersome Blenkinsop had been their enemy and was not yet at peace with them. But Night and Silence had other enemies in the village—ancient and insoluble enemies, it must be said. They were the cocks of Bingville. Every morning they fell to and drove Night and Silence out of the place and who shall say that they did not save it from being hopelessly overwhelmed? Day was their victory and they knew how to achieve it. Noise was the thing most needed. So they roused the people and called up the lights and set the griddles rattling. The great, white cock that roosted near the window in the Widow Moran's hen-house watched for the first sign of weakness in the enemy. When it came, he sent forth a bolt of sound that tumbled Silence from his throne and shook the foundations of the great dome of Night. It rang over the housetops and through every street and alley in the village. That started the battle. Silence tried in vain to recover his seat. In a moment, every cock in Bingville was hurling bombs at him. Immediately, Darkness began to grow pale with fright. Seeing the fate of his ally, he broke camp and fled westward. Soon the field was clear and every proud cock surveyed the victory with a solemn sense of large accomplishment.

The loud victorious trumpets sounding in the garden near the window of

she lit the kindlings. "A great doctor has come up with the Bings to see ye. He says he'll have ye out o' doors in a little while."

"Ho, ho! That looks like war was nearly over," said Mr. Bliggs.

Mrs. Moran did not hear the remark of the little tin soldier, so she rattled on:

"I went over to the station to meet 'em last night. Mr. Blenkinsop has brought us a fine turkey. We'll have a gran' dinner—sure we will—an' I axes Mr. Blenkinsop to come an' eat with us."

Mrs. Moran opened the gifts and spread them on the bed. There were books and paints and brushes and clothing and silver articles and needle-work and a photograph and a check from Mr. Bing.

The little cottage had never seen a day so full of happiness. It rang with the talk and merry laughter and music of the photograph. Mr. Blenkinsop had come in his best mood and apparel with the dog Christmas. He helped Mrs. Moran to set the table in the Shepherd's room and brought up the platter with the big brown turkey on it, surrounded by sweet potatoes, all just out of the oven. Mrs. Moran followed with the jelly and the creamed onions and the steaming coffee pot and the new celery. The dog Christmas growled and ran under the bed when he saw his master coming with that unfamiliar burden.

"He's never seen a Christmas dinner before. I don't wonder he's kind o' scairt! I ain't seen one in so long, I'm scairt myself," said Hiram Blenkinsop as he sat down at the table.

"What's scairin' ye, man?" said the widow.

"Fraid I'll wake up an' find myself dreamin'," Mr. Blenkinsop answered.

"Nobody ever found himself dreamin' at my table," said Mrs. Moran. "Grab the carvin' knife an' go to wurruk, man."

COVERED HEADS IN CHURCH

Before the Year 1661 Men Did Not Remove Their Hats During Religious Services.

About 1661 an agitation commenced to have men remove their hats in church—Pepys makes gentle fun of it. The custom was first to remove the hat to cover the eyes in prayer, and later it was taken off altogether.

The introduction of the wig helped the custom—for it proved difficult to keep one's hat on over a tousted mass of false curls. This also led to large hats with plumes going out of style.

Then, instead of wearing hats indoors, men went to the other extreme, and often carried them in their hands when out of doors. The Puritans in England continued to wear their broad-brimmed hats, however, indoors and out.

Men's hats and clothing were changed with the French Revolution; wigs went out, and then with the rise of Napoleon, dress became military in style. In 1815, during the Restoration period, arose the "stovepipe hat," and breeches, at the same time began to be worn to the ankle.

Shoe-Throwing Old Custom.

Throwing old shoes was not always confined to weddings, though the custom nowadays has come to be associated entirely with the going away of bridal couples. Authorities differ as to the origin of the practice and its exact significance; it seems, however, as if it had to do with the transfer of property—women being regarded as such among the nations in which the custom began.

It was in the sense of confirming a sale or exchange that the Jews understood the removal and giving of a shoe or sandal. When the kinsman of Boaz consented to waive his claim upon the parcel of land which Naomi would sell, he "drew off his shoe," for "this is the custom of Israel."

Severe Tests for Searchlights.

The searchlights made use of in warfare and a few other purposes are put to a severe test before they are regarded as completed. Elaborate instruments are used to measure the intensity of the beam, but its diameter is measured by an immense "yard stick" located 2,300 yards away from the light. A long narrow stretch of lumber supported on trestles has divisions at regular intervals just like those of the measuring stick and when the beam is directed at this structure, it is easy to measure the diameter. In a small house at one end is a photometer by which the intensity of the light may be measured at any point.

Had Equally Wrong Ideas.

A village barytone condemned one of the most famous singers of the day because he was afraid to hold a high note and left it almost as soon as he took it. The art of the great singer in using his voice to interpret the composition did not appeal to the local barytone who made use of compositions to display his voice. He was judging in the same way as the editor of the newspaper who looked for an interesting story in a work on singing and who was unaware that they who wanted to improve their singing were interested in being instructed.—New York Sun.

Another Definition.

The unparadonable sin in a person of a different race or religion from ours is to be smarter than we are.—Ohio State Journal.

Some women who see things just as they are drive men to seeing double.

PLUMBING NEEDS DAILY CLEANING

Ounce of Prevention Is Worth More Than Pound of Cure With Plumbers' Bills.

HOW TO CARE FOR FIXTURES

Waste Pipes Should Be Flushed Thoroughly to Carry Off Hardened Grease and Accumulation of Miscellaneous Dirt.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Many plumbers' bills would be avoided, the health of the family better safeguarded, and the appearance of the plumbing improved if the following suggestions, made by the home economics office of the United States Department of Agriculture, were followed by the housewife:

Stoppage in pipes is often due to hardened grease or to an accumulation of hair and lint. The waste pipes should be flushed thoroughly after using, so that the waste is carried out of the house pipes and the trap left full of clean water. A trap in a waste pipe is a curved section so arranged that water remains in it and prevents the passage of sewer gas into the house. If the water left in the trap is not clean, decomposition may take place and odors and gases may come from the impurities in the water itself. Precautions should be taken to prevent oil and grease from going down the waste pipe from the kitchen sink, because being lighter than water they tend to remain floating on the surface of the water in the trap.

Use of Cleansing Mixtures. Occasionally more than cold, or even hot, water is necessary to clear out the accumulated grease, lint, miscellaneous dirt, and bits of refuse. Wash-



Use Only Fine Scourers on Porcelain Fixtures.

ing soda is ordinarily strong enough for bathroom pipes, and may be used in the proportion of one part "liquid" soda (made by boiling one pound of washing soda and one quart of water in an old kettle) to twelve parts hot water, or one pound of dry soda thoroughly dissolved in three gallons of boiling water. The drain pipe from the kitchen sink may sometimes need a stronger cleanser, even if it is thoroughly cleaned and flushed, after each dishwashing, and for this purpose caustic potash is efficacious, but must be used carefully—the hands must be protected and the potash must not be allowed to touch porcelain or porcelain-lined sinks, because it may destroy the glaze. One pound of crystals dissolved in two quarts of water should be poured down the drain. About half an hour later the pipe should be flushed with clear water. Caustic soda, although sometimes recommended, is not desirable, because it is likely to unite with the grease and form a hard soap, that is difficult to remove from the pipes.

Fine scourers may be used on all fixtures. For porcelain and enameled-iron fixtures kerosene and whiting are especially good; the kerosene cuts the grease and the whiting supplies the abrasion. Some of the commercial cleaning preparations used for enameled and porcelain fixtures contain scourers so gritty that they scratch the surface, and thus make the work of cleaning gradually harder. Nothing coarser than whiting should be allowed.

Should Be Cleaned Daily.

Bathroom fixtures should be cleaned daily. Tubs and bowls should be scrubbed with a fine scourer or with water containing a little kerosene, rinsed with clear hot water and wiped dry. The stains made by water containing an excess of iron may be removed from porcelain or porcelain-lined tubs and bowls with oxalic acid solution, which is a poison and must be entirely washed off. The overflow pipes should be flushed occasionally with hot water, for dirt and grease are likely to collect and decompose there.

The water-closet should be kept scrupulously clean. A daily cleaning is necessary with hot soapsuds or soda solution, and a long-haired brush, and flushed again. Then the seat, the cover, the chain, and the handle should be washed and wiped. All cloths and utensils used in cleaning the bathroom should be scalded and dried, preferably in the open air.

The crust of lime which is sometimes deposited by hard water can be

OLD SHEET USEFUL ON FLOOR

Tacked Over Rug or Carpet It Will Catch Miscellaneous Threads and Little Scraps.

When sewing in a room with a carpet or large rug on the floor, an old sheet tacked over the working place will catch threads and scraps. It is quickly and easily taken up when the work for the day is finished and makes sweeping and dusting unnecessary.

removed from porcelain and porcelain-lined fixtures with hydrochloric acid. This acid is very poisonous and is also injurious to the skin and to many materials, including the metals used in plumbing. It must, therefore, be handled with extreme care. Gloves should be worn when using it. To clean the bowl of a closet, ball out as much water as possible, pour in about a pint of commercial hydrochloric acid (sometimes called muriatic acid), and let this stand for several hours, or until the crust crumbles when poked with a stick. Then flush with a large quantity of water. The water in the tank is not enough; more must be poured in by hand in order to dilute the acid and carry it away rapidly. In a porcelain-lined sink or bathtub the acid must not be allowed to stand on the soiled earthenware, because it may get through to the metal underneath and eat that away. It must, therefore, be applied drop by drop to the lime and flushed out with plenty of water as soon as the crust begins to crumble when pressed.

SUBSTITUTE FLOURS FOR MAKING BREADS

People Tire of Wheat Served Three Times Daily.

Corn Meal, Pecan, Hickory or English Walnuts Cut Into Small Pieces and Other Cereals Are Useful to Break Monotony.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Wheat bread served three times a day is apt to grow tiresome if not varied by bread made from other cereals. The following recipes are recommended by the home economics kitchen of the United States Department of Agriculture:

Brown Bread.
3 cupfuls corn meal, 1 teaspoonful salt, 1 cupful flour, 2 cupfuls water, 3 teaspoonfuls baking powder, 1 cupful molasses.

Mix the dry ingredients and add the molasses and the water. Pour the mixture into a greased coffee can or steaming tin, steam it for two hours, and then bake in a moderate oven for one-half hour.

Nut Bread.
3 cupfuls flour, 1 cupful English walnuts or pecan nuts, cut into small pieces, 1 cupful sugar, 1 egg, 3 cupfuls milk, 1 cupful salt.

Sift together the flour, the baking powder, the salt, and the sugar, and add the milk, the egg, well beaten, and the nut meats. Place the mixture in a well-buttered pan and let rise for one hour. Bake for three-fourths hour in a moderate oven.

Rolled Oats and Wheat Bread.

1 1/2 cupfuls liquid cake yeast, 1/2 cupful milk, water, 1/2 cupful sugar or corn syrup, 1/2 cupful freshly mashed potato, 3/4 cupful wheat flour, 2 teaspoonfuls salt, 1 1/2 cupfuls ground rolled oats.

Make a sponge of all the ingredients except the rolled oats, and let it rise in a warm place until very light. Add the rolled oats, which have been ground fine in the food chopper and measured after grinding. Let the dough rise until it doubles in bulk, then knead and mold it into a loaf, brush with melted fat after it has been placed in a pan, and allow it to double in bulk again. Bake in a hot oven for 1 1/4 hours.

IRONING DRUDGERY REDUCED

Use Clean, Smooth Irons and Have Well-Padded Board or Table at Comfortable Height.

Have a clean, well-padded board or table set at comfortable height.

Use clean, smooth irons. Rubbing them occasionally with wax or paraffin will keep them in good condition. Rusty or dirty irons should be secured with sand soap or bath brick, washed, wiped dry, heated, waxed and rubbed smooth.

Have clothes evenly dampened and smoothly and tightly rolled.

Iron fabrics with the lengthwise thread, if possible, and iron as large a space at one time as possible. Most materials look best if ironed thoroughly dry.

Iron first the parts that dry out quickly and that will hang off the board when finished.

For silks, woolsens and colored materials use medium-hot irons. Iron all these materials on the wrong side, except aprons and children's dresses that need a smooth surface to keep clean longer. Silks and woolsens may be ironed on the right side if covered with dampened cheesecloth, say household specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture.



OF INTEREST TO THE HOUSEWIFE

Pineapples aid digestion and should be eaten after meals.

Try using a long-handled oiled mop for cleaning your car.

Never add sugar to waffle batter. Serve with sugar or sirup.

In making a white cake, substitute two egg whites for a yolk.

When washing keep a stiff vegetable brush handy to use on dirty neckbands, wristbands.

After washing raisins or currants dry them between towels or in the sun.

Stale cake can be sliced very thin and used to line a mold for a gelatin mixture.

When brown stock is needed and none is handy, dissolve a little meat extract in water and use instead.

It is better not to keep print butter in the paper or cardboard containers after it has been once opened.

AN AMERICAN GIBRALTAR



Town and Harbor of Charlotte Amalie.

(Prepared by the National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C.)

The Virgin Islands, bought by the United States from Denmark in 1917, to which American marines recently started to fly from Washington are interesting and worthy of consideration not only because of their eventful history but also because they have figured in many diplomatic negotiations and because of their strategic importance to the United States in relation to the Panama canal.

That this group of about fifty islands, only three of which are big enough to have a name on any but hydrographic charts and local maps, and the biggest of which one could walk around in nine hours seems important to our government may be judged by the price it paid for them. We gave less than two cents an acre for Alaska, less than three cents an acre for California, Nevada, Colorado and Utah, less than 14 cents an acre for Florida, and under 27 cents an acre for the Philippines. Even for the Canal Zone we paid but \$35.88 per acre. Yet the \$25,000,000 for the group we paid Denmark figures out more than \$295 per acre for her holdings.

Authorities have disagreed as to the area of the islands. Even as to the three main islands—St. Thomas, St. John and St. Croix—there is no agreement upon the question of area. In order to get a definite statement as to their size, planimeter measurements of them were made on hydrographic charts in the offices of the National Geographic Society, and they show that St. Thomas is 28.25 square miles in area, St. Croix 84.25 square miles, and St. John 19.97 square miles, making a total of 132.47 square miles for the three islands. Some authorities give the area as 138 square miles and others as 142 square miles.

Finest of Harbors.

From the standpoint of the United States, St. Thomas is the most important of the group of islands. This importance arises from the fact that the harbor on the south side of the island, on whose borders the town of Charlotte Amalie is located, is one of the finest in all tropical America. From the days of the buccaneers its strategic advantage has been realized, for when the Spanish Main was the happy hunting ground of the gentlemen of the Black Flag this harbor was their headquarters.

The harbor is completely sheltered. Outside is a roadstead partly protected by an outlying island, which provides anchorage for a great number of ships. At its mouth the harbor is 900 feet wide, and one passes through this narrow neck into a beautiful basin, three-quarters of a mile in diameter, whose waters are seldom disturbed however much the sea beyond may rage. A trade wind blows during the whole year, with the exception of the hurricane months—August, September and October—when it becomes irregular and sometimes ceases to blow altogether. The greatest heat is experienced in August, September and October; but even then it rarely rises above 91 degrees Fahrenheit, while at times it falls as low as 64 degrees.

On three sides of the harbor the mountains and their outlying foothills rise sharply from the water, leaving but a very narrow beach; so that the major portion of the town had to find room for expansion by climbing up the side of the mountain.

Just outside of and above the town are the two old towers, commonly known as Bluebeard's Castle and Blackbeard's Castle. Legend has it that here these daring old buccaneers had their headquarters and played their romantic roles as "the hornets of the Spanish Main"; but history disputes legend, for it says that they were built by the Danish government as a measure of defense in 1689.

Views From the Heights.

By climbing the mountain to Amalio, within easy walking distance of Charlotte Amalie, one can, on a clear day, get a view of Porto Rico, St. Croix, and Bequia. A little farther on one reaches heights where views, unsurpassed in all the Caribbean region, may be had of Porto Rico to the west and the Lesser Antilles to the south.

The West Indian-Panama Telegraph company has a cable office at Charlotte Amalie, and it was from this place that the world got so much of its news during the Spanish-American war, as well as during the Martinique disaster.

St. Croix the Largest.

St. Croix is the largest, richest, and most populous of the three islands. It lies 40 miles south-south-east of St. Thomas, has an area of 84.25 square miles, and a population of approximately 20,000. It has much rich sugar land, more than 16,000 acres being devoted to the crop. It is purely agricultural, with a fine tropical climate, excellent scenery, good roads, and hospitable people. Here, as in the other islands, one hears perhaps more English spoken than any other tongue. The Danes never attempted to interfere with the native preference for English and never made Danish compulsory in the schools.

The island is perhaps more like "United States" than any other territory in the West Indian group. Before the days of Bermuda's ascendancy as a winter resort, and of Palm Beach, the Riviera and other places, many fashionable Americans journeyed to St. Croix to escape the cold. Also the children of the prominent families of St. Croix came to the United States to study, for the St. Croix planter admired America and her straightforward-the-shoulder way of doing things.

A CHEERFUL NOTE

"All things are full of iniquity and vice; more crime is committed than can be remedied by restraint. We struggle in a huge contest of criminality. Daily the passion for sin is greater. The shame in committing it is less." This is not the outcry of one who looks with alarm upon the orgies of the profiteers, the operations of the auto bandits, the greed of landlords, and the pernicious activities of the grafters, gamblers, market manipulators and crooked politicians. It is the philosopher Seneca's description of conditions in Rome 2,000 years ago.

A Hint to the Long-winded.

Among the guests at a dinner party was a clergyman who had a reputation for loquacity. To put matters right, the hostess turned toward him and remarked pleasantly, "Will you say grace, or do you prefer your soup hot?"

Under the Danish regime the governor of the colonies lived in Charlotte Amalie from October 1 to April 1, and in Christiansted, on the island of St. Croix, from April 1 to October 1. He was assisted by a colonial council, consisting of four members nominated by the crown and eleven elected by the people. How well the population was represented may be judged by the statement that out of nearly 11,000 inhabitants, in 1891, only 200 were voters. There was no color line in St. Thomas, or in either of the other islands for that matter, and the larger part of the population is of mixed blood.

The state church was Lutheran, although all others were tolerated. The Catholic and Episcopal congregations are the largest. The former has established a fine school for girls. The Jews have a well-built synagogue, while the Moravians have long been doing an important work among the negroes of the island. The Dutch Reformed and Wesleyan churches have also been engaged in like work.

May Be a Second Gibraltar.

Naval officers declare that St. Thomas possesses advantages enabling it to be converted into a second Gibraltar. The structure of the island, with its long central ridge, having a general elevation of about 1,000 feet, with some points 1,500 feet, is especially fitted for the emplacement of fortifications commanding both shores at the same time, making it extremely difficult for an enemy to approach or obtain a foothold on the island. The elevated ground in the immediate neighborhood of the excellent roadstead makes the question of harbor defense a comparatively easy one. While being near other islands, St. Thomas is practically in the open ocean, and permits entrance and egress of a fleet without being observed.

St. John, the smallest of the three islands, with a good harbor in Coral Bay, is only 8 miles long and 4 miles wide in its broadest part. It has a population of less than 1,000; but it is an island that has done great service to America, for it is from here that come the leaves of the bay tree (Pimenta acris), from which that well-indispensable toilet article for men, bay rum, is prepared. While most of the bay rum is made in St. Thomas, St. John produces most of the raw materials from which it is distilled.

This island once had many logwood trees on it, but they have almost entirely disappeared. Charcoal has long been in demand and the natives use logwood in its manufacture. All of the islands have a striking variety of vegetation, 1,200 species having been counted on St. Thomas, and a proportionate number on St. John and St. Croix. The plantain, banana, sapodilla, bell apple, orange, mango and lemon thrive. Sugar-cane flourishes when cultivated according to modern standards.

Communication between St. Thomas and St. John is maintained by several sloops. One of these has a history of more than a century in active service. It is the Vigilant, which has been in turn, pirate, slave trader and man-of-war. Then she became a prosaic dispatch boat, carrying mail and cargo between the several islands.

St. Croix the Largest.

St. Croix is the largest, richest, and most populous of the three islands. It lies 40 miles south-south-east of St. Thomas, has an area of 84.25 square miles, and a population of approximately 20,000. It has much rich sugar land, more than 16,000 acres being devoted to the crop. It is purely agricultural, with a fine tropical climate, excellent scenery, good roads, and hospitable people. Here, as in the other islands, one hears perhaps more English spoken than any other tongue. The Danes never attempted to interfere with the native preference for English and never made Danish compulsory in the schools.

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Views From the Heights.

Our Daily Bread

By Robert H. Moulton



SELLING BREAD IN PERU



NEW YORK



BY BULGARIA

THE story of bread is more than fifty centuries long. One might almost say that to know the story of bread is to know the story of the world. As far back as history takes us there was wheat. At one time in the remote past, authorities say, wheat was a wild grass, and the theory has been advanced that it is a descendant of "wild emmer," traces of which are found even today among the rocks of upper Galilee, in the vicinity of Mount Hermon.

The large fine grains which now go to make up our daily bread are the result of ages of cultivation and the experiments of innumerable Burebanks, men who made it their work to improve upon the work of Nature. Enough of these grains were gathered from the wheat fields of the United States in 1920 to make something like 750,000,000 bushels.

The average mind cannot conceive of such an enormous quantity of grain measured in this way. But an illustration may make it clearer. These seven hundred million bushels would fill enough freight cars to make one continuous train from New York to San Francisco and back again, with a few hundred miles left over.

The Staff of Life. Bread has rightly been called the staff of life, the staff upon which strong nations lean. And, whereas we have cultivated the taste for some foods now more or less in common use, we did not have to learn to eat wheat—it came as naturally as the drinking of water. Man seems to have been born with a liking for bread, and to eat it once is to desire it ever afterward.

We have heard the title "king" applied to corn, but rightly it belongs to wheat; for wheat contains all the fifteen essential elements of nutrition and there is probably no one other article of food which will carry a man so far or so well.

The people of the United States are naturally great wheat eaters. The average per capita, after the grain has been turned into flour, is five bushels a year. It was in this country that wheat-raising received its mighty impetus through the invention of the reaper by Cyrus McCormick. It was the reaper that made great wheat crops possible and cheap bread a certainty in the United States; and it inevitably followed that we became the greatest eaters of wheat in the world. All other nations followed our methods of cultivation and harvesting, and they, too, came to depend more upon wheat as a food and to raise more of it.

Every Day a Harvest. A writer has truly said that the sun never sets on the harvest fields of the world; in every month of the year wheat is being harvested somewhere. In January it is in the Argentine and New Zealand; in February and March it is in East India, Upper Egypt, and Chile. April finds the work going on in Lower Egypt, Asia Minor, and Mexico. In May the harvesters are busy in Algeria, Central Asia, China, Japan and Texas.

June sees them at work in the fields of Turkey, Spain, Southern France, California, Tennessee, Virginia, Kentucky, Kansas, Utah and Missouri. When July comes the harvest shifts to Northern France, Roumania, Austria-Hungary, Southern Russia, Southern England, Germany, Switzerland, and, in the United States, in Oregon, Nebraska, Southern Minnesota, Wisconsin, Colorado, Washington, the group of central states, New England and Eastern Canada. August, perhaps the quietest month of the year, still finds plenty going on in Holland, Belgium, Great Britain, Denmark, Poland, the Dakotas, and Western Canada. In September the scene shifts

Unlucky Doctor.

The Chinese have a strong sense of humor. This joke, told by a writer in the "Open Court," will bring a smile to almost any face: There was a doctor who understood so little of his profession that every now and then he killed one of his patients. He had a son and a daughter. One day he had sent the son of a family to the other world, and since the family was much dissatisfied he gave them

Old and New.

All that is old is not therefore necessarily excellent; all that is new is not despicable on that account alone. Let what is really meritorious be pronounced so by the candid judge after due investigation; blockheads alone are influenced by the opinion of others.—Hindu Drama.

A Toothsome Exchange.

"Will do your dental work in exchange for young pullets," advertises a dentist.

Good Market For Ginseng

Product is Highly Esteemed in China, and Its Cultivation is Well Worth While.

When a product has no market value for food, medicine or other use in this country it is surprising to find it representing an export value of more than \$2,000,000 a year, with an established market extending back more than half a century.

Ginseng is such a product. American medical authorities have never recognized it as having curative value, but for more than a hundred years its root has been highly esteemed in China, and the 1919 shipments of 282,000 pounds sold at from \$3 to \$23 a pound.

American ginseng was taken to China by early traders, and formed the principal part of the cargo taken by the first American ship that visited China. This ship, the Empress of China, sailed from New York for the celestial empire on February 22, 1784. Decrease in the available quantity of wild ginseng has led many American

Eve of First of May.

The eve of the first of May is known in German legend as Walpurgis night, the Detroit News recalls. Then witches and other workers of evil hold high revel and offer sacrifices to the devil as their lord and master. The scene of their festival in Germany is the Brocken, a famous peak in the Harz mountains, 3,745 feet high. This annual festival was, in the popular belief, conceded to them in recompense

Women on Juries.

According to the act passed in England in 1919, women must serve on juries as well as men. While this is no new idea in this country it has caused a considerable amount of comment in England, and the idea of a "mixed jury" seems particularly abhorrent, especially if the jury fails to agree and "locking up" is necessary. Then there is the possibility of a woman's being summoned to serve on a jury, depriving her husband and family of children of her company and services.

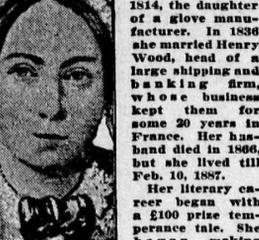
Hanging Pictures.

A picture should be hung in a room so that its center comes just on a level with a person of average height.

CONDENSED CLASSICS EAST LYNNE

By MRS. HENRY WOOD

Condensation by Mrs. Ruth H. Frost, Worcester, Mass.



Ellen Price was born at Worcester, England, Jan. 17, 1814, the daughter of a glove manufacturer. In 1836 she married Henry Wood, head of a large shipping and banking firm, whose business kept them for some 20 years in France. Her husband died in 1866, but she lived till Feb. 10, 1887.

Her literary career began with a \$100 prize temperance tale. She began making contributions to Bentley's Miscellany; and in 1867, after her husband's death, she became editor and proprietor of The Argo, in which appeared her later novels. Her first great success was "East Lynne," in 1841, the book by which she is known today. The vogue of the story was enormous; it was translated into several languages, and theatregoers of an older generation in both England and America knew various very successful versions of it. She wrote some forty long novels and many short tales, some of which ranked as "best sellers" long before the invention of that phrase. Her powers ranged from extreme melodrama to the portrayal of every-day life. She was perhaps unduly prized in her day and is unduly appreciated now, but that is the way with best-sellers. "The Shadow of Ashlyde" was her own favorite; her Johnny Ludlow tales are perhaps her most artistic work. "East Lynne," however, is the book her name suggests to readers.

LET a penniless orphan when a timid and sensitive girl of eighteen, the beautiful Lady Isabel Vane found herself at the mercies of an unsympathetic relative. In her innocence she admired a certain frequent visitor at this home—Captain Francis Levison, an unprincipled spendthrift. Beyond heartlessly leading her on to care for him he made no honorable mention of marriage. "Small wonder was it then that she accepted Archibald Carlyle, when that forthright and straightforward country lawyer, the purchaser of her father's estate at East Lynne, took courage because of her distress over her unpleasant surroundings to ask her in marriage.

"I ought to tell you—I must," she confessed to him in hysterical tears. "Though I have said 'yes,' I do not—yet—this has come upon me so by surprise," she stammered. "I like you very much; I esteem and respect you; but I do not yet love you."

"I should wonder if you did," Archibald replied. "But you will let me earn your love, Isabel?"

"Oh, yes," she earnestly answered, "I hope so."

Passively she let him have his first kiss. "My dearest," he said, "it is all I ask."

Six years passed. Life at East Lynne was not all that one might wish for. To be sure Lady Isabel had a most devoted husband and three lovely children. But her happiness was marred by two thorns, of which her husband was quite unaware. Cornelia Carlyle, the domineering and narrow-minded half-sister of Archibald, had stolen her heart against Isabel from the beginning, and made life at East Lynne quite miserable for the poor little inexperienced bride. The second disturbance was the suspicion that her husband loved and was now renewing his love for Barbara Hare, the daughter of the neighborhood justice. Incited by the idle gossip of servants, this suspicion grew into jealousy.

It was true that Archibald seemed to have many meetings with the pretty Barbara—but how was poor Lady Isabel to know that in reality these meetings concerned only private business of a professional nature? Barbara Hare had a brother, Richard, who years before had been accused of murder. Her mother was an invalid, and her stubborn, unforgiving father would hear naught of the son who had disgraced him. Barbara's secret meetings with her exiled brother had convinced her of his innocence. Her one recourse, when implored by Richard to seek help in finding the real criminal, was to confide in their old family friend, Archibald Carlyle.

Always delicate in health and worried sick over her imagined troubles, Lady Isabel was finally persuaded by her physician to go to the French coast for a change of air and scenery. The autocratic Cornelia forbade her being accompanied by the children. Lady Isabel was looking forward to a lonely fortnight before her husband was to join her, when she chanced to meet Francis Levison, exiled to the continent because of his debts in England. Bewildered when she began to realize that she still had that indefinable, involuntary feeling toward him, she was yet completely fascinated, as in the old days before her marriage. She would have given all she possessed to overcome this attraction. Courage failed her to confide all in her husband.

Full of sophistries as before, the unscrupulous Captain Levison compelled her to listen to him. "The past is gone," he said; "but if ever two people

Take Care of Good Books.

At spring cleaning time every book should be dusted separately and a fine, soft brush whisked in all the crevices where dust may lodge. Keep in the library, also, some transparent adhesive tape and a pair of sharp scissors; you can mend a torn magazine cover in a jiffy, or a book page that someone has torn. You can mend with the adhesive tape, pages of music, and can straighten out bent corners of playing cards, putting a tiny section of the tape under the corner.

Interested.

"The descendants of this old family, in selling some heirlooms, sold a punch ladle once used in pouring a glass of punch for General Washington."

were formed to love each other you and I were Isabel. I would have declared myself, had I dared, but my uncertain position—my debts—well, I never knew how passionately I loved you until you became the wife of another. Isabel, I love you passionately still."

Lady Isabel felt it her duty to repel his advances, but there still remained that undercurrent of feeling for him that she could not comprehend. Fearful lest she betray herself, she dismissed him abruptly, sent for her husband to take her home, and made a pitiful attempt to drive all thoughts of Francis Levison from her mind.

It was well-nigh impossible. Her plans to forget him were completely frustrated when her generous husband, innocently enough, merely thinking to repay Captain Levison for his kind attentions to Lady Isabel on the French coast, invited that profligate to East Lynne as a place of shelter where he might be safe from his creditors until something could be arranged.

Like a serpent Levison boldly took every occasion to whisper into Lady Isabel's ears all the meetings that he spied between her husband and Barbara Hare. Under a misapprehension that her husband was giving his love to Barbara and frantic with the jealous belief that the two were uniting to deceive her, Lady Isabel finally yielded to Levison's pleadings and eloped with him.

No sooner had she taken the fatal step than she was filled with remorse. Almost immediately she discovered the true character of this insincere rake for whom she had given up her all. In a year he deserted her, leaving her unborn child nameless.

Too proud to accept help from relatives, she decided to become a governess. When she chanced to hear of the opportunity to return to East Lynne as the governess to her own children she could not withstand the temptation, so great was her longing to see them again. It was a desperate chance to take, for she might be recognized, though illness and the railroad accident which had killed her child had altered her entirely. Her disguise was complete, as, heart-sick, she rode again along the familiar road toward East Lynne. When the dear old house loomed up before her, its gay and cheerily lighted windows a contrast to her own downcast spirits, she began to wish she had never undertaken the project. But for the sake of seeing her own children again she would have turned back. Her fears of being recognized were allayed when she saw that no one suspected for a moment that the gray, saddened and disfigured "Madame Vine" was Lady Isabel.

East Lynne had a new mistress now—none other than her fancied rival of old, Barbara Hare. Not until she realized for the first time that Archibald's love could no longer be hers did Isabel feel an intensity of love for him that she had never experienced as his wife. And yet she became almost happy again in winning the affection of her children, though her joy in being with them was tempered with sorrow in caring for delicate little William, her second born, knowing as she did that he could not long be with them.

Events moved along fast. There came the time when Francis Levison, returning to West Lynne to seek election to parliament, only to be defeated by Carlyle, was convicted of the crime which had overshadowed Richard Hare for so many years. At East Lynne, after the death of little William, a sudden illness came upon Lady Isabel. When she realized that she was falling rapidly she begged upon her deathbed to be allowed to see Archibald Carlyle.

"I could not die without your forgiveness," she murmured. "Do not turn from me! Bear with me one little minute! Only say you forgive me, and I shall die in peace."

"Isabel! Are you—were you—Madame Vine?"

"Oh, forgive me for disgracing your home! And forgive me for coming back! I could not stay away from you and my children! The longing for you was killing me. I never knew a moment's peace after the mad act I was guilty of in quitting you. Not an hour had I departed when my repentance set in. Oh, forgive me! My sin was great, but my punishment was greater."

"Why did you go?"

"Did you not know? I grew suspicious of you. I thought you were deceitful, and in my sore jealousy I listened to the tempting of him who whispered to me of revenge. It was not true, was it?" she feverishly asked.

"Can you suggest such a thing, knowing me as you did then, as you must have since? Isabel, I never was false to you in thought, word or deed. Yes, I forgive you, fully, freely. May God bless you and take you to his rest in heaven!"

She raised her head from the pillow and clung to his arm, lifting her face with its sad yearning. Tenderly he laid her down again and suffered his lips to rest on hers.

"Until eternity," he whispered.

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"Well, well!"

"And it brought \$1,000."

"Any punch left?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

HOME TOWN HELPS

TREES GIVEN EXPERT CARE

Body of Public-Spirited Los Angeles Men Recognizes the Importance of the Work.

Recognizing that the average citizen, or average laboring man, knows little or nothing about moving trees, a group of Los Angeles men have organized a company which has for its purpose the transplanting of trees, and the removal of trees and stumps about the city.

The tree and stump company is a decidedly mobile organization. Its men travel in automobiles, carrying their tools and tree-moving machinery in trailers behind the cars. Thus equipped they are prepared to go quickly to any location about the city wherever their services are required.

The mechanical appliances of tree transplanting, and tree and stump removal, are few and simple. There is an abundance of block-and-tackle equipment for the handling of large, heavy trees, and a compact windlass of special design is used for pulling trees out by the roots.

When a tree is merely to be removed, a stream of water played from a hose is used to dislodge the earth from the roots. If the tree has to be moved any great distance, heavy wire netting is wrapped about the roots to hold the earth intact. This is then re-enforced with rope, and the tree is jacked onto roller dollies for transportation. At its new location the wire netting is removed, and blocks and tackle are used to hoist it into position.—John Edwin Hogg in Popular Mechanics Magazine.

NEWCOMERS WANT TO KNOW

Questions Intending Residents Will Ask Before They Decide on Locating in Any Town.

Questions that people ask about four towns before they decide to make it their town:

Attractiveness: Shall I like the town—its "atmosphere"? Does it have the beauty of shaded streets and other beautiful features? Is it a quiet, roomy, airy, well-lighted town? Does it have attractive public buildings and homes? Is it well paved? Is it clean in every sense?

Healthfulness: Will my family and I have a reasonable chance to keep well in that town? How about its water supply? Its sanitary system? Its methods of milk inspection? Its health department? Its hospitals? Is it without any congested district?

Education: Can I educate my family and myself in that town? How about its public schools—present and future? Its institutions of higher education or of business training? Its libraries? Its lecture and concert courses? Its newspapers? Its postal facilities?

People: Shall I like the people of the town? Are they "home folks" without false exclusiveness? Are they neighborly and friendly? Is the town free from factionalism?

Recreation: Can I have a good time in that town—and my family? How about the theaters, museums, gymnasiums, parks, etc.? Are inviting opportunities for pleasure drives afforded by well paved streets?—L. N. Flint, Department of Journalism, University of Kansas.

Railroads to Plant Trees.

A tree planting campaign will be started all along the Rock Island line, the American Forestry association announces. The plans as worked out include tree planting suggestions and beautification plans for the stations and the homes of the employees of that railroad. The Rock Island Magazine, the association says, will announce the outline of the work in the next issue of that publication which goes to all its workers. "This is one of the most constructive programs yet presented," said Charles Lathrop Pack, president of the American Forestry association. "The plans hook up with our educational campaign for studying trees now being introduced in the schools through our national referendum for the choice of a tree most typical of America. The association will send free tree-planting instructions to any who ask."

For Memorial Parks.

Members of Company C, 104th Engineers, are planning a memorial tree planting in Stacy Park, Trenton, New Jersey. A tablet is to be erected in the center of a cluster of six oak trees, to be planted to mark the memory of the six Trenton members of the organization who were killed in action, says the American Forestry Magazine. Another planting of 180 oak trees along the Lincoln highway is also arranged for, to perpetuate the memory of the 180 soldiers of Trenton and Mercer county, who died in the war. The American Forestry Association is registering all memorial trees in a national honor roll.

Had Done That.

"I'm not quite sure about your washing machine. Will you demonstrate it again?"

"No, madam. We only do one week's 'washing.'"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Many Missing.

Every year no fewer than 30,000 persons are reported missing in London alone. Some of them are never seen nor heard of again; others, after weeks or months of absence, return and take up the threads of their former life as if they had never left it.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Is No Fool.

The man who never talks of the great things he is going to do never has to explain afterward why he didn't do them.—Boston Transcript.

CAP and BELLS



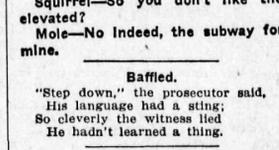
FAIR WARNING.

"You have appendicitis, sir," said the eminent specialist.

"But, doctor," protested the patient, "I'm a poor man."

"Itch or poor, your appendix must come out."

"All right, doctor. Go ahead and operate, but when you get an appendix out if it looks to you like a new motorcar, I'll tell you in advance that you will be the victim of an optical illusion."—Minneapolis Tribune.



JUST SUITS HIM

Squirrel—So you don't like the elevated?

Moie—No indeed, the subway for mine.

Baffled.

"Step down," the prosecutor said. His language had a sting; so cleverly the witness lied. He hadn't learned a thing.

Individualism.

"I understand you called on the citizens of Crimmon Gulch to disarm."

"Yes," replied Cactus Joe. "The idea met with great applause."

"Has anybody disarmed?"

"Not yet. While us populace agreed collectively that it was a great scheme, individually everyone of the boys said he'd like to see anybody who was man enough to take his gun away from him."

Significant Brevities.

"I suppose you are prepared to deliver some great speeches."

"Not long ones," replied Senator Sorghum. "One word may decide the future of a man in my position. Everything depends on whether you know just when to say 'Aye' and when to say 'No.'"

Expectancies.

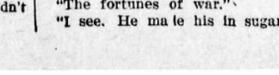
"Your constituents expect a great deal of you."

"Yes," replied Senator Sorghum. "Expectation properly managed is an asset. My success in politics is due to the fact that while I was often compelled to disappoint my friends I always managed to keep 'em hopeful."

Right!

Young Multirox—I'll never forget the time I proposed to you.

Miss Malchance—Right, old dear! I don't intend to let you forget it.



NO AMUSEMENT FOR HER

Hubby: It's a wonder you don't get a ouija board.

Wifey (working from morning until night): Not! It looks too much like a flatiron.

Away With Him.

I do not care for Ezra Swatt. He is all bluff and blow. And though he claims to know a lot, it mostly isn't so.

Great Help.

When at a loss for a snappy or intelligent rejoinder, say: "Oh, boy." It is a great conversational help, especially when you're talking with a girl.

Against the Rules.

"The movie play had a new plot."

"Ah, g'wan."

"Why, there are new plots."

"That may be; but they don't use 'em in the movies."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

No Wonder.

Friend—Why don't you paint your father in a striking attitude?

Artist—No, it wouldn't do—it would recall painful sessions in the woodshed.

The Gum-Chewing Steno.

"What's the matter—didn't the new stenographer stick?"

"No—but her gum did. It's still parked here and there all over the office, as the boss seems to have discovered, because of which she was canned."

Fortunes of War.

"What is Flubdub holding forth about?"

"The fortunes of war."

"I see. He ma le his in sugar."

CENT-A-WORD COLUMN
No Advertisement inserted in this Column for less than 25 cents

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Power Garvey 2 ft. long, 7 1/2 h. p. Mianus engine. Full equipment. In good condition. Caleb Luker, Tuckerton. 1tp.

FOR SALE—Cabin cruiser 28-ft. long, 8 ft. beam, 8 h. p. Eagle 4-cycle engine. All in good order and just overhauled. Apply to Chas. Murray, Tuckerton. 2tp. 2-2

FOR SALE—Baby coach. Apply to Mrs. Granville M. Price, Tuckerton.

FOR SALE—3 spark plug coils, 2 Shebler carburetors; one 18 x 20 propeller. Apply to J. W. Horner, Tuckerton. 5-5tf

FOR SALE—5 h. p. Harley-Davidson Motorcycle. Apply to Earl Cramer, New Gretna. 3-10 tf

FOR SALE—6 to 8 weeks old pigs at \$5.00 each. Good stock Wm. Gray, New Gretna, N. J. Phone Tuckerton 39-R 21.

FOR SALE—Used Ford Touring Car. Apply to Carlton Garage.

WANTED

WANTED—NURSE for middle of July. Reply "Nurse," Beacon Office. 5-26tf.

OPEN TO BUY HOUSE for cash in Barnegat. State full particulars. H. C. Westerhouse, Cor. State & 15th sts., Flushing, L. I. 1tp.

FARM WANTED—Owner of a farm or good land for sale address, L. Jones, Box 551, Olney, Ill. 1tp.

BOARDING

Comfortable country home. All conveniences, bath, hot and cold water. For particulars call or write Mrs. Frank Gifford, West Main street, Tuckerton.

Walter Atkinson
AUTOMOBILE LINE

between
TUCKERTON
and
ATLANTIC CITY
Effective Saturday, May 21, 1921

The Walter Atkinson Auto Stage Line between Tuckerton and Atlantic City will run on the following schedule until further notice:

Leave Tuckerton daily . . . 7.15 A. M.
Leave Tuckerton daily . . . 1.30 P. M.
Leave Atlantic City daily 9.30 A. M.
Leave Atlantic City daily 3.30 P. M.
Leave Absecon daily . . . 10.00 A. M.
Leave Absecon daily . . . 4.00 P. M.

SUNDAYS

Leave Tuckerton . . . 7.15 A. M.
Leave Tuckerton . . . 4.00 P. M.
Leave Atlantic City . . . 9.30 A. M.
Leave Atlantic City . . . 5.30 P. M.
Leave Absecon . . . 10.00 A. M.
Leave Absecon . . . 6.00 P. M.

SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY
EVENING SCHEDULE
Effective June 1st, 1921

Auto Stage will run Wednesday and Saturday evenings until further notice as follows:

Leave Tuckerton . . . 6.30 P. M.
Leave Atlantic City . . . 11.30 P. M.
(Virginia Avenue Garage)

WALTER ATKINSON
PHILADELPHIA STAGE LINE
between
TUCKERTON and PHILADELPHIA

Effective June 1st, 1921

The new Atkinson automobile line between Tuckerton and Philadelphia bi-weekly will run on Mondays and Thursdays until further notice as follows:

Every week

Lv. Tuckerton Monday . . . 6 45 A. M.
Lv. Tuckerton Thursday . . . 6 45 A. M.
Leave Camden Ferry . . . 4 00 P. M.

Fare one way . . . \$2.16
Fare, round trip (same day) . . . \$3.25
All persons must come to Main road.

Waiting room in the store of my GARAGE on Main street, opposite The Tuckerton Bank.

Autos to hire for all occasions at special prices. A full line of accessories. Ford parts, oils, greases, tires and hardware at rock bottom prices. PHONE 26

WALTER ATKINSON,
Proprietor.

AN ORDINANCE

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO SEWERS, PROVIDING FOR AND FIXING THE RATES TO BE PAID FOR SEWER SERVICE, THE TIME FOR PAYMENT AND FIXING PENALTY FOR NON-PAYMENT THEREOF.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF THE BOROUGH OF BEACH HAVEN, IN THE COUNTY OF OCEAN AND STATE OF NEW JERSEY:—

SECTION I.

That all buildings having water connections and coming under the regulations of the Board of Health in the Borough of Beach Haven, within the limits of the sewer district, and fronting on any street in said Borough in which a sewer is laid, shall be connected with the sewer system of this Borough and the owner or owners of said buildings are hereby required to have the same connected with said sewer system within thirty days from the date when this ordinance becomes effective, and the construction or maintenance of private cesspools on property within the limits of said sewer district is hereby prohibited.

SECTION II.

Property owners, before connecting with said sewerage system, are hereby required to file an application in writing with the Borough Clerk, specifying the location of the building or buildings to be connected, the character of said buildings and the number of rooms contained therein, and shall pay to the Clerk at the time of filing said application the sum of \$5.00 for a permit for such connection, which permit the said Clerk is hereby authorized and required to issue.

SECTION III.

The owner or owners of all buildings, connected with the sewerage system of the Borough of Beach Haven shall pay the following rates per annum for sewer connections and sewer service, viz:—

Cottages and private residences not exceeding eight rooms, \$8.00 per annum, and for each additional room, 75c per annum. Each apartment in an apartment house to be rated as a cottage with a corresponding number of rooms.

Boarding houses and hotels with twenty or more sleeping rooms for guests, \$15.00 per annum, and \$1.00 additional for each sleeping room whether for the occupancy of guests or other persons, up to and including thirty sleeping rooms, and 75c per annum for each sleeping room in excess of that number.

Meat, fish and provision stores and markets, detached, and not a part of dwelling house, \$10.00 per annum.

Meat, fish and provision stores and markets, where same are a part of dwelling house, \$5.00 in addition to the rate for said dwelling house.

Drug stores with soda fountains, and barber shops detached and not a part of dwelling house or other building connected with sewerage system, \$15.00 per annum.

Drug stores with soda fountain and

barber shops, attached to and forming part of other buildings connected with sewerage system, \$10.00 per annum.

Public restaurants, cafes, saloons and barrooms, detached and not forming part of other buildings connected with sewerage system, \$15.00 per annum.

Public restaurants, cafes, saloons and barrooms, attached to and forming part of other buildings connected with sewerage system, \$10.00 per annum.

Manufacturing plants, special rates to be fixed by Council.

Halls and lodge rooms, \$8.00 per annum.

Banking rooms, \$8.00 per annum.

Public garages, \$8.00 per annum.

Private garages, \$5.00 per annum.

Private stables, with or without carriage wash, \$5.00 per annum.

Livery stables, \$15.00 per annum.

Churches, \$8.00 per annum.

Theatres, music halls and amusement buildings, \$8.00 per annum.

All other buildings, plants or places connected with sewer and not enumerated above, special rates to be fixed by Borough Council upon application.

Minimum rate, \$8.00 per annum.

SECTION IV.

All bills for sewer service shall be due and payable annually in advance on the first day of July in each and every year, and if not paid on the 15th day of July succeeding the date on which said bills are due, a penalty of 5 per cent. of the amount of said bill shall be added on unpaid bills, and if said bill is not paid on the first day of August succeeding the date in which said bill falls due the amount due thereon, including the penalty, shall bear interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, and shall become and remain a lien against the property for which such service is rendered and shall be collectible the same as other delinquent municipal taxes and charges are collectible.

SECTION V.

The fees and charges hereinbefore mentioned and imposed are for the purpose of revenue and all moneys received for fees or charges under this ordinance shall be paid forthwith to the Borough Treasurer for the use of the Borough.

SECTION VI.

This ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its passage, approval and publication as required by law.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the foregoing ordinance was introduced at a regular meeting of the Council of the Borough of Beach Haven, held on the second day of May, A. D. 1921 and that at a regular meeting to be held in the Council Chamber

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NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN that an ordinance, providing for said improvement, of which the foregoing is a true copy, was introduced at an adjourned regular meet-

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is the intention of the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Beach Haven to consider the undertaking of the extension of the sewer system of said Borough on Center Street from Bay Avenue to Pennsylvania Avenue by the construction of the necessary sewer mains and appliances, said improvement to be made at the cost of the Borough at large.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN that an ordinance, providing for said improvement, of which the foregoing is a true copy, was introduced at an adjourned regular meet-

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in the Borough of Beach Haven on the sixth day of June, 1921, at the hour of 8 o'clock in the evening, the said Borough Council will consider the final passage of said ordinance. By order of Borough Council. Dated May 17, 1921.

A. P. KING,
Borough Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE

AN ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR THE EXTENSION OF SEWER MAINS AND THE SUPPLYING OF SEWER SERVICE ON A PORTION OF CENTER STREET IN THE BOROUGH OF BEACH HAVEN.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF THE BOROUGH OF BEACH HAVEN:—

SECTION 1. That the sewer system of this Borough be extended on Center Street from Bay Avenue Westwardly to Pennsylvania Avenue by the construction of the necessary sewer mains and appliances, in accordance with plans and specifications therefor, prepared by the Borough Engineers and duly approved by the Mayor and Council of this Borough.

SECTION 2. That said sewer extensions be made and said mains and appliances laid and constructed at the cost and expense of said Borough.

SECTION 3. That there is hereby appropriated the sum of Three thousand dollars to pay the cost and expense of said proposed work; said sum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be raised by the issuance and sale of temporary improvement notes or permanent bonds of said Borough in such sum or sums, not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of \$3,000, as the Mayor and Council shall hereafter, by appropriate resolutions and proceedings, decide.

This ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its passage, approval and publication as required by law.

A. PAUL KING,
Borough Clerk.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is the intention of the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Beach Haven to consider the undertaking of the extension of the sewer system of said Borough on Center Street from Bay Avenue to Pennsylvania Avenue by the construction of the necessary sewer mains and appliances, said improvement to be made at the cost of the Borough at large.

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ing of Borough Council held on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1921, and that at a regular meeting of said Council to be held at Council Chambers in the Borough of Beach Haven on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1921, at 8 o'clock P. M., Council will consider the under-taking of said improvement and the final passage of said ordinance and at that time and place all persons whose lands may be affected by such improvement or who may be interested therein will be given an opportunity to be heard.

Dated May 18th, 1921.
A. PAUL KING,
Borough Clerk.

MANAHAWKIN

Barton Bennett of Philadelphia, spent Sunday home with his mother, Mrs. Maria Bishop.

Chalkley Howell and wife also Harry Horner, of Woodlawn, spent Sunday in town.

Mrs. Mary A. Shutes entertained her sister, Mrs. Gardetta Willets, of Philadelphia, over the week end.

Clarence Smith, who died in the Cooper Hospital last Wednesday with appendicitis, was buried from the home of his grandmother, Mrs. Mary Pharo. Services were held at the M. E. Church. He leaves a wife, two small children, father, three brothers and three sisters of Philadelphia.

Miss Minnie Courtney of New York, has been spending some time at home with her father, L. A. Courtney.

George Bowen and family were over Sunday visitors in Trenton with relatives.

George Pharo visited his wife at the St. Joseph's hospital on Sunday last and reported her as doing fine.

Mrs. Emma Denzue has returned after being in Beach Haven for a few weeks visiting friends.

Mrs. Susie Lowery came home on Monday evening from the St. Joseph's Hospital, Philadelphia, where she has been under treatment for two weeks.

Her son, Charles, of Washington, D. C., came home with her. She is very much improved in health. We are glad to see her with us again.

Herbert Polhemus and wife also Mrs. Joanna Haven of Osbornville were in town on Sunday calling on relatives.

Joe Tom Cranmer and Jesse Car have each had monuments placed on their lots in the M. E. Cemetery.

George Fisher of Camden was an over Sunday visitor in town.

Mrs. Sarah Ware and daughter of Wilkinsburg were recent visitors with Mrs. Sarah Ware.

William Malsbury is sporting an automobile, purchased of M. L. Cranmer, Mayetta.

Mrs. Sarah Ware has returned after spending a month in Wilkinsburg, much improved in health. We are glad to see her with us again.

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Dated May 18th, 1921.
A. PAUL KING,
Borough Clerk.

FOR SALE

TWO 3/4 TON
HURLBURT TRUCKS
IN GOOD CONDITION
NO USE FOR THEM REASON FOR SELLING

JAMES W. PARKER
Tuckerton, N. J.

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